

Classification of groups generated by 3-state automata over a 2-letter alphabet

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1 Introduction

Automaton groups were formally introduced in the beginning of 1960's [Glu61, Hoř63] but it took a while to realize their importance, utility, and, at the same time, complexity. Among the publications from the first decade of the study of automaton groups let us distinguish [Zar64, Zar65] and the book [GP72].

The first substantial results came only in the 1970's and in the beginning of the 1980's when it was shown in [Ale72, Sus79, Gri80, GS83b] that automaton groups provide examples of finitely generated infinite torsion groups, thus making a contribution to one of the most famous problems in algebra — the General Burnside Problem (more information on all three versions of the problem can be found in [Adi79, Gol68, Gup89, Kos90, Zel91, GL02]). The methods used to study the properties of the examples from [Ale72, Sus79, Gri80] are very different. The methods used in [Ale72] are typical for the theory of finite automata (in fact the provided proof was incorrect; the first correct proof appears in [Mer83] as a combination of the results from [Gri80] and [Mer83], as well as in the third edition of the book [KM82] and in [KAP85]). The exposition in [Sus79] is based on Kalujnin's tableaux coming from his theory of iterated wreath products of cyclic groups of prime order p . The approach in [Gri80] is based on the ideas of self-similarity and contraction. These ideas are apparent both in the proof of the infiniteness and the torsion property of the group. The self-similarity is apparent from the fact that the set of all states of the automaton is used as a generating set for the group (now it is common to call such groups self-similar). The contraction property here means that the length of the elements contracts by a factor bounded away from 1 when one passes to sections. A principal tool introduced in the beginning of the 1980's was the language of actions on rooted

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trees suggested by Gupta and Sidki in [GS83b], which helped tremendously in bringing geometric insight to the subject.

A new indication of the importance of automaton groups came when it was shown that some of them provided the first examples of groups of intermediate growth [Gri83, Gri84, Gri85]. This not only answered the question of J. Milnor [Mil68] about existence of such groups, but also answered a number of other questions in and around group theory, including M. Day's problem [Day57] on existence of amenable but not elementary amenable groups. Basically, even to this day, all known examples of groups of intermediate growth and non-elementary amenable groups are based on automaton groups.

Investigations in the last two decades [Gri84, Gri85, GS83b, GS83a, Lys85, Neu86, Sid87a, Sid87b, Gri89, Roz93, Gri98, Gri99, Gri00, BG00a, BG00b, GZ01, Nek05, GŠ06] show that many automaton groups possess numerous interesting, and sometimes unusual, properties. This includes just infiniteness (the groups constructed in [Gri84, Gri85] as well as in [GS83a] answer a question from [CM82] on new examples of infinite groups with finite quotients), finiteness of width, or more generally polynomial growth of the dimension of the successive quotients in the lower central series [BG00b] (answering a question of E. Zelmanov on classification of groups of finite width), branch properties [Gri84, Neu86, Gri00] (answering some questions of S. Pride and M. Edjvet [Pri80, EP84]), finiteness of the index of maximal subgroups and presence or absence of the congruence property [Per00, Per02] (related to topics in profinite groups), existence of groups with exponential but not uniformly exponential growth [Wil04b, Wil04a, Bar03, Nek07b] (providing an answer to a question of M. Gromov), subgroup separability and conjugacy separability [GW00], further examples of amenable groups but not amenable (or even sub-exponentially amenable) groups [GZ02a, BV05, GNŠ06a], amenability of groups generated by bounded automata [BKN], and so on. The word problem can be solved in contracting self-similar groups by using an extremely effective *branch algorithm* [Gri84, Sav03]. The conjugacy problem can also be solved in many cases [WZ97, Roz98, Leo98, GW00] (in fact we do not know of an example of an automaton group with unsolvable conjugacy problem). In some instances, it is even known that the membership problem is solvable [GW03].

In addition to the formulation of many algebraic properties of groups generated by finite automata, a number of links and applications were discovered during the last decade. This includes asymptotic and spectral properties of the Cayley graphs and Schreier graphs associated to the action on the rooted tree with respect to the set of generators given by the set of states of the automaton. For instance, it is shown in [GZ01] that the discrete Laplacian on the Cayley graph of the Lamplighter group $\mathbb{Z} \ltimes (\mathbb{Z}/2\mathbb{Z})^{\mathbb{Z}}$ has pure point spectrum. This fact was used to answer a question of M. Atiyah on L^2 -Betti numbers of closed manifolds [GLSŽ00]. The methods developed in the study of the spectral properties of Schreier graphs of self-similar groups can be used to construct Laplacians on fractal sets and to study their spectral properties (see [GN07, NT08]).

A new and fruitful direction, bringing further applications of self-similar groups, was established by the introduction of the notions of iterated mon-

odromy groups and limit spaces by V. Nekrashevych. The theory established a link between contracting self-similar groups and the geometry of Julia sets of expanding maps. An example of an application of self-similar groups to holomorphic dynamics is given by the solution (by L. Bartholdi and V. Nekrashevych in [BN06]) of the “twisted rabbit” problem of J. Hubbard. The book [Nek05] provides a comprehensive introduction to this theory.

In many situations automaton groups serve as renorm groups. For instance this happens in the study of classical fractals, in the study of the behavior of dynamical systems [Oli98], and in combinatorics — for example in Hanoi Towers games on k pegs, $k \geq 3$, as observed by Z. Šunić (see [GŠ06]).

There is interest of computer scientists and logicians in automaton groups, since they may be relevant in the solution of important complexity problems (see [RS] for ideas in this direction). Self-similar groups of intermediate growth are mentioned by Wolfram in [Wol02] as examples of “multiway systems” with complex behavior.

Among the major problems in many areas of mathematics are the classification problems. If the objects are given combinatorially then it is naturally to try to classify them first by complexity and then within each complexity class.

A natural complexity parameter in our situation is the pair (m, n) where m is the number of states of the automaton generating the group and n is the cardinality of the alphabet.

There are 64 invertible 2-state automata acting on a 2-letter alphabet, but there are only six non-isomorphic $(2, 2)$ -automaton groups, namely, the trivial group, $\mathbb{Z}/2\mathbb{Z}$, $\mathbb{Z}/2\mathbb{Z} \oplus \mathbb{Z}/2\mathbb{Z}$, \mathbb{Z} , the infinite dihedral group D_∞ , and the lamplighter group $\mathbb{Z} \wr \mathbb{Z}/2\mathbb{Z}$ [GNS00, GŽ01] (more details are given in Theorem 7 below). A classification of semigroups generated by 2-state automata (not necessary invertible) over a 2-letter alphabet is provided by I. Reznikov and V. Sushchanskii [RS02a]. Some examples from this class, including an automaton generating a semigroup of intermediate growth, were studied in the subsequent papers [RS02c, RS02b, BRS06].

It is not known how many pairwise non-isomorphic groups exists for any class (m, n) when either $m > 2$ or $n > 2$. Unfortunately, the number of automata that has to be treated grows super-exponentially with either of the two arguments (there are $m^{mn}(n!)^m$ invertible (m, n) -automata).

Nevertheless, a reasonable task is to consider the problem of classification for small values of m and n and try to classify the $(3, 2)$ -automaton groups and $(2, 3)$ -automaton groups.

Our research group (with some contribution by Y. Vorobets and M. Vorobets) has been working on the problem of classification of $(3, 2)$ -automaton groups for the last four years and most of the obtained results are presented in this article. Our research goals moved in three main directions:

1. Search for new interesting groups and an attempt to use them to solve known problems. An example of such a group is the Basilica group (see automaton [852]). It is the first example of an amenable group (shown in [BV05]) that is not sub-exponentially amenable group (shown in [GŽ02a]).
2. Recognition of already known groups as self-similar groups, and use of the

self-similar structure in finding new results and applications for such groups. As examples we can mention the free group of rank 3 (see automaton [2240]), the free product of three copies of $\mathbb{Z}/2\mathbb{Z}$ (see automaton [846]), Baumslag-Solitar groups $BS(1, \pm 3)$ (see automata [870] and [2294]), the Klein bottle group (see automaton [2212]), and the group of orientation preserving automorphisms of the 2-dimensional integer lattice (see automaton [2229]).

3. Understanding of typical phenomena that occur for various classes of automaton groups, formulation and proofs of reasonable conjectures about the structure of self-similar groups.

The main general results on the class of groups generated by $(3, 2)$ -automata are as follows.

Theorem 1. *There are at most 122 non-isomorphic groups generated by $(3, 2)$ -automata.*

The numbers in brackets in the next two theorems are references to the numbers of the corresponding automata (more on this encoding will be said later). Here and thereafter, C_n denotes the cyclic group of order n .

Theorem 2. *There are 6 finite groups in the class: the trivial group $\{1\}$ [1], C_2 [1090], $C_2 \times C_2$ [730], D_4 [847], $C_2 \times C_2 \times C_2$ [802] and $D_4 \times C_2$ [748].*

Theorem 3. *There are 6 abelian groups in the class: the trivial group $\{1\}$ [1], C_2 [1090], $C_2 \times C_2$ [730], $C_2 \times C_2 \times C_2$ [802], \mathbb{Z} [731] and \mathbb{Z}^2 [771].*

Theorem 4. *The only nonabelian free group in the class is the free group of rank 3 generated by the Aleshin-Vorobets-Vorobets automaton [2240].*

Theorem 5. *There are no infinite torsion groups in the class.*

The short list of general results does not give full justice to the work that has been done. Namely, in most individual cases we have provided a lot of results and detailed information for the group in question. The variety is rather extreme and it is not surprising at all that one cannot formulate too many general results.

More work and, likely, some new invariants are required to further distinguish the 122 groups that are listed in this paper as potentially non-isomorphic. In some cases one could try to use the rigidity of actions on rooted trees (see [LN02]), since in many cases it is easier to distinguish actions than groups. In the contracting case one could use, for instance, the geometry of the Schreier graphs and limit spaces to distinguish the actions.

Next natural step would be to consider the case of $(2, 3)$ -automaton groups or 2-generated self-similar groups of binary tree automorphisms defined by recursions in which every section is either trivial, a generator, or an inverse of a generator. The cases $(4, 2)$ and $(5, 2)$ also seem to be attractive, as there are many remarkable groups in these classes.

Another possible direction is to study more carefully only certain classes of automata (such as the classical linear automata, bounded and polynomially

growing automata in the sense of Sidki [Sid00], etc.) and the properties of the corresponding automaton groups.

Many computations used in our work were performed by the package `AutomGrp` for `GAP` system, developed by Y. Muntyan and D. Savchuk [MS08]. The package is not specific to $(3, 2)$ -automaton groups (in fact, many functions are implemented also for groups of tree automorphisms that are not necessarily generated by automata).

2 Regular rooted trees, automorphisms, and self-similarity

Let X be an alphabet on d ($d \geq 2$) letters. Most often we set $X = \{0, 1, \dots, d-1\}$. The set of finite words over X , denote by X^* , has the structure of a *regular rooted d -ary tree*, which we also denote by X^* . The empty word \emptyset is the *root* of the tree and every vertex v has d children, namely the words vx , for x in X . The words of length n constitute *level n* in the tree.

The group of tree automorphisms of X^* is denoted by $\text{Aut}(X^*)$. Tree automorphisms are precisely the permutations of the vertices that fix the root and preserve the levels of the tree. Every automorphism f of X^* can be decomposed as

$$f = \alpha_f(f_0, \dots, f_{d-1}) \quad (1)$$

where f_x , for x in X , are automorphisms of X^* and α_f is a permutation of the set X . The permutation α_f is called the *root permutation* of f and the automorphisms f_x (denoted also by $f|_x$), x in X , are called *sections* of f . The permutation α_f describes the action of f on the first letter of every word, while the automorphism f_x , for x in X , describes the action of f on the tail of the words in the subtree xX^* , consisting of the words in X^* that start with x . Thus the equality (1) describes the action of f through decomposition into two steps. In the first step the d -tuple (f_0, \dots, f_{d-1}) acts on the d subtrees hanging below the root, and then the permutation α_f , permutes these d subtrees. Thus we have

$$f(xw) = \alpha_f(x)f_x(w), \quad (2)$$

for x in X and w in X^* . Second level sections of f are defined as the sections of the sections of f , i.e., $f_{xy} = (f_x)_y$, for $x, y \in X$, and more generally, for a word u in X^* and a letter x in X the section of f at ux is defined as $f_{ux} = (f_u)_x$, while the section of f at the root is f itself.

The group $\text{Aut}(X^*)$ decomposes algebraically as

$$\text{Aut}(X^*) = \text{Sym}(X) \ltimes \text{Aut}(X^*)^X = \text{Sym}(X) \wr \text{Aut}(X^*), \quad (3)$$

where \wr is the *permutational wreath product* in which the active group $\text{Sym}(X)$ permutes the coordinates of $\text{Aut}(X^*)^X = (\text{Aut}(X^*), \dots, \text{Aut}(X^*))$. For arbitrary automorphisms f and g in $\text{Aut}(X^*)$ we have

$$\alpha_f(f_0, \dots, f_{d-1})\alpha_g(g_0, \dots, g_{d-1}) = \alpha_f\alpha_g(f_{g(0)}g_0, \dots, f_{g(d-1)}g_{d-1}).$$

For future use we note the following formula regarding the sections of a composition of tree automorphisms. For tree automorphisms f and g and a vertex u in X^* ,

$$(fg)_u = f_{g(u)}g_u. \quad (4)$$

The group of tree automorphisms $\text{Aut}(X^*)$ is a pro-finite group. Namely, $\text{Aut}(X^*)$ has the structure of an infinitely iterated wreath product

$$\text{Aut}(X^*) = \text{Sym}(X) \wr (\text{Sym}(X) \wr (\text{Sym}(X) \wr \dots))$$

of the finite group $\text{Sym}(X)$ (this follows from (3)). This product is the inverse limit of the sequence of finitely iterated wreath products of the form $\text{Sym}(X) \wr (\text{Sym}(X) \wr (\text{Sym}(X) \wr \dots \wr \text{Sym}(X)))$. Every subgroup of $\text{Aut}(X^*)$ is residually finite. A canonical sequence of normal subgroups of finite index intersecting trivially is the sequence of level stabilizers. The n -th *level stabilizer* of a group G of tree automorphisms is the subgroup $\text{Stab}_G(n)$ of $\text{Aut}(X^*)$ that consists of all tree automorphisms in G that fix the vertices in the tree X^* up to and including level n .

The *boundary* of the tree X^* is the set X^ω of right infinite words over X (infinite geodesic rays in X^* connecting the root to “infinity”). The boundary has a natural structure of a metric space in which two infinite words are close if they agree on long finite prefixes. More precisely, for two distinct rays ξ and ζ , define the distance to be $d(\xi, \zeta) = 1/2^{|\xi \wedge \zeta|}$, where $|\xi \wedge \zeta|$ denotes the length of the longest common prefix $\xi \wedge \zeta$ of ξ and ζ . The induced topology on X^ω is the Tychonoff product topology (with X discrete), and X^ω is a Cantor set. The group of isometries $\text{Isom}(X^\omega)$ and the group of tree automorphisms $\text{Aut}(X^*)$ are canonically isomorphic. Namely, the action of the automorphism group $\text{Aut}(X^*)$ can be extended to an isometric action on X^ω , simply by declaring that (1) and (2) are valid for right infinite words.

We now turn to the concept of self-similarity. The tree X^* is a highly self-similar object (the subtree uX^* consisting of words with prefix u is canonically isomorphic to the whole tree) and we are interested in groups of tree automorphisms in which this self-similarity structure is reflected.

Definition 1. A group G of tree automorphisms is *self-similar* if, every section of every automorphism in G is an element of G .

Equivalently, self-similarity can be expressed as follows. A group G of tree automorphisms is self-similar if, for every g in G and a letter x in X , there exists a letter y in X and an element h in G such that

$$g(xw) = yh(w),$$

for all words w over X .

Self-replicating groups constitute a special class of self-similar groups. Examples from this class are very common in applications. A self-similar group G is *self-replicating* if, for every vertex u in X^* , the homomorphism $\varphi_u : \text{Stab}_G(u) \rightarrow G$ from the stabilizer of the vertex u in G to G , given by $\varphi(g) = g_u$, is surjective.

At the end of the section, let us mention the class of *branch groups*. Branch groups were introduced [Gri00] where it is shown that they constitute one of the three classes of just-infinite groups (infinite groups with no proper, infinite, homomorphic images). If a class of groups \mathcal{C} is closed under homomorphic images and if it contains infinite, finitely generated examples then it contains just-infinite examples (this is because every infinite, finitely generated group has a just-infinite image). Such examples are minimal infinite examples in \mathcal{C} . We note that, for example, the group of intermediate growth constructed in [Gri80] is a branch automaton group that is a just-infinite 2-group. i.e., it is an infinite, finitely generated, torsion group that has no proper infinite quotients. The Hanoi Towers group [GŠ07] is a branch group that is not just infinite [GNŠ06b]. The iterated monodromy group $IMG(z^2 + i)$ [GSŠ07] is a branch groups, while $\mathcal{B} = IMG(z^2 - 1)$ is not a branch group, but only weakly branch. More generally, it is shown in [BN07] that the iterated monodromy groups of post-critically finite quadratic maps are branch groups in the pre-periodic case and weakly branch groups in the periodic case (the case refers to the type of post-critical behavior).

We now define regular (weakly) branch groups. A level transitive group $G \leq \text{Aut}(X^*)$ of k -ary tree automorphisms is a *regular branch group* over K if K is a normal subgroup of finite index in G such that $K \times \cdots \times K$ is geometrically contained in K . By definition, the subgroup K has the property that $K \times \cdots \times K$ is geometrically contained in K , denoted by $K \times \cdots \times K \preceq K$, if

$$K \times \cdots \times K \leq \psi(K \cap \text{Stab}_G(1))$$

where ψ is the homomorphism $\psi : \text{Stab}_G(1) \rightarrow \text{Aut}(X^*) \times \cdots \times \text{Aut}(X^*)$ given by $\psi(g) = (g_0, g_1, \dots, g_{k-1})$. If instead of asking for K to have finite index in G we only require that K is nontrivial, we say that G is *regular weakly branch group* over K . Note that if G is level transitive and K is normal in G , in order to show that G is regular (weakly) branch group over K , it is sufficient to show that $K \times 1 \times \cdots \times 1 \preceq K$ (i.e. $K \times 1 \times \cdots \times 1 \leq \psi(K \cap \text{Stab}_G(1))$). More on the class of branch group can be found in [Gri00] and [BGŠ03].

3 Automaton groups

The full group of tree automorphisms $\text{Aut}(X^*)$ is self-similar, since the section of every tree automorphism is just another tree automorphism. However, this group is rather large (uncountable). For various reasons, one may be interested in ways to define (construct) finitely generated self-similar groups. Automaton groups constitute a special class of finitely generated self-similar groups. We provide two ways of thinking about automaton groups. One is through finite wreath recursions and the other through finite automata.

Every finite system of recursive relations of the form

$$\begin{cases} s^{(1)} &= \alpha_1(s_0^{(1)}, s_1^{(1)}, \dots, s_{d-1}^{(1)}), \\ \dots & \\ s^{(k)} &= \alpha_k(s_0^{(k)}, s_1^{(k)}, \dots, s_{d-1}^{(k)}), \end{cases} \quad (5)$$

where each symbol $s_j^{(i)}$, $i = 1, \dots, k$, $j = 0, \dots, d-1$, is a symbol in the set of symbols $\{s^{(1)}, \dots, s^{(k)}\}$ and $\alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_k$ are permutations in $\text{Sym}(X)$, has a unique solution in $\text{Aut}(X^*)$ (in the sense that the above recursive relations represent the decompositions of the tree automorphisms $s^{(1)}, \dots, s^{(k)}$). Thus, the action of the automorphism defined by the symbol $s^{(i)}$ is given recursively by $s^{(i)}(xw) = \alpha_i(x)s_x^{(i)}(w)$.

The group G generated by the automorphisms $s^{(1)}, \dots, s^{(k)}$ is a finitely generated self-similar group of automorphisms of X^* . This follows since sections of products are products of sections (see (4)) and all sections of the generators of G are generators of G .

When a self-similar group is defined by a system of the form (5), we say that it is defined by a *wreath recursion*. We switch now the point of view from wreath recursions to invertible automata.

Definition 2. A *finite automaton* \mathcal{A} is a 4-tuple $\mathcal{A} = (S, X, \pi, \tau)$ where S is a finite set of *states*, X is a finite *alphabet* of cardinality $d \geq 2$, $\pi : S \times X \rightarrow X$ is a map, called *output map*, and $\tau : S \times X \rightarrow S$ is a map, called *transition map*. If in addition, for each state s in S , the restriction $\pi_s : X \rightarrow X$ given by $\pi_s(x) = \pi(s, x)$ is a permutation in $\text{Sym}(X)$, the automaton \mathcal{A} is invertible.

In fact, we will be only concerned with finite invertible automata and, in the rest of the text, we will use the word automaton for such automata.

Each state s of the automaton \mathcal{A} defines a tree automorphism of X^* , which we also denote by s . By definition, the root permutation of the automorphism s (defined by the state s) is the permutation π_s and the section of s at x is $\tau(s, x)$. Therefore

$$s(xw) = \pi_s(x)\tau(s, x)(w) \quad (6)$$

for every state s in S , letter x in X and word w over X .

Definition 3. Given an automaton $\mathcal{A} = (S, X, \pi, \tau)$, the group of tree automorphisms generated by the states of \mathcal{A} is denoted by $G(\mathcal{A})$ and called the *automaton group* defined by \mathcal{A} .

The generating set S of the automaton group $G(\mathcal{A})$ generated by the automaton $\mathcal{A} = (S, X, \pi, \tau)$ is called the *standard* generating set of $G(\mathcal{A})$ and plays a distinguished role.

Directed graphs provide convenient representation of automata. The vertices of the graph, called *Moore diagram* of the automaton $\mathcal{A} = (S, X, \pi, \tau)$, are the states in S . Each state s is labeled by the root permutation $\alpha_s = \pi_s$ and, for each pair $(s, x) \in S \times X$, an edge labeled by x connects s to $s_x = \tau(s, x)$. Several examples are presented in Figure 1. The states of the 5-state automaton in the left half of the figure generate the group \mathcal{G} of intermediate growth mentioned in the introduction (σ denotes the permutation exchanging 0 and 1, and 1 denotes the trivial vertex permutation). The top of the three 2-state automata on the right in Figure 1 is the so called *binary adding machine*, which generates the infinite cyclic group \mathbb{Z} . The other two automata both generate the Lamplighter group $L_2 = \mathbb{Z} \wr \mathbb{Z}/2\mathbb{Z} = \mathbb{Z} \ltimes (\bigoplus \mathbb{Z}/2\mathbb{Z})^{\mathbb{Z}}$ (see [GNS00]).

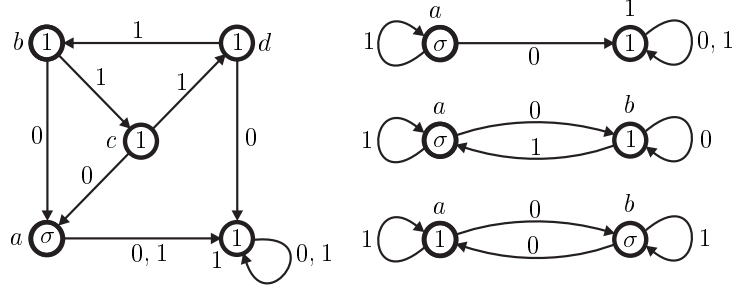


Figure 1: An automaton generating \mathcal{G} , the binary adding machine, and two Lamplighter automata

The corresponding wreath recursions for the adding machine and for the two automata generating the Lamplighter group are given by

$$\begin{array}{lll} a = \sigma(1, a) & a = \sigma(b, a) & a = (b, a) \\ 1 = (1, 1) & b = (b, a), & b = \sigma(a, b) \end{array} \quad (7)$$

respectively.

The class of *polynomially growing automata* was introduced by Sidki in [Sid00]. Sidki proved in [Sid04] that no group generated by such an automaton contains free subgroups of rank 2. As we already indicated in the introduction, for the subclass of so called bounded automata the corresponding groups are amenable [BKN]. Recall that an automaton \mathcal{A} is called *bounded* if, for every state s of \mathcal{A} , the function $f_s(n)$ counting the number of active sections of s at level n is bounded (a state is *active* if its vertex permutation is nontrivial).

There are other classes of automata (and corresponding automaton groups) that deserve special attention. We end the section by mentioning several such classes.

The class of *linear automata* consists of automata in which both the set of states S and the alphabet X have a structure of a vector space (over a finite field) and both the output and the transition function are linear maps (see [GP72] and [Eil76]).

The class of *bi-invertible automata* consists of automata in which both the automaton and its dual are invertible. Some of the automata in our classification are bi-invertible, most notably the Aleshin-Vorobets-Vorobets automaton [2240] generating the free group F_3 of rank 3 and the Bellaterra automaton [846] generating the free product $C_2 * C_2 * C_2$. In fact, both of these have even stronger property of being *fully invertible*. Namely, not only the automaton and its dual are invertible, but also the dual of the inverse automaton is invertible.

Another important class is the class of automata satisfying the *open set* condition. Every automaton in this class contains a *trivial state* (a state defining

the trivial tree automorphism) and this state can be reached from any other state.

One may also study automata that are *strongly connected* (i.e. automata for which the corresponding Moore diagrams are strongly connected as directed graphs), automata in which no path contains more than one active state (such as the automaton defining \mathcal{G} in Figure 1), and so on.

4 Schreier graphs

Let G be a group generated by a finite set S and let G act on a set Y . We denote by $\Gamma = \Gamma(G, S, Y)$ the *Schreier graph* of the action of G on Y . The vertices of Γ are the elements of Y . For every pair (s, y) in $S \times Y$ an edge labeled by s connects y to $s(y)$. An *orbital Schreier graph* of the action is the Schreier graph $\Gamma(G, S, y)$ of the action of G on the G -orbit of y , for some y in Y .

Let G be a group of tree automorphisms of X^* generated by a finite set S . The levels X^n , $n \geq 0$, are invariant under the action of G and we can consider the sequence of finite Schreier graphs $\Gamma_n(G, S) = \Gamma(G, S, X^n)$, $n \geq 0$. Let $\xi = x_1x_2x_3 \dots \in X^\omega$ be an infinite ray. Then the pointed Schreier graphs $(\Gamma_n(G, S), x_1x_2 \dots x_n)$ converge in the local topology (see [Gri84] or [GŻ99]) to the pointed orbital Schreier graph $(\Gamma(G, S, \xi), \xi)$.

Schreier graphs may be sometimes used to compute the spectrum of some operators related to the group. For a group of tree automorphisms G generated by a finite symmetric set S there is a natural unitary representation in the space of bounded linear operators $\mathcal{H} = B(L_2(X^\omega))$, given by $\pi_g(f)(x) = f(g^{-1}x)$ (the measure on the boundary X^ω is just the product measure associated to the uniform measure on X). Consider the spectrum of the operator

$$M = \frac{1}{|S|} \sum_{s \in S} \pi_s$$

corresponding to this unitary representation. The spectrum of M for a self-similar group G is approximated by the spectra of the finite dimensional operators induced by the action of G on the levels of the tree (see [BG00a]). Denote by \mathcal{H}_n the subspace of $\mathcal{H} = B(L_2(X^\omega))$ spanned by the characteristic functions f_v , $v \in X^n$, of the cylindrical sets corresponding to the $|X|^n$ vertices on level n . The subspace \mathcal{H}_n is invariant under the action of G and $\mathcal{H}_n \subset \mathcal{H}_{n+1}$. Denote by $\pi_g^{(n)}$ the restriction of π_g on \mathcal{H}_n . Then, for $n \geq 0$, the operator

$$M_n = \frac{1}{|S|} \sum_{s \in S} \pi_s^{(n)}$$

is finite dimensional. Moreover,

$$sp(M) = \overline{\bigcup_{n \geq 0} sp(M_n)},$$

i.e., the spectra of the operators M_n converge to the spectrum of M .

The table of information provided in Section 8 includes, in each case, the histogram of the spectrum of the operator M_9 .

If P is the stabilizer of a point on the boundary X^ω , then one can consider the quasi-regular representation $\rho_{G/P}$ of G in $\ell^2(G/P)$.

Theorem 6 ([BG00a]). *If G is amenable or the Schreier graph G/P (the Schreier graph of the action of G on the cosets of P) is amenable then the spectrum of M and the spectrum of the quasi-regular representation $\rho_{G/P}$ coincide.*

In case the parabolic subgroup P is “small”, the last result may be used to compute the spectrum of the Markov operator on the Cayley graph of the group. This approach was successfully used, for instance, to compute the spectrum of the Lamplighter group in [GŻ01] (see also [KSS06]).

5 Contracting groups, limit spaces, and iterated monodromy groups

Definition 4. A group G generated by an automaton over alphabet X is *contracting* if there exists a finite subset $\mathcal{N} \subset G$ such that for every $g \in G$ there exists n (generally depending on g) such that section g_v belongs to \mathcal{N} for all words $v \in X^*$ of length at least n . The smallest set \mathcal{N} with this property is called the *nucleus* of the group G .

The above definition makes sense for arbitrary self-similar groups — not necessarily automaton groups and, moreover, not necessarily finitely generated groups. In the case of an automaton group the contracting property may be equivalently stated as follows. An automaton group $G = G(\mathcal{A})$ is contracting if there exist constants κ , C , and N , with $0 \leq \kappa < 1$, such that $|g_v| \leq \kappa|g| + C$, for all vertices v of length at least N and $g \in G$ (the length is measured with respect to the standard generating set S consisting of the states of \mathcal{A}). The contraction property is a key ingredient in many inductive arguments and algorithms involving the decomposition $g = \alpha_g(g_0, \dots, g_{d-1})$. Indeed, the contraction property implies that, for all sufficiently long elements g , all sections of g at vertices on level at least N are strictly shorter than g .

Contracting groups have rich geometric structure. Each contracting group is the iterated monodromy group of its *limit dynamical system*. This system is an (orbispace) self-covering of the *limit space* of the group. The limit space is a limit of the graphs of the action of G on the levels X^n of the tree X^* and is defined in the following way.

Definition 5. Let G be a contracting group over X . Denote by $X^{-\omega}$ the space of all left-infinite sequences $\dots x_2 x_1$ of elements of X with the direct product (Tykhonoff) topology. We say that two sequences $\dots x_2 x_1$ and $\dots y_2 y_1$ are

asymptotically equivalent if there exists a sequences $g_k \in G$, assuming a finite set of values, and such that

$$g_k(x_k \dots x_1) = y_k \dots y_1$$

for all $k \geq 1$. The quotient of the space $X^{-\omega}$ by this equivalence relation is called the *limit space* of G .

The following proposition, proved in [Nek05] (Proposition 3.6.4) is a convenient way to compute the asymptotic equivalence.

Proposition 1. *Let a contracting group G be generated by a finite automaton A . Then the asymptotic equivalence is the equivalence relation generated by the set of pairs $(\dots x_2 x_1, \dots y_2 y_1)$ for which there exists a sequence g_k of states of A such that $g_k(x_k) = y_k$ and $g_k|_{x_k} = g_{k-1}$.*

The limit dynamical system is the map induced by the shift $\dots x_2 x_1 \mapsto \dots x_3 x_2$. The limit space is a compact metrizable topological space of finite topological dimension (see [Nek05], Theorem 3.6.3). If the group is self-replicating, then the limit space is locally connected and path connected.

The main tool of finding the limit space of a contracting group is realization of the group as the iterated monodromy group of an expanding partial orbispace self-covering. An exposition of the theory of such self-coverings is given in [Nek05]. In particular, if G is the iterated monodromy group of a post-critically finite complex rational function, then the limit space of G is homeomorphic to the Julia set of the function (see Theorems 5.5.3 and 6.4.4 of [Nek05]).

The limit space does not change when we pass from X to X^n in the natural way (we will change then the limit dynamical system to its n th iterate). It also does not change if we post-conjugate the wreath recursion by an element of the wreath product $Sym(X) \ltimes G^X$, i.e., conjugate the group G by an element of the form $\gamma = \pi(g_0 \gamma, g_1 \gamma)$, where $\pi \in Sym(X)$ and $g_0, g_1 \in G$.

The limit space can be also visualized using its subdivision into *tiles*. This method is especially effective, when the group is generated by bounded automata.

Definition 6. Let G be a contracting group. A *tile* \mathcal{T}_G of G is the quotient of the space $X^{-\omega}$ by the equivalence relation, which identifies two sequences $\dots x_2 x_1$ and $\dots y_2 y_1$ if there exists a sequence $g_k \in G$ assuming a finite number of values and such that

$$g_k(x_k \dots x_1) = y_k \dots y_1, \quad g_k|_{x_k \dots x_1} = 1$$

for all k .

Again, an analog of Proposition 1 is true: the equivalence relation from Definition 6 is generated by the identifications $\dots x_2 x_1 = \dots y_2 y_1$ of sequences for which there exists a sequence $g_k, k = 0, 1, 2, \dots$ of elements of the nucleus such that $g_k(x_k) = y_k$, $g_k|_{x_k} = g_{k-1}$ and $g_0 = 1$.

Suppose that G satisfies the *open set condition*, i.e., the trivial state can be reached from any other state of the generating automaton. Then the *boundary* of the tile \mathcal{T}_G is the image in \mathcal{T}_G of the set of sequences $\dots x_2 x_1$ such that there exists a sequence $g_k \in G$ assuming a finite number of values and such that $g_k|_{x_k \dots x_1} \neq 1$. If G is generated by a finite symmetric set S , then it is sufficient to look for the sequence g_k inside S .

The limit space of G is obtained from the tile by some identifications of the points of the boundary. If the group G is generated by bounded automata, then its boundary consists of a finite number of points and it is not hard to identify them (i.e., to identify the sequences encoding them).

For $v \in X^n$ denote by $\mathcal{T}_G v$ the image of the cylindrical set $X^{-\omega} v$ in \mathcal{T}_G . It is easy to see that the map $\dots x_2 x_1 \mapsto \dots x_2 x_1 v$ induces a homeomorphism of \mathcal{T}_G with $\mathcal{T}_G v$ and that

$$\mathcal{T}_G = \bigcup_{v \in X^n} \mathcal{T}_G v.$$

It is proved in [Nek05] that two pieces $\mathcal{T}_G v_1$ and $\mathcal{T}_G v_2$ intersect if and only if $g(v_1) = v_2$ for an element g of the nucleus of G and that they intersect only along images of the boundary of \mathcal{T}_G .

This suggests the following procedure of visualizing the limit space in the case of bounded automata. Identify the points of the boundary of the tile. We get a finite list B of points, represented by a finite list W of infinite sequences (some points may be represented by several sequences). Draw the tile as a graph with $|B|$ “boundary points” (vertices) and identify the boundary points with the points of B labeled by sequences W . Take now $|X|$ copies of this tile, corresponding to different letters of X . Append the corresponding letters $x \in X$ to the ends of the labels $w \in W$ of the boundary points of each of the copy of the tile. Some of the obtained labels will be related by the equivalence relation of Definition 6, i.e., represent the same points of the tile \mathcal{T}_G . Glue the corresponding points together. Some of the obtained labels will belong to W . These points will be the new boundary points. In this way we get a new graph with labeled boundary points. Repeat now the procedure several times, rescaling the graph in such a way that the original first order graphs become small. We will get in this way a graph resembling the tile \mathcal{T}_G (see Chapter V in [Bon07] for more details). Making the necessary identifications of its boundary we get an approximation of the limit space of G . More details on this inductive approximation procedure can be found in [Nek05] Section 3.10.

The limit space of a finitely generated contracting self-similar group G can also be viewed as a hyperbolic boundary in the following way. For a given finite generating system S of G define the *self-similarity graph* $\Sigma(G, S)$ as the graph with set of vertices X^* in which two vertices $v_1, v_2 \in X^*$ are connected by an edge if and only if either $v_i = x v_j$, for some $x \in X$ (vertical edges), or $s(v_i) = v_j$ for some $s \in S$ (horizontal edges). In case of a contracting group, the self-similarity graph $\Sigma(G, S)$ is Gromov-hyperbolic and its hyperbolic boundary is homeomorphic to the limit space \mathcal{J}_G .

The iterated monodromy group (IMG) construction is dual to the limit space

construction. It may be defined for partial self-coverings of orbispaces, but we will only provide the definition in case of topological spaces, since we do not need the more general construction in this text (all iterated monodromy groups that appear later are related to partial self-coverings of the Riemann sphere).

Let \mathcal{M} be a path connected and locally path connected topological space and let \mathcal{M}_1 be an open path connected subset of \mathcal{M} . Let $f : \mathcal{M}_1 \rightarrow \mathcal{M}$ be a d -fold covering. Denote by f^n the n -fold iteration of the map f . Then $f^n : \mathcal{M}_n \rightarrow \mathcal{M}$, where $\mathcal{M}_n = f^{-n}(\mathcal{M})$, is a d^n -fold covering.

Fix a base point $t \in \mathcal{M}$ and let T_t be the disjoint union of the sets $f^{-n}(t)$, $n \geq 0$ (formally speaking, these sets may not be disjoint in \mathcal{M}). The set of pre-images T_t has a natural structure of a rooted d -ary tree. The base point t is the root, the vertices in $f^{-n}(t)$ constitute level n and every vertex z in $f^{-n}(t)$ is connected by an edge to $f(z)$ in $f^{-(n+1)}(t)$, for $n \geq 1$. The fundamental group $\pi_1(\mathcal{M}, t)$ acts naturally, through the monodromy action, on every level $f^{-n}(t)$ and, in fact, acts by automorphisms on T_t .

Definition 7. The *iterated monodromy group* $IMG(f)$ of the covering f is the quotient of the fundamental group $\pi_1(\mathcal{M}, t)$ by the kernel of its action on the tree of pre-images T_t .

6 Classification guide

Every 3-state automaton \mathcal{A} with set of states $S = \{0, 1, 2\}$ acting on the 2-letter alphabet $X = \{0, 1\}$ is assigned a unique number as follows. Given the wreath recursion

$$\begin{cases} \mathbf{0} = \sigma^{a_{11}}(a_{12}, a_{13}), \\ \mathbf{1} = \sigma^{a_{21}}(a_{22}, a_{23}), \\ \mathbf{2} = \sigma^{a_{31}}(a_{32}, a_{33}), \end{cases}$$

defining the automaton \mathcal{A} , where $a_{ij} \in \{0, 1, 2\}$ for $j \neq 1$ and $a_{i1} \in \{0, 1\}$, $i = 1, 2, 3$, assign the number

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Number}(\mathcal{A}) = & a_{12} + 3a_{13} + 9a_{22} + 27a_{23} + 81a_{32} + \\ & 243a_{33} + 729(a_{11} + 2a_{21} + 4a_{31}) + 1 \end{aligned}$$

to \mathcal{A} . With this agreement every $(3, 2)$ -automaton is assigned a unique number in the range from 1 to 5832. The numbering of the automata is induced by the lexicographic ordering of all automata in the class. Each of the automata numbered 1 through 729 generates the trivial group, since all vertex permutations are trivial in this case. Each of the automata numbered 5104 through 5832 generates the cyclic group C_2 of order 2, since both states represent the automorphism that acts by changing all letters in every word over X . Therefore the nontrivial part of the classification is concerned with the automata numbered by 730 through 5103.

Denote by \mathcal{A}_n the automaton numbered by n and by G_n the corresponding group of tree automorphisms. Sometimes we may use just the number to refer to the corresponding automaton or group.

The following three operations on automata do not change the isomorphism class of the group generated by the corresponding automaton (and do not change the action on the tree in essential way):

- (i) passing to inverses of all generators,
- (ii) permuting the states of the automaton,
- (iii) permuting the alphabet letters.

Definition 8. Two automata \mathcal{A} and \mathcal{B} that can be obtained from one another by using a composition of the operations (i)–(iii), are called *symmetric*.

For instance, the two automata in the lower right part of Figure 1 are symmetric. The wreath recursion for the automaton obtained by permuting both the names of the states and the alphabet letters of the first of these two automata is

$$\begin{aligned} a &= (b, a) \\ b &= \sigma(b, a) \end{aligned}$$

and this wreath recursion describes exactly the inverses of the tree automorphism defining the second of the two automata.

Additional identifications can be made after automata minimization is applied.

Definition 9. If the minimization of an automaton \mathcal{A} is symmetric to the minimization of an automaton \mathcal{B} , we say that the automata \mathcal{A} and \mathcal{B} are *minimally symmetric* and write $\mathcal{A} \sim \mathcal{B}$.

There are 194 classes of $(3, 2)$ -automata that are pairwise not minimally symmetric. Of these, 10 are minimally symmetric to automata with fewer than 3 states and, as such, are subject of Theorem 7 ([GNS00], see below).

At present, it is known that there are no more than 122 non-isomorphic $(3, 2)$ -automaton groups. Some information on these groups is given in Section 8.

The proofs of some particular properties of the 194 classes of non-equivalent automata (and in particular, all known isomorphisms) can be found in Section 9. The few general results that hold in the whole class were already mentioned in the introduction.

The table in Section 7 may be used to determine the equivalence and the group isomorphism class for each automaton. Every class is numbered by the smallest number of an automaton in the class. For instance, an entry such as $x \sim y \cong z$ means that the automata with the smallest number in the equivalence and the (known) isomorphism class of x are y and z , respectively. While the equivalence classes are easy to determine the isomorphism class is not. Therefore, there may still be some additional isomorphisms between some of the classes (which would eventually cause changes in the z numbers and consolidation of some of the current isomorphism classes).

If one is interested in some particular $(3, 2)$ -automaton \mathcal{A} , we recommend the following procedure:

- Use the table in Section 7 to find numbers for the representatives of the equivalence and the isomorphism class of \mathcal{A} . Minimizing the automaton and finding the symmetry is a straightforward task, which is not presented here.
- Use Section 8 to find information on the group generated by \mathcal{A} (more precisely, the isomorphic group generated by the chosen representative in the class).
- Use Section 9 to find the proof of the isomorphism and some known properties.

7 Table of equivalence classes (and known isomorphisms)

For explanation of the entries see Section 6.

1 through 729 $\sim 1 \simeq 1$,

730 \sim 730 \cong 730	769 \sim 767 \cong 731	808 \sim 804 \cong 731	847 \sim 847 \cong 847
731 \sim 731 \cong 731	770 \sim 770 \cong 730	809 \sim 807 \cong 771	848 \sim 848 \cong 750
732 \sim 731 \cong 731	771 \sim 771 \cong 771	810 \sim 810 \cong 802	849 \sim 849 \cong 849
733 \sim 731 \cong 731	772 \sim 768 \cong 731	811 \sim 748 \cong 748	850 \sim 848 \cong 750
734 \sim 734 \cong 730	773 \sim 771 \cong 771	812 \sim 750 \cong 750	851 \sim 851 \cong 847
735 \sim 734 \cong 730	774 \sim 774 \cong 730	813 \sim 749 \cong 749	852 \sim 852 \cong 852
736 \sim 731 \cong 731	775 \sim 775 \cong 775	814 \sim 750 \cong 750	853 \sim 849 \cong 849
737 \sim 734 \cong 730	776 \sim 776 \cong 776	815 \sim 756 \cong 748	854 \sim 852 \cong 852
738 \sim 734 \cong 730	777 \sim 777 \cong 777	816 \sim 753 \cong 753	855 \sim 855 \cong 847
739 \sim 739 \cong 739	778 \sim 776 \cong 776	817 \sim 749 \cong 749	856 \sim 856 \cong 856
740 \sim 740 \cong 740	779 \sim 779 \cong 779	818 \sim 753 \cong 753	857 \sim 857 \cong 857
741 \sim 741 \cong 741	780 \sim 780 \cong 780	819 \sim 752 \cong 752	858 \sim 858 \cong 858
742 \sim 740 \cong 740	781 \sim 777 \cong 777	820 \sim 820 \cong 820	859 \sim 857 \cong 857
743 \sim 743 \cong 739	782 \sim 780 \cong 780	821 \sim 821 \cong 821	860 \sim 860 \cong 860
744 \sim 744 \cong 744	783 \sim 783 \cong 775	822 \sim 821 \cong 821	861 \sim 861 \cong 861
745 \sim 741 \cong 741	784 \sim 748 \cong 748	823 \sim 821 \cong 821	862 \sim 858 \cong 858
746 \sim 744 \cong 744	785 \sim 749 \cong 749	824 \sim 824 \cong 820	863 \sim 861 \cong 861
747 \sim 747 \cong 739	786 \sim 750 \cong 750	825 \sim 824 \cong 820	864 \sim 864 \cong 864
748 \sim 748 \cong 748	787 \sim 749 \cong 749	826 \sim 821 \cong 821	865 \sim 865 \cong 820
749 \sim 749 \cong 749	788 \sim 752 \cong 752	827 \sim 824 \cong 820	866 \sim 866 \cong 866
750 \sim 750 \cong 750	789 \sim 753 \cong 753	828 \sim 824 \cong 820	867 \sim 866 \cong 866
751 \sim 749 \cong 749	790 \sim 750 \cong 750	829 \sim 820 \cong 820	868 \sim 866 \cong 866
752 \sim 752 \cong 752	791 \sim 753 \cong 753	830 \sim 821 \cong 821	869 \sim 869 \cong 869
753 \sim 753 \cong 753	792 \sim 756 \cong 748	831 \sim 821 \cong 821	870 \sim 870 \cong 870
754 \sim 750 \cong 750	793 \sim 775 \cong 775	832 \sim 821 \cong 821	871 \sim 866 \cong 866
755 \sim 753 \cong 753	794 \sim 776 \cong 776	833 \sim 824 \cong 820	872 \sim 870 \cong 870
756 \sim 756 \cong 748	795 \sim 777 \cong 777	834 \sim 824 \cong 820	873 \sim 869 \cong 869
757 \sim 739 \cong 739	796 \sim 776 \cong 776	835 \sim 821 \cong 821	874 \sim 874 \cong 874
758 \sim 740 \cong 740	797 \sim 779 \cong 779	836 \sim 824 \cong 820	875 \sim 875 \cong 875
759 \sim 741 \cong 741	798 \sim 780 \cong 780	837 \sim 824 \cong 820	876 \sim 876 \cong 876
760 \sim 740 \cong 740	799 \sim 777 \cong 777	838 \sim 838 \cong 838	877 \sim 875 \cong 875
761 \sim 743 \cong 739	800 \sim 780 \cong 780	839 \sim 839 \cong 821	878 \sim 878 \cong 878
762 \sim 744 \cong 744	801 \sim 783 \cong 775	840 \sim 840 \cong 840	879 \sim 879 \cong 879
763 \sim 741 \cong 741	802 \sim 802 \cong 802	841 \sim 839 \cong 821	880 \sim 876 \cong 876
764 \sim 744 \cong 744	803 \sim 803 \cong 771	842 \sim 842 \cong 838	881 \sim 879 \cong 879
765 \sim 747 \cong 739	804 \sim 804 \cong 731	843 \sim 843 \cong 843	882 \sim 882 \cong 882
766 \sim 766 \cong 730	805 \sim 803 \cong 771	844 \sim 840 \cong 840	883 \sim 883 \cong 883
767 \sim 767 \cong 731	806 \sim 806 \cong 802	845 \sim 843 \cong 843	884 \sim 884 \cong 884
768 \sim 768 \cong 731	807 \sim 807 \cong 771	846 \sim 846 \cong 846	885 \sim 885 \cong 885

886	~	884	≅	884	932	~	932	≅	820	978	~	753	≅	753	1024	~	876	≅	876
887	~	887	≅	887	933	~	933	≅	849	979	~	749	≅	749	1025	~	879	≅	879
888	~	888	≅	888	934	~	930	≅	821	980	~	753	≅	753	1026	~	882	≅	882
889	~	885	≅	885	935	~	933	≅	849	981	~	752	≅	752	1027	~	820	≅	820
890	~	888	≅	888	936	~	936	≅	820	982	~	838	≅	838	1028	~	821	≅	821
891	~	891	≅	891	937	~	937	≅	937	983	~	839	≅	821	1029	~	821	≅	821
892	~	739	≅	739	938	~	938	≅	938	984	~	840	≅	840	1030	~	821	≅	821
893	~	741	≅	741	939	~	939	≅	939	985	~	839	≅	821	1031	~	824	≅	820
894	~	740	≅	740	940	~	938	≅	938	986	~	842	≅	838	1032	~	824	≅	820
895	~	741	≅	741	941	~	941	≅	941	987	~	843	≅	843	1033	~	821	≅	821
896	~	747	≅	739	942	~	942	≅	942	988	~	840	≅	840	1034	~	824	≅	820
897	~	744	≅	744	943	~	939	≅	939	989	~	843	≅	843	1035	~	824	≅	820
898	~	740	≅	740	944	~	942	≅	942	990	~	846	≅	846	1036	~	856	≅	856
899	~	744	≅	744	945	~	945	≅	941	991	~	865	≅	820	1037	~	857	≅	857
900	~	743	≅	739	946	~	838	≅	838	992	~	866	≅	866	1038	~	858	≅	858
901	~	820	≅	820	947	~	840	≅	840	993	~	866	≅	866	1039	~	857	≅	857
902	~	821	≅	821	948	~	839	≅	821	994	~	866	≅	866	1040	~	860	≅	860
903	~	821	≅	821	949	~	840	≅	840	995	~	869	≅	869	1041	~	861	≅	861
904	~	821	≅	821	950	~	846	≅	846	996	~	870	≅	870	1042	~	858	≅	858
905	~	824	≅	820	951	~	843	≅	843	997	~	866	≅	866	1043	~	861	≅	861
906	~	824	≅	820	952	~	839	≅	821	998	~	870	≅	870	1044	~	864	≅	864
907	~	821	≅	821	953	~	843	≅	843	999	~	869	≅	869	1045	~	883	≅	883
908	~	824	≅	820	954	~	842	≅	838	1000	~	820	≅	820	1046	~	884	≅	884
909	~	824	≅	820	955	~	955	≅	937	1001	~	821	≅	821	1047	~	885	≅	885
910	~	820	≅	820	956	~	956	≅	956	1002	~	821	≅	821	1048	~	884	≅	884
911	~	821	≅	821	957	~	957	≅	957	1003	~	821	≅	821	1049	~	887	≅	887
912	~	821	≅	821	958	~	956	≅	956	1004	~	824	≅	820	1050	~	888	≅	888
913	~	821	≅	821	959	~	959	≅	959	1005	~	824	≅	820	1051	~	885	≅	885
914	~	824	≅	820	960	~	960	≅	960	1006	~	821	≅	821	1052	~	888	≅	888
915	~	824	≅	820	961	~	957	≅	957	1007	~	824	≅	820	1053	~	891	≅	891
916	~	821	≅	821	962	~	960	≅	960	1008	~	824	≅	820	1054	~	802	≅	802
917	~	824	≅	820	963	~	963	≅	963	1009	~	847	≅	847	1055	~	804	≅	731
918	~	824	≅	820	964	~	964	≅	739	1010	~	848	≅	750	1056	~	803	≅	771
919	~	919	≅	820	965	~	965	≅	965	1011	~	849	≅	849	1057	~	804	≅	731
920	~	920	≅	920	966	~	966	≅	966	1012	~	848	≅	750	1058	~	810	≅	802
921	~	920	≅	920	967	~	965	≅	965	1013	~	851	≅	847	1059	~	807	≅	771
922	~	920	≅	920	968	~	968	≅	968	1014	~	852	≅	852	1060	~	803	≅	771
923	~	923	≅	923	969	~	969	≅	969	1015	~	849	≅	849	1061	~	807	≅	771
924	~	924	≅	870	970	~	966	≅	966	1016	~	852	≅	852	1062	~	806	≅	802
925	~	920	≅	920	971	~	969	≅	969	1017	~	855	≅	847	1063	~	964	≅	739
926	~	924	≅	870	972	~	972	≅	739	1018	~	874	≅	874	1064	~	966	≅	966
927	~	923	≅	923	973	~	748	≅	748	1019	~	875	≅	875	1065	~	965	≅	965
928	~	928	≅	820	974	~	750	≅	750	1020	~	876	≅	876	1066	~	966	≅	966
929	~	929	≅	929	975	~	749	≅	749	1021	~	875	≅	875	1067	~	972	≅	739
930	~	930	≅	821	976	~	750	≅	750	1022	~	878	≅	878	1068	~	969	≅	969
931	~	929	≅	929	977	~	756	≅	748	1023	~	879	≅	879	1069	~	965	≅	965

1070	~	969	≅	969	1116	~	887	≅	887	1162	~	937	≅	937	1208	~	1091	≅	731
1071	~	968	≅	968	1117	~	1090	≅	1090	1163	~	939	≅	939	1209	~	1091	≅	731
1072	~	883	≅	883	1118	~	1091	≅	731	1164	~	938	≅	938	1210	~	1091	≅	731
1073	~	885	≅	885	1119	~	1091	≅	731	1165	~	939	≅	939	1211	~	1094	≅	1090
1074	~	884	≅	884	1120	~	1091	≅	731	1166	~	945	≅	941	1212	~	1094	≅	1090
1075	~	885	≅	885	1121	~	1094	≅	1090	1167	~	942	≅	942	1213	~	1091	≅	731
1076	~	891	≅	891	1122	~	1094	≅	1090	1168	~	938	≅	938	1214	~	1094	≅	1090
1077	~	888	≅	888	1123	~	1091	≅	731	1169	~	942	≅	942	1215	~	1094	≅	1090
1078	~	884	≅	884	1124	~	1094	≅	1090	1170	~	941	≅	941	1216	~	739	≅	739
1079	~	888	≅	888	1125	~	1094	≅	1090	1171	~	1090	≅	1090	1217	~	741	≅	741
1080	~	887	≅	887	1126	~	1090	≅	1090	1172	~	1091	≅	731	1218	~	740	≅	740
1081	~	964	≅	739	1127	~	1091	≅	731	1173	~	1091	≅	731	1219	~	741	≅	741
1082	~	966	≅	966	1128	~	1091	≅	731	1174	~	1091	≅	731	1220	~	747	≅	739
1083	~	965	≅	965	1129	~	1091	≅	731	1175	~	1094	≅	1090	1221	~	744	≅	744
1084	~	966	≅	966	1130	~	1094	≅	1090	1176	~	1094	≅	1090	1222	~	740	≅	740
1085	~	972	≅	739	1131	~	1094	≅	1090	1177	~	1091	≅	731	1223	~	744	≅	744
1086	~	969	≅	969	1132	~	1091	≅	731	1178	~	1094	≅	1090	1224	~	743	≅	739
1087	~	965	≅	965	1133	~	1094	≅	1090	1179	~	1094	≅	1090	1225	~	919	≅	820
1088	~	969	≅	969	1134	~	1094	≅	1090	1180	~	1090	≅	1090	1226	~	920	≅	920
1089	~	968	≅	968	1135	~	775	≅	775	1181	~	1091	≅	731	1227	~	920	≅	920
1090	~	1090	≅	1090	1136	~	777	≅	777	1182	~	1091	≅	731	1228	~	920	≅	920
1091	~	1091	≅	731	1137	~	776	≅	776	1183	~	1091	≅	731	1229	~	923	≅	923
1092	~	1091	≅	731	1138	~	777	≅	777	1184	~	1094	≅	1090	1230	~	924	≅	870
1093	~	1091	≅	731	1139	~	783	≅	775	1185	~	1094	≅	1090	1231	~	920	≅	920
1094	~	1094	≅	1090	1140	~	780	≅	780	1186	~	1091	≅	731	1232	~	924	≅	870
1095	~	1094	≅	1090	1141	~	776	≅	776	1187	~	1094	≅	1090	1233	~	923	≅	923
1096	~	1091	≅	731	1142	~	780	≅	780	1188	~	1094	≅	1090	1234	~	838	≅	838
1097	~	1094	≅	1090	1143	~	779	≅	779	1189	~	856	≅	856	1235	~	840	≅	840
1098	~	1094	≅	1090	1144	~	955	≅	937	1190	~	858	≅	858	1236	~	839	≅	821
1099	~	1090	≅	1090	1145	~	957	≅	957	1191	~	857	≅	857	1237	~	840	≅	840
1100	~	1091	≅	731	1146	~	956	≅	956	1192	~	858	≅	858	1238	~	846	≅	846
1101	~	1091	≅	731	1147	~	957	≅	957	1193	~	864	≅	864	1239	~	843	≅	843
1102	~	1091	≅	731	1148	~	963	≅	963	1194	~	861	≅	861	1240	~	839	≅	821
1103	~	1094	≅	1090	1149	~	960	≅	960	1195	~	857	≅	857	1241	~	843	≅	843
1104	~	1094	≅	1090	1150	~	956	≅	956	1196	~	861	≅	861	1242	~	842	≅	838
1105	~	1091	≅	731	1151	~	960	≅	960	1197	~	860	≅	860	1243	~	820	≅	820
1106	~	1094	≅	1090	1152	~	959	≅	959	1198	~	1090	≅	1090	1244	~	821	≅	821
1107	~	1094	≅	1090	1153	~	874	≅	874	1199	~	1091	≅	731	1245	~	821	≅	821
1108	~	883	≅	883	1154	~	876	≅	876	1200	~	1091	≅	731	1246	~	821	≅	821
1109	~	885	≅	885	1155	~	875	≅	875	1201	~	1091	≅	731	1247	~	824	≅	820
1110	~	884	≅	884	1156	~	876	≅	876	1202	~	1094	≅	1090	1248	~	824	≅	820
1111	~	885	≅	885	1157	~	882	≅	882	1203	~	1094	≅	1090	1249	~	821	≅	821
1112	~	891	≅	891	1158	~	879	≅	879	1204	~	1091	≅	731	1250	~	824	≅	820
1113	~	888	≅	888	1159	~	875	≅	875	1205	~	1094	≅	1090	1251	~	824	≅	820
1114	~	884	≅	884	1160	~	879	≅	879	1206	~	1094	≅	1090	1252	~	928	≅	820
1115	~	888	≅	888	1161	~	878	≅	878	1207	~	1090	≅	1090	1253	~	929	≅	929

1254	~	930	≅	821	1300	~	777	≅	777	1346	~	1094	≅	1090	1392	~	933	≅	849
1255	~	929	≅	929	1301	~	783	≅	775	1347	~	1094	≅	1090	1393	~	929	≅	929
1256	~	932	≅	820	1302	~	780	≅	780	1348	~	1091	≅	731	1394	~	933	≅	849
1257	~	933	≅	849	1303	~	776	≅	776	1349	~	1094	≅	1090	1395	~	932	≅	820
1258	~	930	≅	821	1304	~	780	≅	780	1350	~	1094	≅	1090	1396	~	847	≅	847
1259	~	933	≅	849	1305	~	779	≅	779	1351	~	874	≅	874	1397	~	849	≅	849
1260	~	936	≅	820	1306	~	937	≅	937	1352	~	876	≅	876	1398	~	848	≅	750
1261	~	955	≅	937	1307	~	939	≅	939	1353	~	875	≅	875	1399	~	849	≅	849
1262	~	956	≅	956	1308	~	938	≅	938	1354	~	876	≅	876	1400	~	855	≅	847
1263	~	957	≅	957	1309	~	939	≅	939	1355	~	882	≅	882	1401	~	852	≅	852
1264	~	956	≅	956	1310	~	945	≅	941	1356	~	879	≅	879	1402	~	848	≅	750
1265	~	959	≅	959	1311	~	942	≅	942	1357	~	875	≅	875	1403	~	852	≅	852
1266	~	960	≅	960	1312	~	938	≅	938	1358	~	879	≅	879	1404	~	851	≅	847
1267	~	957	≅	957	1313	~	942	≅	942	1359	~	878	≅	878	1405	~	928	≅	820
1268	~	960	≅	960	1314	~	941	≅	941	1360	~	1090	≅	1090	1406	~	930	≅	821
1269	~	963	≅	963	1315	~	856	≅	856	1361	~	1091	≅	731	1407	~	929	≅	929
1270	~	820	≅	820	1316	~	858	≅	858	1362	~	1091	≅	731	1408	~	930	≅	821
1271	~	821	≅	821	1317	~	857	≅	857	1363	~	1091	≅	731	1409	~	936	≅	820
1272	~	821	≅	821	1318	~	858	≅	858	1364	~	1094	≅	1090	1410	~	933	≅	849
1273	~	821	≅	821	1319	~	864	≅	864	1365	~	1094	≅	1090	1411	~	929	≅	929
1274	~	824	≅	820	1320	~	861	≅	861	1366	~	1091	≅	731	1412	~	933	≅	849
1275	~	824	≅	820	1321	~	857	≅	857	1367	~	1094	≅	1090	1413	~	932	≅	820
1276	~	821	≅	821	1322	~	861	≅	861	1368	~	1094	≅	1090	1414	~	1090	≅	1090
1277	~	824	≅	820	1323	~	860	≅	860	1369	~	1090	≅	1090	1415	~	1091	≅	731
1278	~	824	≅	820	1324	~	955	≅	937	1370	~	1091	≅	731	1416	~	1091	≅	731
1279	~	937	≅	937	1325	~	957	≅	957	1371	~	1091	≅	731	1417	~	1091	≅	731
1280	~	938	≅	938	1326	~	956	≅	956	1372	~	1091	≅	731	1418	~	1094	≅	1090
1281	~	939	≅	939	1327	~	957	≅	957	1373	~	1094	≅	1090	1419	~	1094	≅	1090
1282	~	938	≅	938	1328	~	963	≅	963	1374	~	1094	≅	1090	1420	~	1091	≅	731
1283	~	941	≅	941	1329	~	960	≅	960	1375	~	1091	≅	731	1421	~	1094	≅	1090
1284	~	942	≅	942	1330	~	956	≅	956	1376	~	1094	≅	1090	1422	~	1094	≅	1090
1285	~	939	≅	939	1331	~	960	≅	960	1377	~	1094	≅	1090	1423	~	1090	≅	1090
1286	~	942	≅	942	1332	~	959	≅	959	1378	~	766	≅	730	1424	~	1091	≅	731
1287	~	945	≅	941	1333	~	1090	≅	1090	1379	~	768	≅	731	1425	~	1091	≅	731
1288	~	964	≅	739	1334	~	1091	≅	731	1380	~	767	≅	731	1426	~	1091	≅	731
1289	~	965	≅	965	1335	~	1091	≅	731	1381	~	768	≅	731	1427	~	1094	≅	1090
1290	~	966	≅	966	1336	~	1091	≅	731	1382	~	774	≅	730	1428	~	1094	≅	1090
1291	~	965	≅	965	1337	~	1094	≅	1090	1383	~	771	≅	771	1429	~	1091	≅	731
1292	~	968	≅	968	1338	~	1094	≅	1090	1384	~	767	≅	731	1430	~	1094	≅	1090
1293	~	969	≅	969	1339	~	1091	≅	731	1385	~	771	≅	771	1431	~	1094	≅	1090
1294	~	966	≅	966	1340	~	1094	≅	1090	1386	~	770	≅	730	1432	~	847	≅	847
1295	~	969	≅	969	1341	~	1094	≅	1090	1387	~	928	≅	820	1433	~	849	≅	849
1296	~	972	≅	739	1342	~	1090	≅	1090	1388	~	930	≅	821	1434	~	848	≅	750
1297	~	775	≅	775	1343	~	1091	≅	731	1389	~	929	≅	929	1435	~	849	≅	849
1298	~	777	≅	777	1344	~	1091	≅	731	1390	~	930	≅	821	1436	~	855	≅	847
1299	~	776	≅	776	1345	~	1091	≅	731	1391	~	936	≅	820	1437	~	852	≅	852

1438 \sim 848 \cong 750	1484 \sim 888 \cong 888	1530 \sim 1091 \cong 731	1576 \sim 847 \cong 847
1439 \sim 852 \cong 852	1485 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	1531 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	1577 \sim 820 \cong 820
1440 \sim 851 \cong 847	1486 \sim 1091 \cong 731	1532 \sim 968 \cong 968	1578 \sim 874 \cong 874
1441 \sim 1090 \cong 1090	1487 \sim 966 \cong 966	1533 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	1579 \sim 838 \cong 838
1442 \sim 1091 \cong 731	1488 \sim 1091 \cong 731	1534 \sim 968 \cong 968	1580 \sim 748 \cong 748
1443 \sim 1091 \cong 731	1489 \sim 966 \cong 966	1535 \sim 806 \cong 802	1581 \sim 865 \cong 820
1444 \sim 1091 \cong 731	1490 \sim 804 \cong 731	1536 \sim 887 \cong 887	1582 \sim 856 \cong 856
1445 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	1491 \sim 885 \cong 885	1537 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	1583 \sim 820 \cong 820
1446 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	1492 \sim 1091 \cong 731	1538 \sim 887 \cong 887	1584 \sim 883 \cong 883
1447 \sim 1091 \cong 731	1493 \sim 885 \cong 885	1539 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	1585 \sim 849 \cong 849
1448 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	1494 \sim 1091 \cong 731	1540 \sim 851 \cong 847	1586 \sim 821 \cong 821
1449 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	1495 \sim 1090 \cong 1090	1541 \sim 824 \cong 820	1587 \sim 876 \cong 876
1450 \sim 1090 \cong 1090	1496 \sim 964 \cong 739	1542 \sim 878 \cong 878	1588 \sim 840 \cong 840
1451 \sim 1091 \cong 731	1497 \sim 1090 \cong 1090	1543 \sim 842 \cong 838	1589 \sim 749 \cong 749
1452 \sim 1091 \cong 731	1498 \sim 964 \cong 739	1544 \sim 756 \cong 748	1590 \sim 866 \cong 866
1453 \sim 1091 \cong 731	1499 \sim 802 \cong 802	1545 \sim 869 \cong 869	1591 \sim 858 \cong 858
1454 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	1500 \sim 883 \cong 883	1546 \sim 860 \cong 860	1592 \sim 821 \cong 821
1455 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	1501 \sim 1090 \cong 1090	1547 \sim 824 \cong 820	1593 \sim 885 \cong 885
1456 \sim 1091 \cong 731	1502 \sim 883 \cong 883	1548 \sim 887 \cong 887	1594 \sim 852 \cong 852
1457 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	1503 \sim 1090 \cong 1090	1549 \sim 848 \cong 750	1595 \sim 824 \cong 820
1458 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	1504 \sim 1091 \cong 731	1550 \sim 821 \cong 821	1596 \sim 879 \cong 879
1459 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	1505 \sim 965 \cong 965	1551 \sim 875 \cong 875	1597 \sim 843 \cong 843
1460 \sim 972 \cong 739	1506 \sim 1091 \cong 731	1552 \sim 839 \cong 821	1598 \sim 753 \cong 753
1461 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	1507 \sim 965 \cong 965	1553 \sim 750 \cong 750	1599 \sim 870 \cong 870
1462 \sim 972 \cong 739	1508 \sim 803 \cong 771	1554 \sim 866 \cong 866	1600 \sim 861 \cong 861
1463 \sim 810 \cong 802	1509 \sim 884 \cong 884	1555 \sim 857 \cong 857	1601 \sim 824 \cong 820
1464 \sim 891 \cong 891	1510 \sim 1091 \cong 731	1556 \sim 821 \cong 821	1602 \sim 888 \cong 888
1465 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	1511 \sim 884 \cong 884	1557 \sim 884 \cong 884	1603 \sim 849 \cong 849
1466 \sim 891 \cong 891	1512 \sim 1091 \cong 731	1558 \sim 852 \cong 852	1604 \sim 821 \cong 821
1467 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	1513 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	1559 \sim 824 \cong 820	1605 \sim 876 \cong 876
1468 \sim 1091 \cong 731	1514 \sim 969 \cong 969	1560 \sim 879 \cong 879	1606 \sim 840 \cong 840
1469 \sim 966 \cong 966	1515 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	1561 \sim 843 \cong 843	1607 \sim 749 \cong 749
1470 \sim 1091 \cong 731	1516 \sim 969 \cong 969	1562 \sim 753 \cong 753	1608 \sim 866 \cong 866
1471 \sim 966 \cong 966	1517 \sim 807 \cong 771	1563 \sim 870 \cong 870	1609 \sim 858 \cong 858
1472 \sim 804 \cong 731	1518 \sim 888 \cong 888	1564 \sim 861 \cong 861	1610 \sim 821 \cong 821
1473 \sim 885 \cong 885	1519 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	1565 \sim 824 \cong 820	1611 \sim 885 \cong 885
1474 \sim 1091 \cong 731	1520 \sim 888 \cong 888	1566 \sim 888 \cong 888	1612 \sim 855 \cong 847
1475 \sim 885 \cong 885	1521 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	1567 \sim 848 \cong 750	1613 \sim 824 \cong 820
1476 \sim 1091 \cong 731	1522 \sim 1091 \cong 731	1568 \sim 821 \cong 821	1614 \sim 882 \cong 882
1477 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	1523 \sim 965 \cong 965	1569 \sim 875 \cong 875	1615 \sim 846 \cong 846
1478 \sim 969 \cong 969	1524 \sim 1091 \cong 731	1570 \sim 839 \cong 821	1616 \sim 752 \cong 752
1479 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	1525 \sim 965 \cong 965	1571 \sim 750 \cong 750	1617 \sim 869 \cong 869
1480 \sim 969 \cong 969	1526 \sim 803 \cong 771	1572 \sim 866 \cong 866	1618 \sim 864 \cong 864
1481 \sim 807 \cong 771	1527 \sim 884 \cong 884	1573 \sim 857 \cong 857	1619 \sim 824 \cong 820
1482 \sim 888 \cong 888	1528 \sim 1091 \cong 731	1574 \sim 821 \cong 821	1620 \sim 891 \cong 891
1483 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	1529 \sim 884 \cong 884	1575 \sim 884 \cong 884	1621 \sim 1094 \cong 1090

1622	~	945	≅	941	1668	~	1091	≅	731	1714	~	821	≅	821	1760	~	753	≅	753
1623	~	1094	≅	1090	1669	~	956	≅	956	1715	~	750	≅	750	1761	~	824	≅	820
1624	~	963	≅	963	1670	~	776	≅	776	1716	~	821	≅	821	1762	~	879	≅	879
1625	~	783	≅	775	1671	~	875	≅	875	1717	~	875	≅	875	1763	~	870	≅	870
1626	~	882	≅	882	1672	~	1091	≅	731	1718	~	866	≅	866	1764	~	888	≅	888
1627	~	1094	≅	1090	1673	~	857	≅	857	1719	~	884	≅	884	1765	~	849	≅	849
1628	~	864	≅	864	1674	~	1091	≅	731	1720	~	852	≅	852	1766	~	840	≅	840
1629	~	1094	≅	1090	1675	~	1094	≅	1090	1721	~	843	≅	843	1767	~	858	≅	858
1630	~	1091	≅	731	1676	~	942	≅	942	1722	~	861	≅	861	1768	~	821	≅	821
1631	~	939	≅	939	1677	~	1094	≅	1090	1723	~	824	≅	820	1769	~	749	≅	749
1632	~	1091	≅	731	1678	~	960	≅	960	1724	~	753	≅	753	1770	~	821	≅	821
1633	~	957	≅	957	1679	~	780	≅	780	1725	~	824	≅	820	1771	~	876	≅	876
1634	~	777	≅	777	1680	~	879	≅	879	1726	~	879	≅	879	1772	~	866	≅	866
1635	~	876	≅	876	1681	~	1094	≅	1090	1727	~	870	≅	870	1773	~	885	≅	885
1636	~	1091	≅	731	1682	~	861	≅	861	1728	~	888	≅	888	1774	~	855	≅	847
1637	~	858	≅	858	1683	~	1094	≅	1090	1729	~	848	≅	750	1775	~	846	≅	846
1638	~	1091	≅	731	1684	~	1091	≅	731	1730	~	839	≅	821	1776	~	864	≅	864
1639	~	1094	≅	1090	1685	~	938	≅	938	1731	~	857	≅	857	1777	~	824	≅	820
1640	~	942	≅	942	1686	~	1091	≅	731	1732	~	821	≅	821	1778	~	752	≅	752
1641	~	1094	≅	1090	1687	~	956	≅	956	1733	~	750	≅	750	1779	~	824	≅	820
1642	~	960	≅	960	1688	~	776	≅	776	1734	~	821	≅	821	1780	~	882	≅	882
1643	~	780	≅	780	1689	~	875	≅	875	1735	~	875	≅	875	1781	~	869	≅	869
1644	~	879	≅	879	1690	~	1091	≅	731	1736	~	866	≅	866	1782	~	891	≅	891
1645	~	1094	≅	1090	1691	~	857	≅	857	1737	~	884	≅	884	1783	~	770	≅	730
1646	~	861	≅	861	1692	~	1091	≅	731	1738	~	847	≅	847	1784	~	743	≅	739
1647	~	1094	≅	1090	1693	~	1094	≅	1090	1739	~	838	≅	838	1785	~	779	≅	779
1648	~	1091	≅	731	1694	~	941	≅	941	1740	~	856	≅	856	1786	~	743	≅	739
1649	~	939	≅	939	1695	~	1094	≅	1090	1741	~	820	≅	820	1787	~	734	≅	730
1650	~	1091	≅	731	1696	~	959	≅	959	1742	~	748	≅	748	1788	~	752	≅	752
1651	~	957	≅	957	1697	~	779	≅	779	1743	~	820	≅	820	1789	~	779	≅	779
1652	~	777	≅	777	1698	~	878	≅	878	1744	~	874	≅	874	1790	~	752	≅	752
1653	~	876	≅	876	1699	~	1094	≅	1090	1745	~	865	≅	820	1791	~	806	≅	802
1654	~	1091	≅	731	1700	~	860	≅	860	1746	~	883	≅	883	1792	~	767	≅	731
1655	~	858	≅	858	1701	~	1094	≅	1090	1747	~	849	≅	849	1793	~	740	≅	740
1656	~	1091	≅	731	1702	~	851	≅	847	1748	~	840	≅	840	1794	~	776	≅	776
1657	~	1090	≅	1090	1703	~	842	≅	838	1749	~	858	≅	858	1795	~	740	≅	740
1658	~	937	≅	937	1704	~	860	≅	860	1750	~	821	≅	821	1796	~	731	≅	731
1659	~	1090	≅	1090	1705	~	824	≅	820	1751	~	749	≅	749	1797	~	749	≅	749
1660	~	955	≅	937	1706	~	756	≅	748	1752	~	821	≅	821	1798	~	776	≅	776
1661	~	775	≅	775	1707	~	824	≅	820	1753	~	876	≅	876	1799	~	749	≅	749
1662	~	874	≅	874	1708	~	878	≅	878	1754	~	866	≅	866	1800	~	803	≅	771
1663	~	1090	≅	1090	1709	~	869	≅	869	1755	~	885	≅	885	1801	~	771	≅	771
1664	~	856	≅	856	1710	~	887	≅	887	1756	~	852	≅	852	1802	~	744	≅	744
1665	~	1090	≅	1090	1711	~	848	≅	750	1757	~	843	≅	843	1803	~	780	≅	780
1666	~	1091	≅	731	1712	~	839	≅	821	1758	~	861	≅	861	1804	~	744	≅	744
1667	~	938	≅	938	1713	~	857	≅	857	1759	~	824	≅	820	1805	~	734	≅	730

1806	~	753	≅	753	1852	~	777	≅	777	1898	~	840	≅	840	1944	~	972	≅	739
1807	~	780	≅	780	1853	~	750	≅	750	1899	~	965	≅	965	1945	~	1094	≅	1090
1808	~	753	≅	753	1854	~	804	≅	731	1900	~	928	≅	820	1946	~	963	≅	963
1809	~	807	≅	771	1855	~	774	≅	730	1901	~	919	≅	820	1947	~	1094	≅	1090
1810	~	767	≅	731	1856	~	747	≅	739	1902	~	937	≅	937	1948	~	945	≅	941
1811	~	740	≅	740	1857	~	783	≅	775	1903	~	820	≅	820	1949	~	783	≅	775
1812	~	776	≅	776	1858	~	747	≅	739	1904	~	739	≅	739	1950	~	864	≅	864
1813	~	740	≅	740	1859	~	734	≅	730	1905	~	820	≅	820	1951	~	1094	≅	1090
1814	~	731	≅	731	1860	~	756	≅	748	1906	~	955	≅	937	1952	~	882	≅	882
1815	~	749	≅	749	1861	~	783	≅	775	1907	~	838	≅	838	1953	~	1094	≅	1090
1816	~	776	≅	776	1862	~	756	≅	748	1908	~	964	≅	739	1954	~	1091	≅	731
1817	~	749	≅	749	1863	~	810	≅	802	1909	~	930	≅	821	1955	~	957	≅	957
1818	~	803	≅	771	1864	~	932	≅	820	1910	~	920	≅	920	1956	~	1091	≅	731
1819	~	766	≅	730	1865	~	923	≅	923	1911	~	939	≅	939	1957	~	939	≅	939
1820	~	739	≅	739	1866	~	941	≅	941	1912	~	821	≅	821	1958	~	777	≅	777
1821	~	775	≅	775	1867	~	824	≅	820	1913	~	740	≅	740	1959	~	858	≅	858
1822	~	739	≅	739	1868	~	747	≅	739	1914	~	821	≅	821	1960	~	1091	≅	731
1823	~	730	≅	730	1869	~	824	≅	820	1915	~	957	≅	957	1961	~	876	≅	876
1824	~	748	≅	748	1870	~	959	≅	959	1916	~	839	≅	821	1962	~	1091	≅	731
1825	~	775	≅	775	1871	~	846	≅	846	1917	~	966	≅	966	1963	~	1094	≅	1090
1826	~	748	≅	748	1872	~	968	≅	968	1918	~	933	≅	849	1964	~	960	≅	960
1827	~	802	≅	802	1873	~	929	≅	929	1919	~	924	≅	870	1965	~	1094	≅	1090
1828	~	768	≅	731	1874	~	920	≅	920	1920	~	942	≅	942	1966	~	942	≅	942
1829	~	741	≅	741	1875	~	938	≅	938	1921	~	824	≅	820	1967	~	780	≅	780
1830	~	777	≅	777	1876	~	821	≅	821	1922	~	744	≅	744	1968	~	861	≅	861
1831	~	741	≅	741	1877	~	741	≅	741	1923	~	824	≅	820	1969	~	1094	≅	1090
1832	~	731	≅	731	1878	~	821	≅	821	1924	~	960	≅	960	1970	~	879	≅	879
1833	~	750	≅	750	1879	~	956	≅	956	1925	~	843	≅	843	1971	~	1094	≅	1090
1834	~	777	≅	777	1880	~	840	≅	840	1926	~	969	≅	969	1972	~	1091	≅	731
1835	~	750	≅	750	1881	~	965	≅	965	1927	~	930	≅	821	1973	~	957	≅	957
1836	~	804	≅	731	1882	~	933	≅	849	1928	~	920	≅	920	1974	~	1091	≅	731
1837	~	771	≅	771	1883	~	924	≅	870	1929	~	939	≅	939	1975	~	939	≅	939
1838	~	744	≅	744	1884	~	942	≅	942	1930	~	821	≅	821	1976	~	777	≅	777
1839	~	780	≅	780	1885	~	824	≅	820	1931	~	740	≅	740	1977	~	858	≅	858
1840	~	744	≅	744	1886	~	744	≅	744	1932	~	821	≅	821	1978	~	1091	≅	731
1841	~	734	≅	730	1887	~	824	≅	820	1933	~	957	≅	957	1979	~	876	≅	876
1842	~	753	≅	753	1888	~	960	≅	960	1934	~	839	≅	821	1980	~	1091	≅	731
1843	~	780	≅	780	1889	~	843	≅	843	1935	~	966	≅	966	1981	~	1090	≅	1090
1844	~	753	≅	753	1890	~	969	≅	969	1936	~	936	≅	820	1982	~	955	≅	937
1845	~	807	≅	771	1891	~	929	≅	929	1937	~	923	≅	923	1983	~	1090	≅	1090
1846	~	768	≅	731	1892	~	920	≅	920	1938	~	945	≅	941	1984	~	937	≅	937
1847	~	741	≅	741	1893	~	938	≅	938	1939	~	824	≅	820	1985	~	775	≅	775
1848	~	777	≅	777	1894	~	821	≅	821	1940	~	743	≅	739	1986	~	856	≅	856
1849	~	741	≅	741	1895	~	741	≅	741	1941	~	824	≅	820	1987	~	1090	≅	1090
1850	~	731	≅	731	1896	~	821	≅	821	1942	~	963	≅	963	1988	~	874	≅	874
1851	~	750	≅	750	1897	~	956	≅	956	1943	~	842	≅	838	1989	~	1090	≅	1090

1990	~	1091	≅	731	2036	~	821	≅	821	2082	~	960	≅	960	2128	~	933	≅	849
1991	~	956	≅	956	2037	~	956	≅	956	2083	~	924	≅	870	2129	~	771	≅	771
1992	~	1091	≅	731	2038	~	920	≅	920	2084	~	744	≅	744	2130	~	852	≅	852
1993	~	938	≅	938	2039	~	741	≅	741	2085	~	843	≅	843	2131	~	1094	≅	1090
1994	~	776	≅	776	2040	~	840	≅	840	2086	~	942	≅	942	2132	~	852	≅	852
1995	~	857	≅	857	2041	~	938	≅	938	2087	~	824	≅	820	2133	~	1094	≅	1090
1996	~	1091	≅	731	2042	~	821	≅	821	2088	~	969	≅	969	2134	~	1091	≅	731
1997	~	875	≅	875	2043	~	965	≅	965	2089	~	930	≅	821	2135	~	930	≅	821
1998	~	1091	≅	731	2044	~	933	≅	849	2090	~	821	≅	821	2136	~	1091	≅	731
1999	~	1094	≅	1090	2045	~	824	≅	820	2091	~	957	≅	957	2137	~	930	≅	821
2000	~	960	≅	960	2046	~	960	≅	960	2092	~	920	≅	920	2138	~	768	≅	731
2001	~	1094	≅	1090	2047	~	924	≅	870	2093	~	740	≅	740	2139	~	849	≅	849
2002	~	942	≅	942	2048	~	744	≅	744	2094	~	839	≅	821	2140	~	1091	≅	731
2003	~	780	≅	780	2049	~	843	≅	843	2095	~	939	≅	939	2141	~	849	≅	849
2004	~	861	≅	861	2050	~	942	≅	942	2096	~	821	≅	821	2142	~	1091	≅	731
2005	~	1094	≅	1090	2051	~	824	≅	820	2097	~	966	≅	966	2143	~	1090	≅	1090
2006	~	879	≅	879	2052	~	969	≅	969	2098	~	936	≅	820	2144	~	928	≅	820
2007	~	1094	≅	1090	2053	~	929	≅	929	2099	~	824	≅	820	2145	~	1090	≅	1090
2008	~	1091	≅	731	2054	~	821	≅	821	2100	~	963	≅	963	2146	~	928	≅	820
2009	~	956	≅	956	2055	~	956	≅	956	2101	~	923	≅	923	2147	~	766	≅	730
2010	~	1091	≅	731	2056	~	920	≅	920	2102	~	743	≅	739	2148	~	847	≅	847
2011	~	938	≅	938	2057	~	741	≅	741	2103	~	842	≅	838	2149	~	1090	≅	1090
2012	~	776	≅	776	2058	~	840	≅	840	2104	~	945	≅	941	2150	~	847	≅	847
2013	~	857	≅	857	2059	~	938	≅	938	2105	~	824	≅	820	2151	~	1090	≅	1090
2014	~	1091	≅	731	2060	~	821	≅	821	2106	~	972	≅	739	2152	~	1091	≅	731
2015	~	875	≅	875	2061	~	965	≅	965	2107	~	1094	≅	1090	2153	~	929	≅	929
2016	~	1091	≅	731	2062	~	928	≅	820	2108	~	936	≅	820	2154	~	1091	≅	731
2017	~	1094	≅	1090	2063	~	820	≅	820	2109	~	1094	≅	1090	2155	~	929	≅	929
2018	~	959	≅	959	2064	~	955	≅	937	2110	~	936	≅	820	2156	~	767	≅	731
2019	~	1094	≅	1090	2065	~	919	≅	820	2111	~	774	≅	730	2157	~	848	≅	750
2020	~	941	≅	941	2066	~	739	≅	739	2112	~	855	≅	847	2158	~	1091	≅	731
2021	~	779	≅	779	2067	~	838	≅	838	2113	~	1094	≅	1090	2159	~	848	≅	750
2022	~	860	≅	860	2068	~	937	≅	937	2114	~	855	≅	847	2160	~	1091	≅	731
2023	~	1094	≅	1090	2069	~	820	≅	820	2115	~	1094	≅	1090	2161	~	1094	≅	1090
2024	~	878	≅	878	2070	~	964	≅	739	2116	~	1091	≅	731	2162	~	933	≅	849
2025	~	1094	≅	1090	2071	~	930	≅	821	2117	~	930	≅	821	2163	~	1094	≅	1090
2026	~	932	≅	820	2072	~	821	≅	821	2118	~	1091	≅	731	2164	~	933	≅	849
2027	~	824	≅	820	2073	~	957	≅	957	2119	~	930	≅	821	2165	~	771	≅	771
2028	~	959	≅	959	2074	~	920	≅	920	2120	~	768	≅	731	2166	~	852	≅	852
2029	~	923	≅	923	2075	~	740	≅	740	2121	~	849	≅	849	2167	~	1094	≅	1090
2030	~	747	≅	739	2076	~	839	≅	821	2122	~	1091	≅	731	2168	~	852	≅	852
2031	~	846	≅	846	2077	~	939	≅	939	2123	~	849	≅	849	2169	~	1094	≅	1090
2032	~	941	≅	941	2078	~	821	≅	821	2124	~	1091	≅	731	2170	~	1091	≅	731
2033	~	824	≅	820	2079	~	966	≅	966	2125	~	1094	≅	1090	2171	~	929	≅	929
2034	~	968	≅	968	2080	~	933	≅	849	2126	~	933	≅	849	2172	~	1091	≅	731
2035	~	929	≅	929	2081	~	824	≅	820	2127	~	1094	≅	1090	2173	~	929	≅	929

2174 ~ 767 \cong 731	2220 ~ 2204 \cong 2204	2266 ~ 2262 \cong 750	2312 ~ 2287 \cong 2287
2175 ~ 848 \cong 750	2221 ~ 2199 \cong 2199	2267 ~ 2265 \cong 2265	2313 ~ 2313 \cong 2277
2176 ~ 1091 \cong 731	2222 ~ 2202 \cong 2202	2268 ~ 734 \cong 730	2314 ~ 2307 \cong 2307
2177 ~ 848 \cong 750	2223 ~ 2205 \cong 775	2269 ~ 730 \cong 730	2315 ~ 2284 \cong 2284
2178 ~ 1091 \cong 731	2224 ~ 730 \cong 730	2270 ~ 730 \cong 730	2316 ~ 731 \cong 731
2179 ~ 1094 \cong 1090	2225 ~ 730 \cong 730	2271 ~ 2271 \cong 2271	2317 ~ 2280 \cong 2280
2180 ~ 932 \cong 820	2226 ~ 2226 \cong 820	2272 ~ 730 \cong 730	2318 ~ 2271 \cong 2271
2181 ~ 1094 \cong 1090	2227 ~ 730 \cong 730	2273 ~ 730 \cong 730	2319 ~ 731 \cong 731
2182 ~ 932 \cong 820	2228 ~ 730 \cong 730	2274 ~ 2274 \cong 2274	2320 ~ 2320 \cong 2294
2183 ~ 770 \cong 730	2229 ~ 2229 \cong 2229	2275 ~ 2271 \cong 2271	2321 ~ 2293 \cong 2293
2184 ~ 851 \cong 847	2230 ~ 2226 \cong 820	2276 ~ 2274 \cong 2274	2322 ~ 2322 \cong 2322
2185 ~ 1094 \cong 1090	2231 ~ 2229 \cong 2229	2277 ~ 2277 \cong 2277	2323 ~ 2287 \cong 2287
2186 ~ 851 \cong 847	2232 ~ 2232 \cong 730	2278 ~ 730 \cong 730	2324 ~ 2283 \cong 2283
2187 ~ 1094 \cong 1090	2233 ~ 2233 \cong 2233	2279 ~ 730 \cong 730	2325 ~ 2293 \cong 2293
2188 ~ 730 \cong 730	2234 ~ 2234 \cong 2234	2280 ~ 2280 \cong 2280	2326 ~ 2285 \cong 2285
2189 ~ 730 \cong 730	2235 ~ 731 \cong 731	2281 ~ 730 \cong 730	2327 ~ 2274 \cong 2274
2190 ~ 2190 \cong 750	2236 ~ 2236 \cong 2236	2282 ~ 730 \cong 730	2328 ~ 2294 \cong 2294
2191 ~ 730 \cong 730	2237 ~ 2237 \cong 2237	2283 ~ 2283 \cong 2283	2329 ~ 731 \cong 731
2192 ~ 730 \cong 730	2238 ~ 731 \cong 731	2284 ~ 2284 \cong 2284	2330 ~ 731 \cong 731
2193 ~ 2193 \cong 2193	2239 ~ 2239 \cong 2239	2285 ~ 2285 \cong 2285	2331 ~ 2295 \cong 2295
2194 ~ 2190 \cong 750	2240 ~ 2240 \cong 2240	2286 ~ 2286 \cong 2286	2332 ~ 2307 \cong 2307
2195 ~ 2193 \cong 2193	2241 ~ 2241 \cong 739	2287 ~ 2287 \cong 2287	2333 ~ 2280 \cong 2280
2196 ~ 2196 \cong 802	2242 ~ 2206 \cong 748	2288 ~ 2285 \cong 2285	2334 ~ 2320 \cong 2294
2197 ~ 730 \cong 730	2243 ~ 2209 \cong 2209	2289 ~ 731 \cong 731	2335 ~ 2284 \cong 2284
2198 ~ 730 \cong 730	2244 ~ 2212 \cong 2212	2290 ~ 2283 \cong 2283	2336 ~ 2271 \cong 2271
2199 ~ 2199 \cong 2199	2245 ~ 2207 \cong 2207	2291 ~ 2274 \cong 2274	2337 ~ 2293 \cong 2293
2200 ~ 730 \cong 730	2246 ~ 2210 \cong 2210	2292 ~ 731 \cong 731	2338 ~ 731 \cong 731
2201 ~ 730 \cong 730	2247 ~ 2213 \cong 2213	2293 ~ 2293 \cong 2293	2339 ~ 731 \cong 731
2202 ~ 2202 \cong 2202	2248 ~ 731 \cong 731	2294 ~ 2294 \cong 2294	2340 ~ 2322 \cong 2322
2203 ~ 2203 \cong 2203	2249 ~ 731 \cong 731	2295 ~ 2295 \cong 2295	2341 ~ 2313 \cong 2277
2204 ~ 2204 \cong 2204	2250 ~ 2214 \cong 748	2296 ~ 730 \cong 730	2342 ~ 2286 \cong 2286
2205 ~ 2205 \cong 775	2251 ~ 2233 \cong 2233	2297 ~ 730 \cong 730	2343 ~ 2322 \cong 2322
2206 ~ 2206 \cong 748	2252 ~ 2236 \cong 2236	2298 ~ 2284 \cong 2284	2344 ~ 2286 \cong 2286
2207 ~ 2207 \cong 2207	2253 ~ 2239 \cong 2239	2299 ~ 730 \cong 730	2345 ~ 2277 \cong 2277
2208 ~ 731 \cong 731	2254 ~ 2234 \cong 2234	2300 ~ 730 \cong 730	2346 ~ 2295 \cong 2295
2209 ~ 2209 \cong 2209	2255 ~ 2237 \cong 2237	2301 ~ 2285 \cong 2285	2347 ~ 2322 \cong 2322
2210 ~ 2210 \cong 2210	2256 ~ 2240 \cong 2240	2302 ~ 2280 \cong 2280	2348 ~ 2295 \cong 2295
2211 ~ 731 \cong 731	2257 ~ 731 \cong 731	2303 ~ 2283 \cong 2283	2349 ~ 734 \cong 730
2212 ~ 2212 \cong 2212	2258 ~ 731 \cong 731	2304 ~ 2286 \cong 2286	2350 ~ 820 \cong 820
2213 ~ 2213 \cong 2213	2259 ~ 2241 \cong 739	2305 ~ 730 \cong 730	2351 ~ 820 \cong 820
2214 ~ 2214 \cong 748	2260 ~ 2260 \cong 802	2306 ~ 730 \cong 730	2352 ~ 2352 \cong 740
2215 ~ 730 \cong 730	2261 ~ 2261 \cong 2261	2307 ~ 2307 \cong 2307	2353 ~ 820 \cong 820
2216 ~ 730 \cong 730	2262 ~ 2262 \cong 750	2308 ~ 730 \cong 730	2354 ~ 820 \cong 820
2217 ~ 2203 \cong 2203	2263 ~ 2261 \cong 2261	2309 ~ 730 \cong 730	2355 ~ 2355 \cong 2355
2218 ~ 730 \cong 730	2264 ~ 2264 \cong 730	2310 ~ 2287 \cong 2287	2356 ~ 2352 \cong 740
2219 ~ 730 \cong 730	2265 ~ 2265 \cong 2265	2311 ~ 2307 \cong 2307	2357 ~ 2355 \cong 2355

2358 ~ 2358 \cong 820	2404 ~ 2368 \cong 739	2450 ~ 2285 \cong 2285	2496 ~ 2320 \cong 2294
2359 ~ 820 \cong 820	2405 ~ 2371 \cong 2371	2451 ~ 731 \cong 731	2497 ~ 2284 \cong 2284
2360 ~ 820 \cong 820	2406 ~ 2374 \cong 821	2452 ~ 2283 \cong 2283	2498 ~ 2271 \cong 2271
2361 ~ 2361 \cong 2361	2407 ~ 2369 \cong 2369	2453 ~ 2274 \cong 2274	2499 ~ 2293 \cong 2293
2362 ~ 820 \cong 820	2408 ~ 2372 \cong 2372	2454 ~ 731 \cong 731	2500 ~ 731 \cong 731
2363 ~ 820 \cong 820	2409 ~ 2375 \cong 2375	2455 ~ 2293 \cong 2293	2501 ~ 731 \cong 731
2364 ~ 2364 \cong 2364	2410 ~ 821 \cong 821	2456 ~ 2294 \cong 2294	2502 ~ 2322 \cong 2322
2365 ~ 2365 \cong 2365	2411 ~ 821 \cong 821	2457 ~ 2295 \cong 2295	2503 ~ 2313 \cong 2277
2366 ~ 2366 \cong 2366	2412 ~ 2376 \cong 739	2458 ~ 730 \cong 730	2504 ~ 2286 \cong 2286
2367 ~ 2367 \cong 2367	2413 ~ 2395 \cong 2395	2459 ~ 730 \cong 730	2505 ~ 2322 \cong 2322
2368 ~ 2368 \cong 739	2414 ~ 2398 \cong 2398	2460 ~ 2284 \cong 2284	2506 ~ 2286 \cong 2286
2369 ~ 2369 \cong 2369	2415 ~ 2401 \cong 2401	2461 ~ 730 \cong 730	2507 ~ 2277 \cong 2277
2370 ~ 821 \cong 821	2416 ~ 2396 \cong 2396	2462 ~ 730 \cong 730	2508 ~ 2295 \cong 2295
2371 ~ 2371 \cong 2371	2417 ~ 2399 \cong 2399	2463 ~ 2285 \cong 2285	2509 ~ 2322 \cong 2322
2372 ~ 2372 \cong 2372	2418 ~ 2402 \cong 2402	2464 ~ 2280 \cong 2280	2510 ~ 2295 \cong 2295
2373 ~ 821 \cong 821	2419 ~ 821 \cong 821	2465 ~ 2283 \cong 2283	2511 ~ 734 \cong 730
2374 ~ 2374 \cong 821	2420 ~ 821 \cong 821	2466 ~ 2286 \cong 2286	2512 ~ 730 \cong 730
2375 ~ 2375 \cong 2375	2421 ~ 2403 \cong 2287	2467 ~ 730 \cong 730	2513 ~ 730 \cong 730
2376 ~ 2376 \cong 739	2422 ~ 2422 \cong 820	2468 ~ 730 \cong 730	2514 ~ 2237 \cong 2237
2377 ~ 820 \cong 820	2423 ~ 2423 \cong 2423	2469 ~ 2307 \cong 2307	2515 ~ 730 \cong 730
2378 ~ 820 \cong 820	2424 ~ 2424 \cong 966	2470 ~ 730 \cong 730	2516 ~ 730 \cong 730
2379 ~ 2365 \cong 2365	2425 ~ 2423 \cong 2423	2471 ~ 730 \cong 730	2517 ~ 2210 \cong 2210
2380 ~ 820 \cong 820	2426 ~ 2426 \cong 2277	2472 ~ 2287 \cong 2287	2518 ~ 2237 \cong 2237
2381 ~ 820 \cong 820	2427 ~ 2427 \cong 2427	2473 ~ 2307 \cong 2307	2519 ~ 2210 \cong 2210
2382 ~ 2366 \cong 2366	2428 ~ 2424 \cong 966	2474 ~ 2287 \cong 2287	2520 ~ 2264 \cong 730
2383 ~ 2361 \cong 2361	2429 ~ 2427 \cong 2427	2475 ~ 2313 \cong 2277	2521 ~ 730 \cong 730
2384 ~ 2364 \cong 2364	2430 ~ 824 \cong 820	2476 ~ 2307 \cong 2307	2522 ~ 730 \cong 730
2385 ~ 2367 \cong 2367	2431 ~ 730 \cong 730	2477 ~ 2284 \cong 2284	2523 ~ 2236 \cong 2236
2386 ~ 820 \cong 820	2432 ~ 730 \cong 730	2478 ~ 731 \cong 731	2524 ~ 730 \cong 730
2387 ~ 820 \cong 820	2433 ~ 2271 \cong 2271	2479 ~ 2280 \cong 2280	2525 ~ 730 \cong 730
2388 ~ 2388 \cong 821	2434 ~ 730 \cong 730	2480 ~ 2271 \cong 2271	2526 ~ 2209 \cong 2209
2389 ~ 820 \cong 820	2435 ~ 730 \cong 730	2481 ~ 731 \cong 731	2527 ~ 2234 \cong 2234
2390 ~ 820 \cong 820	2436 ~ 2274 \cong 2274	2482 ~ 2320 \cong 2294	2528 ~ 2207 \cong 2207
2391 ~ 2391 \cong 2391	2437 ~ 2271 \cong 2271	2483 ~ 2293 \cong 2293	2529 ~ 2261 \cong 2261
2392 ~ 2388 \cong 821	2438 ~ 2274 \cong 2274	2484 ~ 2322 \cong 2322	2530 ~ 2229 \cong 2229
2393 ~ 2391 \cong 2391	2439 ~ 2277 \cong 2277	2485 ~ 2287 \cong 2287	2531 ~ 2204 \cong 2204
2394 ~ 2394 \cong 820	2440 ~ 730 \cong 730	2486 ~ 2283 \cong 2283	2532 ~ 731 \cong 731
2395 ~ 2395 \cong 2395	2441 ~ 730 \cong 730	2487 ~ 2293 \cong 2293	2533 ~ 2202 \cong 2202
2396 ~ 2396 \cong 2396	2442 ~ 2280 \cong 2280	2488 ~ 2285 \cong 2285	2534 ~ 2193 \cong 2193
2397 ~ 821 \cong 821	2443 ~ 730 \cong 730	2489 ~ 2274 \cong 2274	2535 ~ 731 \cong 731
2398 ~ 2398 \cong 2398	2444 ~ 730 \cong 730	2490 ~ 2294 \cong 2294	2536 ~ 2240 \cong 2240
2399 ~ 2399 \cong 2399	2445 ~ 2283 \cong 2283	2491 ~ 731 \cong 731	2537 ~ 2213 \cong 2213
2400 ~ 821 \cong 821	2446 ~ 2284 \cong 2284	2492 ~ 731 \cong 731	2538 ~ 2265 \cong 2265
2401 ~ 2401 \cong 2401	2447 ~ 2285 \cong 2285	2493 ~ 2295 \cong 2295	2539 ~ 730 \cong 730
2402 ~ 2402 \cong 2402	2448 ~ 2286 \cong 2286	2494 ~ 2307 \cong 2307	2540 ~ 730 \cong 730
2403 ~ 2403 \cong 2287	2449 ~ 2287 \cong 2287	2495 ~ 2280 \cong 2280	2541 ~ 2234 \cong 2234

2542 \sim 730 \cong 730	2588 \sim 2196 \cong 802	2634 \sim 2368 \cong 739	2680 \sim 2352 \cong 740
2543 \sim 730 \cong 730	2589 \sim 2214 \cong 748	2635 \sim 2395 \cong 2395	2681 \sim 2355 \cong 2355
2544 \sim 2207 \cong 2207	2590 \sim 2241 \cong 739	2636 \sim 2368 \cong 739	2682 \sim 2358 \cong 820
2545 \sim 2236 \cong 2236	2591 \sim 2214 \cong 748	2637 \sim 2422 \cong 820	2683 \sim 820 \cong 820
2546 \sim 2209 \cong 2209	2592 \sim 734 \cong 730	2638 \sim 2388 \cong 821	2684 \sim 820 \cong 820
2547 \sim 2261 \cong 2261	2593 \sim 820 \cong 820	2639 \sim 2365 \cong 2365	2685 \sim 2361 \cong 2361
2548 \sim 730 \cong 730	2594 \sim 820 \cong 820	2640 \sim 821 \cong 821	2686 \sim 820 \cong 820
2549 \sim 730 \cong 730	2595 \sim 2399 \cong 2399	2641 \sim 2361 \cong 2361	2687 \sim 820 \cong 820
2550 \sim 2233 \cong 2233	2596 \sim 820 \cong 820	2642 \sim 2352 \cong 740	2688 \sim 2364 \cong 2364
2551 \sim 730 \cong 730	2597 \sim 820 \cong 820	2643 \sim 821 \cong 821	2689 \sim 2365 \cong 2365
2552 \sim 730 \cong 730	2598 \sim 2372 \cong 2372	2644 \sim 2401 \cong 2401	2690 \sim 2366 \cong 2366
2553 \sim 2206 \cong 748	2599 \sim 2399 \cong 2399	2645 \sim 2374 \cong 821	2691 \sim 2367 \cong 2367
2554 \sim 2233 \cong 2233	2600 \sim 2372 \cong 2372	2646 \sim 2424 \cong 966	2692 \sim 2368 \cong 739
2555 \sim 2206 \cong 748	2601 \sim 2426 \cong 2277	2647 \sim 2391 \cong 2391	2693 \sim 2369 \cong 2369
2556 \sim 2260 \cong 802	2602 \sim 820 \cong 820	2648 \sim 2364 \cong 2364	2694 \sim 821 \cong 821
2557 \sim 2226 \cong 820	2603 \sim 820 \cong 820	2649 \sim 2402 \cong 2402	2695 \sim 2371 \cong 2371
2558 \sim 2203 \cong 2203	2604 \sim 2398 \cong 2398	2650 \sim 2366 \cong 2366	2696 \sim 2372 \cong 2372
2559 \sim 731 \cong 731	2605 \sim 820 \cong 820	2651 \sim 2355 \cong 2355	2697 \sim 821 \cong 821
2560 \sim 2199 \cong 2199	2606 \sim 820 \cong 820	2652 \sim 2375 \cong 2375	2698 \sim 2374 \cong 821
2561 \sim 2190 \cong 750	2607 \sim 2371 \cong 2371	2653 \sim 821 \cong 821	2699 \sim 2375 \cong 2375
2562 \sim 731 \cong 731	2608 \sim 2396 \cong 2396	2654 \sim 821 \cong 821	2700 \sim 2376 \cong 739
2563 \sim 2239 \cong 2239	2609 \sim 2369 \cong 2369	2655 \sim 2427 \cong 2427	2701 \sim 820 \cong 820
2564 \sim 2212 \cong 2212	2610 \sim 2423 \cong 2423	2656 \sim 2388 \cong 821	2702 \sim 820 \cong 820
2565 \sim 2262 \cong 750	2611 \sim 2391 \cong 2391	2657 \sim 2361 \cong 2361	2703 \sim 2365 \cong 2365
2566 \sim 2229 \cong 2229	2612 \sim 2366 \cong 2366	2658 \sim 2401 \cong 2401	2704 \sim 820 \cong 820
2567 \sim 2202 \cong 2202	2613 \sim 821 \cong 821	2659 \sim 2365 \cong 2365	2705 \sim 820 \cong 820
2568 \sim 2240 \cong 2240	2614 \sim 2364 \cong 2364	2660 \sim 2352 \cong 740	2706 \sim 2366 \cong 2366
2569 \sim 2204 \cong 2204	2615 \sim 2355 \cong 2355	2661 \sim 2374 \cong 821	2707 \sim 2361 \cong 2361
2570 \sim 2193 \cong 2193	2616 \sim 821 \cong 821	2662 \sim 821 \cong 821	2708 \sim 2364 \cong 2364
2571 \sim 2213 \cong 2213	2617 \sim 2402 \cong 2402	2663 \sim 821 \cong 821	2709 \sim 2367 \cong 2367
2572 \sim 731 \cong 731	2618 \sim 2375 \cong 2375	2664 \sim 2424 \cong 966	2710 \sim 820 \cong 820
2573 \sim 731 \cong 731	2619 \sim 2427 \cong 2427	2665 \sim 2394 \cong 820	2711 \sim 820 \cong 820
2574 \sim 2265 \cong 2265	2620 \sim 820 \cong 820	2666 \sim 2367 \cong 2367	2712 \sim 2388 \cong 821
2575 \sim 2226 \cong 820	2621 \sim 820 \cong 820	2667 \sim 2403 \cong 2287	2713 \sim 820 \cong 820
2576 \sim 2199 \cong 2199	2622 \sim 2396 \cong 2396	2668 \sim 2367 \cong 2367	2714 \sim 820 \cong 820
2577 \sim 2239 \cong 2239	2623 \sim 820 \cong 820	2669 \sim 2358 \cong 820	2715 \sim 2391 \cong 2391
2578 \sim 2203 \cong 2203	2624 \sim 820 \cong 820	2670 \sim 2376 \cong 739	2716 \sim 2388 \cong 821
2579 \sim 2190 \cong 750	2625 \sim 2369 \cong 2369	2671 \sim 2403 \cong 2287	2717 \sim 2391 \cong 2391
2580 \sim 2212 \cong 2212	2626 \sim 2398 \cong 2398	2672 \sim 2376 \cong 739	2718 \sim 2394 \cong 820
2581 \sim 731 \cong 731	2627 \sim 2371 \cong 2371	2673 \sim 824 \cong 820	2719 \sim 2395 \cong 2395
2582 \sim 731 \cong 731	2628 \sim 2423 \cong 2423	2674 \sim 820 \cong 820	2720 \sim 2396 \cong 2396
2583 \sim 2262 \cong 750	2629 \sim 820 \cong 820	2675 \sim 820 \cong 820	2721 \sim 821 \cong 821
2584 \sim 2232 \cong 730	2630 \sim 820 \cong 820	2676 \sim 2352 \cong 740	2722 \sim 2398 \cong 2398
2585 \sim 2205 \cong 775	2631 \sim 2395 \cong 2395	2677 \sim 820 \cong 820	2723 \sim 2399 \cong 2399
2586 \sim 2241 \cong 739	2632 \sim 820 \cong 820	2678 \sim 820 \cong 820	2724 \sim 821 \cong 821
2587 \sim 2205 \cong 775	2633 \sim 820 \cong 820	2679 \sim 2355 \cong 2355	2725 \sim 2401 \cong 2401

2726 \sim 2402 \cong 2402	2772 \sim 2423 \cong 2423	2818 \sim 2388 \cong 821	2864 \sim 1090 \cong 1090
2727 \sim 2403 \cong 2287	2773 \sim 2391 \cong 2391	2819 \sim 2361 \cong 2361	2865 \sim 2851 \cong 929
2728 \sim 2368 \cong 739	2774 \sim 2366 \cong 2366	2820 \sim 2401 \cong 2401	2866 \sim 1090 \cong 1090
2729 \sim 2371 \cong 2371	2775 \sim 821 \cong 821	2821 \sim 2365 \cong 2365	2867 \sim 1090 \cong 1090
2730 \sim 2374 \cong 821	2776 \sim 2364 \cong 2364	2822 \sim 2352 \cong 740	2868 \sim 2852 \cong 849
2731 \sim 2369 \cong 2369	2777 \sim 2355 \cong 2355	2823 \sim 2374 \cong 821	2869 \sim 2847 \cong 929
2732 \sim 2372 \cong 2372	2778 \sim 821 \cong 821	2824 \sim 821 \cong 821	2870 \sim 2850 \cong 2850
2733 \sim 2375 \cong 2375	2779 \sim 2402 \cong 2402	2825 \sim 821 \cong 821	2871 \sim 2853 \cong 2853
2734 \sim 821 \cong 821	2780 \sim 2375 \cong 2375	2826 \sim 2424 \cong 966	2872 \sim 1090 \cong 1090
2735 \sim 821 \cong 821	2781 \sim 2427 \cong 2427	2827 \sim 2394 \cong 820	2873 \sim 1090 \cong 1090
2736 \sim 2376 \cong 739	2782 \sim 820 \cong 820	2828 \sim 2367 \cong 2367	2874 \sim 2874 \cong 820
2737 \sim 2395 \cong 2395	2783 \sim 820 \cong 820	2829 \sim 2403 \cong 2287	2875 \sim 1090 \cong 1090
2738 \sim 2398 \cong 2398	2784 \sim 2396 \cong 2396	2830 \sim 2367 \cong 2367	2876 \sim 1090 \cong 1090
2739 \sim 2401 \cong 2401	2785 \sim 820 \cong 820	2831 \sim 2358 \cong 820	2877 \sim 2854 \cong 847
2740 \sim 2396 \cong 2396	2786 \sim 820 \cong 820	2832 \sim 2376 \cong 739	2878 \sim 2874 \cong 820
2741 \sim 2399 \cong 2399	2787 \sim 2369 \cong 2369	2833 \sim 2403 \cong 2287	2879 \sim 2854 \cong 847
2742 \sim 2402 \cong 2402	2788 \sim 2398 \cong 2398	2834 \sim 2376 \cong 739	2880 \sim 2880 \cong 730
2743 \sim 821 \cong 821	2789 \sim 2371 \cong 2371	2835 \sim 824 \cong 820	2881 \sim 2874 \cong 820
2744 \sim 821 \cong 821	2790 \sim 2423 \cong 2423	2836 \sim 1090 \cong 1090	2882 \sim 2851 \cong 929
2745 \sim 2403 \cong 2287	2791 \sim 820 \cong 820	2837 \sim 1090 \cong 1090	2883 \sim 1091 \cong 731
2746 \sim 2422 \cong 820	2792 \sim 820 \cong 820	2838 \sim 2838 \cong 750	2884 \sim 2847 \cong 929
2747 \sim 2423 \cong 2423	2793 \sim 2395 \cong 2395	2839 \sim 1090 \cong 1090	2885 \sim 2838 \cong 750
2748 \sim 2424 \cong 966	2794 \sim 820 \cong 820	2840 \sim 1090 \cong 1090	2886 \sim 1091 \cong 731
2749 \sim 2423 \cong 2423	2795 \sim 820 \cong 820	2841 \sim 2841 \cong 2841	2887 \sim 2887 \cong 731
2750 \sim 2426 \cong 2277	2796 \sim 2368 \cong 739	2842 \sim 2838 \cong 750	2888 \sim 2860 \cong 2212
2751 \sim 2427 \cong 2427	2797 \sim 2395 \cong 2395	2843 \sim 2841 \cong 2841	2889 \sim 2889 \cong 750
2752 \sim 2424 \cong 966	2798 \sim 2368 \cong 739	2844 \sim 2844 \cong 730	2890 \sim 2854 \cong 847
2753 \sim 2427 \cong 2427	2799 \sim 2422 \cong 820	2845 \sim 1090 \cong 1090	2891 \sim 2850 \cong 2850
2754 \sim 824 \cong 820	2800 \sim 2388 \cong 821	2846 \sim 1090 \cong 1090	2892 \sim 2860 \cong 2212
2755 \sim 820 \cong 820	2801 \sim 2365 \cong 2365	2847 \sim 2847 \cong 929	2893 \sim 2852 \cong 849
2756 \sim 820 \cong 820	2802 \sim 821 \cong 821	2848 \sim 1090 \cong 1090	2894 \sim 2841 \cong 2841
2757 \sim 2399 \cong 2399	2803 \sim 2361 \cong 2361	2849 \sim 1090 \cong 1090	2895 \sim 2861 \cong 731
2758 \sim 820 \cong 820	2804 \sim 2352 \cong 740	2850 \sim 2850 \cong 2850	2896 \sim 1091 \cong 731
2759 \sim 820 \cong 820	2805 \sim 821 \cong 821	2851 \sim 2851 \cong 929	2897 \sim 1091 \cong 731
2760 \sim 2372 \cong 2372	2806 \sim 2401 \cong 2401	2852 \sim 2852 \cong 849	2898 \sim 2862 \cong 847
2761 \sim 2399 \cong 2399	2807 \sim 2374 \cong 821	2853 \sim 2853 \cong 2853	2899 \sim 2874 \cong 820
2762 \sim 2372 \cong 2372	2808 \sim 2424 \cong 966	2854 \sim 2854 \cong 847	2900 \sim 2847 \cong 929
2763 \sim 2426 \cong 2277	2809 \sim 2391 \cong 2391	2855 \sim 2852 \cong 849	2901 \sim 2887 \cong 731
2764 \sim 820 \cong 820	2810 \sim 2364 \cong 2364	2856 \sim 1091 \cong 731	2902 \sim 2851 \cong 929
2765 \sim 820 \cong 820	2811 \sim 2402 \cong 2402	2857 \sim 2850 \cong 2850	2903 \sim 2838 \cong 750
2766 \sim 2398 \cong 2398	2812 \sim 2366 \cong 2366	2858 \sim 2841 \cong 2841	2904 \sim 2860 \cong 2212
2767 \sim 820 \cong 820	2813 \sim 2355 \cong 2355	2859 \sim 1091 \cong 731	2905 \sim 1091 \cong 731
2768 \sim 820 \cong 820	2814 \sim 2375 \cong 2375	2860 \sim 2860 \cong 2212	2906 \sim 1091 \cong 731
2769 \sim 2371 \cong 2371	2815 \sim 821 \cong 821	2861 \sim 2861 \cong 731	2907 \sim 2889 \cong 750
2770 \sim 2396 \cong 2396	2816 \sim 821 \cong 821	2862 \sim 2862 \cong 847	2908 \sim 2880 \cong 730
2771 \sim 2369 \cong 2369	2817 \sim 2427 \cong 2427	2863 \sim 1090 \cong 1090	2909 \sim 2853 \cong 2853

2910 \sim 2889 \cong 750	2956 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	3002 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	3048 \sim 824 \cong 820
2911 \sim 2853 \cong 2853	2957 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	3003 \sim 888 \cong 888	3049 \sim 924 \cong 870
2912 \sim 2844 \cong 730	2958 \sim 855 \cong 847	3004 \sim 969 \cong 969	3050 \sim 843 \cong 843
2913 \sim 2862 \cong 847	2959 \sim 936 \cong 820	3005 \sim 888 \cong 888	3051 \sim 744 \cong 744
2914 \sim 2889 \cong 750	2960 \sim 855 \cong 847	3006 \sim 807 \cong 771	3052 \sim 852 \cong 852
2915 \sim 2862 \cong 847	2961 \sim 774 \cong 730	3007 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	3053 \sim 861 \cong 861
2916 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	2962 \sim 932 \cong 820	3008 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	3054 \sim 843 \cong 843
2917 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	2963 \sim 959 \cong 959	3009 \sim 942 \cong 942	3055 \sim 879 \cong 879
2918 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	2964 \sim 824 \cong 820	3010 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	3056 \sim 888 \cong 888
2919 \sim 972 \cong 739	2965 \sim 941 \cong 941	3011 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	3057 \sim 870 \cong 870
2920 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	2966 \sim 968 \cong 968	3012 \sim 861 \cong 861	3058 \sim 824 \cong 820
2921 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	2967 \sim 824 \cong 820	3013 \sim 960 \cong 960	3059 \sim 824 \cong 820
2922 \sim 891 \cong 891	2968 \sim 923 \cong 923	3014 \sim 879 \cong 879	3060 \sim 753 \cong 753
2923 \sim 972 \cong 739	2969 \sim 846 \cong 846	3015 \sim 780 \cong 780	3061 \sim 933 \cong 849
2924 \sim 891 \cong 891	2970 \sim 747 \cong 739	3016 \sim 852 \cong 852	3062 \sim 942 \cong 942
2925 \sim 810 \cong 802	2971 \sim 851 \cong 847	3017 \sim 879 \cong 879	3063 \sim 924 \cong 870
2926 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	2972 \sim 860 \cong 860	3018 \sim 824 \cong 820	3064 \sim 960 \cong 960
2927 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	2973 \sim 842 \cong 838	3019 \sim 861 \cong 861	3065 \sim 969 \cong 969
2928 \sim 945 \cong 941	2974 \sim 878 \cong 878	3020 \sim 888 \cong 888	3066 \sim 843 \cong 843
2929 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	2975 \sim 887 \cong 887	3021 \sim 824 \cong 820	3067 \sim 824 \cong 820
2930 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	2976 \sim 869 \cong 869	3022 \sim 843 \cong 843	3068 \sim 824 \cong 820
2931 \sim 864 \cong 864	2977 \sim 824 \cong 820	3023 \sim 870 \cong 870	3069 \sim 744 \cong 744
2932 \sim 963 \cong 963	2978 \sim 824 \cong 820	3024 \sim 753 \cong 753	3070 \sim 771 \cong 771
2933 \sim 882 \cong 882	2979 \sim 756 \cong 748	3025 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	3071 \sim 780 \cong 780
2934 \sim 783 \cong 775	2980 \sim 932 \cong 820	3026 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	3072 \sim 744 \cong 744
2935 \sim 851 \cong 847	2981 \sim 941 \cong 941	3027 \sim 960 \cong 960	3073 \sim 780 \cong 780
2936 \sim 878 \cong 878	2982 \sim 923 \cong 923	3028 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	3074 \sim 807 \cong 771
2937 \sim 824 \cong 820	2983 \sim 959 \cong 959	3029 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	3075 \sim 753 \cong 753
2938 \sim 860 \cong 860	2984 \sim 968 \cong 968	3030 \sim 879 \cong 879	3076 \sim 744 \cong 744
2939 \sim 887 \cong 887	2985 \sim 846 \cong 846	3031 \sim 942 \cong 942	3077 \sim 753 \cong 753
2940 \sim 824 \cong 820	2986 \sim 824 \cong 820	3032 \sim 861 \cong 861	3078 \sim 734 \cong 730
2941 \sim 842 \cong 838	2987 \sim 824 \cong 820	3033 \sim 780 \cong 780	3079 \sim 1091 \cong 731
2942 \sim 869 \cong 869	2988 \sim 747 \cong 739	3034 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	3080 \sim 1091 \cong 731
2943 \sim 756 \cong 748	2989 \sim 770 \cong 730	3035 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	3081 \sim 966 \cong 966
2944 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	2990 \sim 779 \cong 779	3036 \sim 933 \cong 849	3082 \sim 1091 \cong 731
2945 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	2991 \sim 743 \cong 739	3037 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	3083 \sim 1091 \cong 731
2946 \sim 963 \cong 963	2992 \sim 779 \cong 779	3038 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	3084 \sim 885 \cong 885
2947 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	2993 \sim 806 \cong 802	3039 \sim 852 \cong 852	3085 \sim 966 \cong 966
2948 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	2994 \sim 752 \cong 752	3040 \sim 933 \cong 849	3086 \sim 885 \cong 885
2949 \sim 882 \cong 882	2995 \sim 743 \cong 739	3041 \sim 852 \cong 852	3087 \sim 804 \cong 731
2950 \sim 945 \cong 941	2996 \sim 752 \cong 752	3042 \sim 771 \cong 771	3088 \sim 1091 \cong 731
2951 \sim 864 \cong 864	2997 \sim 734 \cong 730	3043 \sim 933 \cong 849	3089 \sim 1091 \cong 731
2952 \sim 783 \cong 775	2998 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	3044 \sim 960 \cong 960	3090 \sim 939 \cong 939
2953 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	2999 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	3045 \sim 824 \cong 820	3091 \sim 1091 \cong 731
2954 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	3000 \sim 969 \cong 969	3046 \sim 942 \cong 942	3092 \sim 1091 \cong 731
2955 \sim 936 \cong 820	3001 \sim 1094 \cong 1090	3047 \sim 969 \cong 969	3093 \sim 858 \cong 858

3094	~	957	≅	957	3140	~	821	≅	821	3186	~	753	≅	753	3232	~	771	≅	771
3095	~	876	≅	876	3141	~	750	≅	750	3187	~	1094	≅	1090	3233	~	780	≅	780
3096	~	777	≅	777	3142	~	929	≅	929	3188	~	1094	≅	1090	3234	~	744	≅	744
3097	~	848	≅	750	3143	~	938	≅	938	3189	~	960	≅	960	3235	~	780	≅	780
3098	~	875	≅	875	3144	~	920	≅	920	3190	~	1094	≅	1090	3236	~	807	≅	771
3099	~	821	≅	821	3145	~	956	≅	956	3191	~	1094	≅	1090	3237	~	753	≅	753
3100	~	857	≅	857	3146	~	965	≅	965	3192	~	879	≅	879	3238	~	744	≅	744
3101	~	884	≅	884	3147	~	840	≅	840	3193	~	942	≅	942	3239	~	753	≅	753
3102	~	821	≅	821	3148	~	821	≅	821	3194	~	861	≅	861	3240	~	734	≅	730
3103	~	839	≅	821	3149	~	821	≅	821	3195	~	780	≅	780	3241	~	1094	≅	1090
3104	~	866	≅	866	3150	~	741	≅	741	3196	~	1094	≅	1090	3242	~	1094	≅	1090
3105	~	750	≅	750	3151	~	767	≅	731	3197	~	1094	≅	1090	3243	~	968	≅	968
3106	~	1091	≅	731	3152	~	776	≅	776	3198	~	933	≅	849	3244	~	1094	≅	1090
3107	~	1091	≅	731	3153	~	740	≅	740	3199	~	1094	≅	1090	3245	~	1094	≅	1090
3108	~	957	≅	957	3154	~	776	≅	776	3200	~	1094	≅	1090	3246	~	887	≅	887
3109	~	1091	≅	731	3155	~	803	≅	771	3201	~	852	≅	852	3247	~	968	≅	968
3110	~	1091	≅	731	3156	~	749	≅	749	3202	~	933	≅	849	3248	~	887	≅	887
3111	~	876	≅	876	3157	~	740	≅	740	3203	~	852	≅	852	3249	~	806	≅	802
3112	~	939	≅	939	3158	~	749	≅	749	3204	~	771	≅	771	3250	~	1094	≅	1090
3113	~	858	≅	858	3159	~	731	≅	731	3205	~	933	≅	849	3251	~	1094	≅	1090
3114	~	777	≅	777	3160	~	1094	≅	1090	3206	~	960	≅	960	3252	~	941	≅	941
3115	~	1091	≅	731	3161	~	1094	≅	1090	3207	~	824	≅	820	3253	~	1094	≅	1090
3116	~	1091	≅	731	3162	~	969	≅	969	3208	~	942	≅	942	3254	~	1094	≅	1090
3117	~	930	≅	821	3163	~	1094	≅	1090	3209	~	969	≅	969	3255	~	860	≅	860
3118	~	1091	≅	731	3164	~	1094	≅	1090	3210	~	824	≅	820	3256	~	959	≅	959
3119	~	1091	≅	731	3165	~	888	≅	888	3211	~	924	≅	870	3257	~	878	≅	878
3120	~	849	≅	849	3166	~	969	≅	969	3212	~	843	≅	843	3258	~	779	≅	779
3121	~	930	≅	821	3167	~	888	≅	888	3213	~	744	≅	744	3259	~	855	≅	847
3122	~	849	≅	849	3168	~	807	≅	771	3214	~	852	≅	852	3260	~	882	≅	882
3123	~	768	≅	731	3169	~	1094	≅	1090	3215	~	861	≅	861	3261	~	824	≅	820
3124	~	929	≅	929	3170	~	1094	≅	1090	3216	~	843	≅	843	3262	~	864	≅	864
3125	~	956	≅	956	3171	~	942	≅	942	3217	~	879	≅	879	3263	~	891	≅	891
3126	~	821	≅	821	3172	~	1094	≅	1090	3218	~	888	≅	888	3264	~	824	≅	820
3127	~	938	≅	938	3173	~	1094	≅	1090	3219	~	870	≅	870	3265	~	846	≅	846
3128	~	965	≅	965	3174	~	861	≅	861	3220	~	824	≅	820	3266	~	869	≅	869
3129	~	821	≅	821	3175	~	960	≅	960	3221	~	824	≅	820	3267	~	752	≅	752
3130	~	920	≅	920	3176	~	879	≅	879	3222	~	753	≅	753	3268	~	1094	≅	1090
3131	~	840	≅	840	3177	~	780	≅	780	3223	~	933	≅	849	3269	~	1094	≅	1090
3132	~	741	≅	741	3178	~	852	≅	852	3224	~	942	≅	942	3270	~	959	≅	959
3133	~	848	≅	750	3179	~	879	≅	879	3225	~	924	≅	870	3271	~	1094	≅	1090
3134	~	857	≅	857	3180	~	824	≅	820	3226	~	960	≅	960	3272	~	1094	≅	1090
3135	~	839	≅	821	3181	~	861	≅	861	3227	~	969	≅	969	3273	~	878	≅	878
3136	~	875	≅	875	3182	~	888	≅	888	3228	~	843	≅	843	3274	~	941	≅	941
3137	~	884	≅	884	3183	~	824	≅	820	3229	~	824	≅	820	3275	~	860	≅	860
3138	~	866	≅	866	3184	~	843	≅	843	3230	~	824	≅	820	3276	~	779	≅	779
3139	~	821	≅	821	3185	~	870	≅	870	3231	~	744	≅	744	3277	~	1094	≅	1090

3278	\sim	1094	\cong	1090	3324	\sim	965	\cong	965	3370	\sim	939	\cong	939	3416	\sim	1091	\cong	731
3279	\sim	932	\cong	820	3325	\sim	1091	\cong	731	3371	\sim	966	\cong	966	3417	\sim	858	\cong	858
3280	\sim	1094	\cong	1090	3326	\sim	1091	\cong	731	3372	\sim	821	\cong	821	3418	\sim	957	\cong	957
3281	\sim	1094	\cong	1090	3327	\sim	884	\cong	884	3373	\sim	920	\cong	920	3419	\sim	876	\cong	876
3282	\sim	851	\cong	847	3328	\sim	965	\cong	965	3374	\sim	839	\cong	821	3420	\sim	777	\cong	777
3283	\sim	932	\cong	820	3329	\sim	884	\cong	884	3375	\sim	740	\cong	740	3421	\sim	848	\cong	750
3284	\sim	851	\cong	847	3330	\sim	803	\cong	771	3376	\sim	849	\cong	849	3422	\sim	875	\cong	875
3285	\sim	770	\cong	730	3331	\sim	1091	\cong	731	3377	\sim	858	\cong	858	3423	\sim	821	\cong	821
3286	\sim	936	\cong	820	3332	\sim	1091	\cong	731	3378	\sim	840	\cong	840	3424	\sim	857	\cong	857
3287	\sim	963	\cong	963	3333	\sim	938	\cong	938	3379	\sim	876	\cong	876	3425	\sim	884	\cong	884
3288	\sim	824	\cong	820	3334	\sim	1091	\cong	731	3380	\sim	885	\cong	885	3426	\sim	821	\cong	821
3289	\sim	945	\cong	941	3335	\sim	1091	\cong	731	3381	\sim	866	\cong	866	3427	\sim	839	\cong	821
3290	\sim	972	\cong	739	3336	\sim	857	\cong	857	3382	\sim	821	\cong	821	3428	\sim	866	\cong	866
3291	\sim	824	\cong	820	3337	\sim	956	\cong	956	3383	\sim	821	\cong	821	3429	\sim	750	\cong	750
3292	\sim	923	\cong	923	3338	\sim	875	\cong	875	3384	\sim	749	\cong	749	3430	\sim	1091	\cong	731
3293	\sim	842	\cong	838	3339	\sim	776	\cong	776	3385	\sim	930	\cong	821	3431	\sim	1091	\cong	731
3294	\sim	743	\cong	739	3340	\sim	849	\cong	849	3386	\sim	939	\cong	939	3432	\sim	957	\cong	957
3295	\sim	855	\cong	847	3341	\sim	876	\cong	876	3387	\sim	920	\cong	920	3433	\sim	1091	\cong	731
3296	\sim	864	\cong	864	3342	\sim	821	\cong	821	3388	\sim	957	\cong	957	3434	\sim	1091	\cong	731
3297	\sim	846	\cong	846	3343	\sim	858	\cong	858	3389	\sim	966	\cong	966	3435	\sim	876	\cong	876
3298	\sim	882	\cong	882	3344	\sim	885	\cong	885	3390	\sim	839	\cong	821	3436	\sim	939	\cong	939
3299	\sim	891	\cong	891	3345	\sim	821	\cong	821	3391	\sim	821	\cong	821	3437	\sim	858	\cong	858
3300	\sim	869	\cong	869	3346	\sim	840	\cong	840	3392	\sim	821	\cong	821	3438	\sim	777	\cong	777
3301	\sim	824	\cong	820	3347	\sim	866	\cong	866	3393	\sim	740	\cong	740	3439	\sim	1091	\cong	731
3302	\sim	824	\cong	820	3348	\sim	749	\cong	749	3394	\sim	768	\cong	731	3440	\sim	1091	\cong	731
3303	\sim	752	\cong	752	3349	\sim	1091	\cong	731	3395	\sim	777	\cong	777	3441	\sim	930	\cong	821
3304	\sim	936	\cong	820	3350	\sim	1091	\cong	731	3396	\sim	741	\cong	741	3442	\sim	1091	\cong	731
3305	\sim	945	\cong	941	3351	\sim	956	\cong	956	3397	\sim	777	\cong	777	3443	\sim	1091	\cong	731
3306	\sim	923	\cong	923	3352	\sim	1091	\cong	731	3398	\sim	804	\cong	731	3444	\sim	849	\cong	849
3307	\sim	963	\cong	963	3353	\sim	1091	\cong	731	3399	\sim	750	\cong	750	3445	\sim	930	\cong	821
3308	\sim	972	\cong	739	3354	\sim	875	\cong	875	3400	\sim	741	\cong	741	3446	\sim	849	\cong	849
3309	\sim	842	\cong	838	3355	\sim	938	\cong	938	3401	\sim	750	\cong	750	3447	\sim	768	\cong	731
3310	\sim	824	\cong	820	3356	\sim	857	\cong	857	3402	\sim	731	\cong	731	3448	\sim	929	\cong	929
3311	\sim	824	\cong	820	3357	\sim	776	\cong	776	3403	\sim	1091	\cong	731	3449	\sim	956	\cong	956
3312	\sim	743	\cong	739	3358	\sim	1091	\cong	731	3404	\sim	1091	\cong	731	3450	\sim	821	\cong	821
3313	\sim	774	\cong	730	3359	\sim	1091	\cong	731	3405	\sim	966	\cong	966	3451	\sim	938	\cong	938
3314	\sim	783	\cong	775	3360	\sim	929	\cong	929	3406	\sim	1091	\cong	731	3452	\sim	965	\cong	965
3315	\sim	747	\cong	739	3361	\sim	1091	\cong	731	3407	\sim	1091	\cong	731	3453	\sim	821	\cong	821
3316	\sim	783	\cong	775	3362	\sim	1091	\cong	731	3408	\sim	885	\cong	885	3454	\sim	920	\cong	920
3317	\sim	810	\cong	802	3363	\sim	848	\cong	750	3409	\sim	966	\cong	966	3455	\sim	840	\cong	840
3318	\sim	756	\cong	748	3364	\sim	929	\cong	929	3410	\sim	885	\cong	885	3456	\sim	741	\cong	741
3319	\sim	747	\cong	739	3365	\sim	848	\cong	750	3411	\sim	804	\cong	731	3457	\sim	848	\cong	750
3320	\sim	756	\cong	748	3366	\sim	767	\cong	731	3412	\sim	1091	\cong	731	3458	\sim	857	\cong	857
3321	\sim	734	\cong	730	3367	\sim	930	\cong	821	3413	\sim	1091	\cong	731	3459	\sim	839	\cong	821
3322	\sim	1091	\cong	731	3368	\sim	957	\cong	957	3414	\sim	939	\cong	939	3460	\sim	875	\cong	875
3323	\sim	1091	\cong	731	3369	\sim	821	\cong	821	3415	\sim	1091	\cong	731	3461	\sim	884	\cong	884

3462	~	866	≅	866	3508	~	840	≅	840	3554	~	821	≅	821	3600	~	775	≅	775
3463	~	821	≅	821	3509	~	866	≅	866	3555	~	740	≅	740	3601	~	1090	≅	1090
3464	~	821	≅	821	3510	~	749	≅	749	3556	~	768	≅	731	3602	~	1090	≅	1090
3465	~	750	≅	750	3511	~	1091	≅	731	3557	~	777	≅	777	3603	~	928	≅	820
3466	~	929	≅	929	3512	~	1091	≅	731	3558	~	741	≅	741	3604	~	1090	≅	1090
3467	~	938	≅	938	3513	~	956	≅	956	3559	~	777	≅	777	3605	~	1090	≅	1090
3468	~	920	≅	920	3514	~	1091	≅	731	3560	~	804	≅	731	3606	~	847	≅	847
3469	~	956	≅	956	3515	~	1091	≅	731	3561	~	750	≅	750	3607	~	928	≅	820
3470	~	965	≅	965	3516	~	875	≅	875	3562	~	741	≅	741	3608	~	847	≅	847
3471	~	840	≅	840	3517	~	938	≅	938	3563	~	750	≅	750	3609	~	766	≅	730
3472	~	821	≅	821	3518	~	857	≅	857	3564	~	731	≅	731	3610	~	928	≅	820
3473	~	821	≅	821	3519	~	776	≅	776	3565	~	1090	≅	1090	3611	~	955	≅	937
3474	~	741	≅	741	3520	~	1091	≅	731	3566	~	1090	≅	1090	3612	~	820	≅	820
3475	~	767	≅	731	3521	~	1091	≅	731	3567	~	964	≅	739	3613	~	937	≅	937
3476	~	776	≅	776	3522	~	929	≅	929	3568	~	1090	≅	1090	3614	~	964	≅	739
3477	~	740	≅	740	3523	~	1091	≅	731	3569	~	1090	≅	1090	3615	~	820	≅	820
3478	~	776	≅	776	3524	~	1091	≅	731	3570	~	883	≅	883	3616	~	919	≅	820
3479	~	803	≅	771	3525	~	848	≅	750	3571	~	964	≅	739	3617	~	838	≅	838
3480	~	749	≅	749	3526	~	929	≅	929	3572	~	883	≅	883	3618	~	739	≅	739
3481	~	740	≅	740	3527	~	848	≅	750	3573	~	802	≅	802	3619	~	847	≅	847
3482	~	749	≅	749	3528	~	767	≅	731	3574	~	1090	≅	1090	3620	~	856	≅	856
3483	~	731	≅	731	3529	~	930	≅	821	3575	~	1090	≅	1090	3621	~	838	≅	838
3484	~	1091	≅	731	3530	~	957	≅	957	3576	~	937	≅	937	3622	~	874	≅	874
3485	~	1091	≅	731	3531	~	821	≅	821	3577	~	1090	≅	1090	3623	~	883	≅	883
3486	~	965	≅	965	3532	~	939	≅	939	3578	~	1090	≅	1090	3624	~	865	≅	820
3487	~	1091	≅	731	3533	~	966	≅	966	3579	~	856	≅	856	3625	~	820	≅	820
3488	~	1091	≅	731	3534	~	821	≅	821	3580	~	955	≅	937	3626	~	820	≅	820
3489	~	884	≅	884	3535	~	920	≅	920	3581	~	874	≅	874	3627	~	748	≅	748
3490	~	965	≅	965	3536	~	839	≅	821	3582	~	775	≅	775	3628	~	928	≅	820
3491	~	884	≅	884	3537	~	740	≅	740	3583	~	847	≅	847	3629	~	937	≅	937
3492	~	803	≅	771	3538	~	849	≅	849	3584	~	874	≅	874	3630	~	919	≅	820
3493	~	1091	≅	731	3539	~	858	≅	858	3585	~	820	≅	820	3631	~	955	≅	937
3494	~	1091	≅	731	3540	~	840	≅	840	3586	~	856	≅	856	3632	~	964	≅	739
3495	~	938	≅	938	3541	~	876	≅	876	3587	~	883	≅	883	3633	~	838	≅	838
3496	~	1091	≅	731	3542	~	885	≅	885	3588	~	820	≅	820	3634	~	820	≅	820
3497	~	1091	≅	731	3543	~	866	≅	866	3589	~	838	≅	838	3635	~	820	≅	820
3498	~	857	≅	857	3544	~	821	≅	821	3590	~	865	≅	820	3636	~	739	≅	739
3499	~	956	≅	956	3545	~	821	≅	821	3591	~	748	≅	748	3637	~	766	≅	730
3500	~	875	≅	875	3546	~	749	≅	749	3592	~	1090	≅	1090	3638	~	775	≅	775
3501	~	776	≅	776	3547	~	930	≅	821	3593	~	1090	≅	1090	3639	~	739	≅	739
3502	~	849	≅	849	3548	~	939	≅	939	3594	~	955	≅	937	3640	~	775	≅	775
3503	~	876	≅	876	3549	~	920	≅	920	3595	~	1090	≅	1090	3641	~	802	≅	802
3504	~	821	≅	821	3550	~	957	≅	957	3596	~	1090	≅	1090	3642	~	748	≅	748
3505	~	858	≅	858	3551	~	966	≅	966	3597	~	874	≅	874	3643	~	739	≅	739
3506	~	885	≅	885	3552	~	839	≅	821	3598	~	937	≅	937	3644	~	748	≅	748
3507	~	821	≅	821	3553	~	821	≅	821	3599	~	856	≅	856	3645	~	730	≅	730

3646 \sim 730 \cong 730	3692 \sim 2399 \cong 2399	3738 \sim 2369 \cong 2369	3784 \sim 2293 \cong 2293
3647 \sim 2190 \cong 750	3693 \sim 820 \cong 820	3739 \sim 2374 \cong 821	3785 \sim 2295 \cong 2295
3648 \sim 730 \cong 730	3694 \sim 2399 \cong 2399	3740 \sim 2376 \cong 739	3786 \sim 2294 \cong 2294
3649 \sim 2190 \cong 750	3695 \sim 2426 \cong 2277	3741 \sim 2375 \cong 2375	3787 \sim 2283 \cong 2283
3650 \sim 2196 \cong 802	3696 \sim 2372 \cong 2372	3742 \sim 2371 \cong 2371	3788 \sim 731 \cong 731
3651 \sim 2193 \cong 2193	3697 \sim 820 \cong 820	3743 \sim 821 \cong 821	3789 \sim 2274 \cong 2274
3652 \sim 730 \cong 730	3698 \sim 2372 \cong 2372	3744 \sim 2372 \cong 2372	3790 \sim 2391 \cong 2391
3653 \sim 2193 \cong 2193	3699 \sim 820 \cong 820	3745 \sim 2287 \cong 2287	3791 \sim 821 \cong 821
3654 \sim 730 \cong 730	3700 \sim 730 \cong 730	3746 \sim 731 \cong 731	3792 \sim 2366 \cong 2366
3655 \sim 820 \cong 820	3701 \sim 2271 \cong 2271	3747 \sim 2285 \cong 2285	3793 \sim 2402 \cong 2402
3656 \sim 2352 \cong 740	3702 \sim 730 \cong 730	3748 \sim 2293 \cong 2293	3794 \sim 2427 \cong 2427
3657 \sim 820 \cong 820	3703 \sim 2271 \cong 2271	3749 \sim 2295 \cong 2295	3795 \sim 2375 \cong 2375
3658 \sim 2352 \cong 740	3704 \sim 2277 \cong 2277	3750 \sim 2294 \cong 2294	3796 \sim 2364 \cong 2364
3659 \sim 2358 \cong 820	3705 \sim 2274 \cong 2274	3751 \sim 2283 \cong 2283	3797 \sim 821 \cong 821
3660 \sim 2355 \cong 2355	3706 \sim 730 \cong 730	3752 \sim 731 \cong 731	3798 \sim 2355 \cong 2355
3661 \sim 820 \cong 820	3707 \sim 2274 \cong 2274	3753 \sim 2274 \cong 2274	3799 \sim 2229 \cong 2229
3662 \sim 2355 \cong 2355	3708 \sim 730 \cong 730	3754 \sim 2368 \cong 739	3800 \sim 731 \cong 731
3663 \sim 820 \cong 820	3709 \sim 820 \cong 820	3755 \sim 821 \cong 821	3801 \sim 2204 \cong 2204
3664 \sim 730 \cong 730	3710 \sim 2399 \cong 2399	3756 \sim 2369 \cong 2369	3802 \sim 2240 \cong 2240
3665 \sim 2271 \cong 2271	3711 \sim 820 \cong 820	3757 \sim 2374 \cong 821	3803 \sim 2265 \cong 2265
3666 \sim 730 \cong 730	3712 \sim 2399 \cong 2399	3758 \sim 2376 \cong 739	3804 \sim 2213 \cong 2213
3667 \sim 2271 \cong 2271	3713 \sim 2426 \cong 2277	3759 \sim 2375 \cong 2375	3805 \sim 2202 \cong 2202
3668 \sim 2277 \cong 2277	3714 \sim 2372 \cong 2372	3760 \sim 2371 \cong 2371	3806 \sim 731 \cong 731
3669 \sim 2274 \cong 2274	3715 \sim 820 \cong 820	3761 \sim 821 \cong 821	3807 \sim 2193 \cong 2193
3670 \sim 730 \cong 730	3716 \sim 2372 \cong 2372	3762 \sim 2372 \cong 2372	3808 \sim 730 \cong 730
3671 \sim 2274 \cong 2274	3717 \sim 820 \cong 820	3763 \sim 2854 \cong 847	3809 \sim 2199 \cong 2199
3672 \sim 730 \cong 730	3718 \sim 730 \cong 730	3764 \sim 1091 \cong 731	3810 \sim 730 \cong 730
3673 \sim 820 \cong 820	3719 \sim 2237 \cong 2237	3765 \sim 2852 \cong 849	3811 \sim 2203 \cong 2203
3674 \sim 2352 \cong 740	3720 \sim 730 \cong 730	3766 \sim 2860 \cong 2212	3812 \sim 2205 \cong 775
3675 \sim 820 \cong 820	3721 \sim 2237 \cong 2237	3767 \sim 2862 \cong 847	3813 \sim 2204 \cong 2204
3676 \sim 2352 \cong 740	3722 \sim 2264 \cong 730	3768 \sim 2861 \cong 731	3814 \sim 730 \cong 730
3677 \sim 2358 \cong 820	3723 \sim 2210 \cong 2210	3769 \sim 2850 \cong 2850	3815 \sim 2202 \cong 2202
3678 \sim 2355 \cong 2355	3724 \sim 730 \cong 730	3770 \sim 1091 \cong 731	3816 \sim 730 \cong 730
3679 \sim 820 \cong 820	3725 \sim 2210 \cong 2210	3771 \sim 2841 \cong 2841	3817 \sim 820 \cong 820
3680 \sim 2355 \cong 2355	3726 \sim 730 \cong 730	3772 \sim 2391 \cong 2391	3818 \sim 2361 \cong 2361
3681 \sim 820 \cong 820	3727 \sim 2206 \cong 748	3773 \sim 821 \cong 821	3819 \sim 820 \cong 820
3682 \sim 1090 \cong 1090	3728 \sim 731 \cong 731	3774 \sim 2366 \cong 2366	3820 \sim 2365 \cong 2365
3683 \sim 2838 \cong 750	3729 \sim 2207 \cong 2207	3775 \sim 2402 \cong 2402	3821 \sim 2367 \cong 2367
3684 \sim 1090 \cong 1090	3730 \sim 2212 \cong 2212	3776 \sim 2427 \cong 2427	3822 \sim 2366 \cong 2366
3685 \sim 2838 \cong 750	3731 \sim 2214 \cong 748	3777 \sim 2375 \cong 2375	3823 \sim 820 \cong 820
3686 \sim 2844 \cong 730	3732 \sim 2213 \cong 2213	3778 \sim 2364 \cong 2364	3824 \sim 2364 \cong 2364
3687 \sim 2841 \cong 2841	3733 \sim 2209 \cong 2209	3779 \sim 821 \cong 821	3825 \sim 820 \cong 820
3688 \sim 1090 \cong 1090	3734 \sim 731 \cong 731	3780 \sim 2355 \cong 2355	3826 \sim 730 \cong 730
3689 \sim 2841 \cong 2841	3735 \sim 2210 \cong 2210	3781 \sim 2287 \cong 2287	3827 \sim 2280 \cong 2280
3690 \sim 1090 \cong 1090	3736 \sim 2368 \cong 739	3782 \sim 731 \cong 731	3828 \sim 730 \cong 730
3691 \sim 820 \cong 820	3737 \sim 821 \cong 821	3783 \sim 2285 \cong 2285	3829 \sim 2284 \cong 2284

3830 \sim 2286 \cong 2286	3876 \sim 2369 \cong 2369	3922 \sim 2369 \cong 2369	3968 \sim 2213 \cong 2213
3831 \sim 2285 \cong 2285	3877 \sim 820 \cong 820	3923 \sim 2375 \cong 2375	3969 \sim 2193 \cong 2193
3832 \sim 730 \cong 730	3878 \sim 2371 \cong 2371	3924 \sim 2372 \cong 2372	3970 \sim 2260 \cong 802
3833 \sim 2283 \cong 2283	3879 \sim 820 \cong 820	3925 \sim 2854 \cong 847	3971 \sim 2262 \cong 750
3834 \sim 730 \cong 730	3880 \sim 730 \cong 730	3926 \sim 2860 \cong 2212	3972 \sim 2261 \cong 2261
3835 \sim 820 \cong 820	3881 \sim 2236 \cong 2236	3927 \sim 2850 \cong 2850	3973 \sim 2262 \cong 750
3836 \sim 2361 \cong 2361	3882 \sim 730 \cong 730	3928 \sim 1091 \cong 731	3974 \sim 734 \cong 730
3837 \sim 820 \cong 820	3883 \sim 2234 \cong 2234	3929 \sim 2862 \cong 847	3975 \sim 2265 \cong 2265
3838 \sim 2365 \cong 2365	3884 \sim 2261 \cong 2261	3930 \sim 1091 \cong 731	3976 \sim 2261 \cong 2261
3839 \sim 2367 \cong 2367	3885 \sim 2207 \cong 2207	3931 \sim 2852 \cong 849	3977 \sim 2265 \cong 2265
3840 \sim 2366 \cong 2366	3886 \sim 730 \cong 730	3932 \sim 2861 \cong 731	3978 \sim 2264 \cong 730
3841 \sim 820 \cong 820	3887 \sim 2209 \cong 2209	3933 \sim 2841 \cong 2841	3979 \sim 2422 \cong 820
3842 \sim 2364 \cong 2364	3888 \sim 730 \cong 730	3934 \sim 2391 \cong 2391	3980 \sim 2424 \cong 966
3843 \sim 820 \cong 820	3889 \sim 2206 \cong 748	3935 \sim 2402 \cong 2402	3981 \sim 2423 \cong 2423
3844 \sim 1090 \cong 1090	3890 \sim 2212 \cong 2212	3936 \sim 2364 \cong 2364	3982 \sim 2424 \cong 966
3845 \sim 2847 \cong 929	3891 \sim 2209 \cong 2209	3937 \sim 821 \cong 821	3983 \sim 824 \cong 820
3846 \sim 1090 \cong 1090	3892 \sim 731 \cong 731	3938 \sim 2427 \cong 2427	3984 \sim 2427 \cong 2427
3847 \sim 2851 \cong 929	3893 \sim 2214 \cong 748	3939 \sim 821 \cong 821	3985 \sim 2423 \cong 2423
3848 \sim 2853 \cong 2853	3894 \sim 731 \cong 731	3940 \sim 2366 \cong 2366	3986 \sim 2427 \cong 2427
3849 \sim 2852 \cong 849	3895 \sim 2207 \cong 2207	3941 \sim 2375 \cong 2375	3987 \sim 2426 \cong 2277
3850 \sim 1090 \cong 1090	3896 \sim 2213 \cong 2213	3942 \sim 2355 \cong 2355	3988 \sim 2313 \cong 2277
3851 \sim 2850 \cong 2850	3897 \sim 2210 \cong 2210	3943 \sim 2287 \cong 2287	3989 \sim 2322 \cong 2322
3852 \sim 1090 \cong 1090	3898 \sim 2368 \cong 739	3944 \sim 2293 \cong 2293	3990 \sim 2286 \cong 2286
3853 \sim 820 \cong 820	3899 \sim 2374 \cong 821	3945 \sim 2283 \cong 2283	3991 \sim 2322 \cong 2322
3854 \sim 2398 \cong 2398	3900 \sim 2371 \cong 2371	3946 \sim 731 \cong 731	3992 \sim 734 \cong 730
3855 \sim 820 \cong 820	3901 \sim 821 \cong 821	3947 \sim 2295 \cong 2295	3993 \sim 2295 \cong 2295
3856 \sim 2396 \cong 2396	3902 \sim 2376 \cong 739	3948 \sim 731 \cong 731	3994 \sim 2286 \cong 2286
3857 \sim 2423 \cong 2423	3903 \sim 821 \cong 821	3949 \sim 2285 \cong 2285	3995 \sim 2295 \cong 2295
3858 \sim 2369 \cong 2369	3904 \sim 2369 \cong 2369	3950 \sim 2294 \cong 2294	3996 \sim 2277 \cong 2277
3859 \sim 820 \cong 820	3905 \sim 2375 \cong 2375	3951 \sim 2274 \cong 2274	3997 \sim 2422 \cong 820
3860 \sim 2371 \cong 2371	3906 \sim 2372 \cong 2372	3952 \sim 2391 \cong 2391	3998 \sim 2424 \cong 966
3861 \sim 820 \cong 820	3907 \sim 2287 \cong 2287	3953 \sim 2402 \cong 2402	3999 \sim 2423 \cong 2423
3862 \sim 730 \cong 730	3908 \sim 2293 \cong 2293	3954 \sim 2364 \cong 2364	4000 \sim 2424 \cong 966
3863 \sim 2280 \cong 2280	3909 \sim 2283 \cong 2283	3955 \sim 821 \cong 821	4001 \sim 824 \cong 820
3864 \sim 730 \cong 730	3910 \sim 731 \cong 731	3956 \sim 2427 \cong 2427	4002 \sim 2427 \cong 2427
3865 \sim 2284 \cong 2284	3911 \sim 2295 \cong 2295	3957 \sim 821 \cong 821	4003 \sim 2423 \cong 2423
3866 \sim 2286 \cong 2286	3912 \sim 731 \cong 731	3958 \sim 2366 \cong 2366	4004 \sim 2427 \cong 2427
3867 \sim 2285 \cong 2285	3913 \sim 2285 \cong 2285	3959 \sim 2375 \cong 2375	4005 \sim 2426 \cong 2277
3868 \sim 730 \cong 730	3914 \sim 2294 \cong 2294	3960 \sim 2355 \cong 2355	4006 \sim 2880 \cong 730
3869 \sim 2283 \cong 2283	3915 \sim 2274 \cong 2274	3961 \sim 2229 \cong 2229	4007 \sim 2889 \cong 750
3870 \sim 730 \cong 730	3916 \sim 2368 \cong 739	3962 \sim 2240 \cong 2240	4008 \sim 2853 \cong 2853
3871 \sim 820 \cong 820	3917 \sim 2374 \cong 821	3963 \sim 2202 \cong 2202	4009 \sim 2889 \cong 750
3872 \sim 2398 \cong 2398	3918 \sim 2371 \cong 2371	3964 \sim 731 \cong 731	4010 \sim 1094 \cong 1090
3873 \sim 820 \cong 820	3919 \sim 821 \cong 821	3965 \sim 2265 \cong 2265	4011 \sim 2862 \cong 847
3874 \sim 2396 \cong 2396	3920 \sim 2376 \cong 739	3966 \sim 731 \cong 731	4012 \sim 2853 \cong 2853
3875 \sim 2423 \cong 2423	3921 \sim 821 \cong 821	3967 \sim 2204 \cong 2204	4013 \sim 2862 \cong 847

4014 \sim 2844 \cong 730	4060 \sim 2395 \cong 2395	4106 \sim 2320 \cong 2294	4152 \sim 730 \cong 730
4015 \sim 2394 \cong 820	4061 \sim 2401 \cong 2401	4107 \sim 2280 \cong 2280	4153 \sim 2280 \cong 2280
4016 \sim 2403 \cong 2287	4062 \sim 2398 \cong 2398	4108 \sim 731 \cong 731	4154 \sim 2286 \cong 2286
4017 \sim 2367 \cong 2367	4063 \sim 821 \cong 821	4109 \sim 2322 \cong 2322	4155 \sim 2283 \cong 2283
4018 \sim 2403 \cong 2287	4064 \sim 2403 \cong 2287	4110 \sim 731 \cong 731	4156 \sim 730 \cong 730
4019 \sim 824 \cong 820	4065 \sim 821 \cong 821	4111 \sim 2284 \cong 2284	4157 \sim 2285 \cong 2285
4020 \sim 2376 \cong 739	4066 \sim 2396 \cong 2396	4112 \sim 2293 \cong 2293	4158 \sim 730 \cong 730
4021 \sim 2367 \cong 2367	4067 \sim 2402 \cong 2402	4113 \sim 2271 \cong 2271	4159 \sim 820 \cong 820
4022 \sim 2376 \cong 739	4068 \sim 2399 \cong 2399	4114 \sim 2388 \cong 821	4160 \sim 2365 \cong 2365
4023 \sim 2358 \cong 820	4069 \sim 2307 \cong 2307	4115 \sim 2401 \cong 2401	4161 \sim 820 \cong 820
4024 \sim 2313 \cong 2277	4070 \sim 2320 \cong 2294	4116 \sim 2361 \cong 2361	4162 \sim 2361 \cong 2361
4025 \sim 2322 \cong 2322	4071 \sim 2280 \cong 2280	4117 \sim 821 \cong 821	4163 \sim 2367 \cong 2367
4026 \sim 2286 \cong 2286	4072 \sim 731 \cong 731	4118 \sim 2424 \cong 966	4164 \sim 2364 \cong 2364
4027 \sim 2322 \cong 2322	4073 \sim 2322 \cong 2322	4119 \sim 821 \cong 821	4165 \sim 820 \cong 820
4028 \sim 734 \cong 730	4074 \sim 731 \cong 731	4120 \sim 2365 \cong 2365	4166 \sim 2366 \cong 2366
4029 \sim 2295 \cong 2295	4075 \sim 2284 \cong 2284	4121 \sim 2374 \cong 821	4167 \sim 820 \cong 820
4030 \sim 2286 \cong 2286	4076 \sim 2293 \cong 2293	4122 \sim 2352 \cong 740	4168 \sim 1090 \cong 1090
4031 \sim 2295 \cong 2295	4077 \sim 2271 \cong 2271	4123 \sim 2226 \cong 820	4169 \sim 2851 \cong 929
4032 \sim 2277 \cong 2277	4078 \sim 2395 \cong 2395	4124 \sim 2239 \cong 2239	4170 \sim 1090 \cong 1090
4033 \sim 2394 \cong 820	4079 \sim 2401 \cong 2401	4125 \sim 2199 \cong 2199	4171 \sim 2847 \cong 929
4034 \sim 2403 \cong 2287	4080 \sim 2398 \cong 2398	4126 \sim 731 \cong 731	4172 \sim 2853 \cong 2853
4035 \sim 2367 \cong 2367	4081 \sim 821 \cong 821	4127 \sim 2262 \cong 750	4173 \sim 2850 \cong 2850
4036 \sim 2403 \cong 2287	4082 \sim 2403 \cong 2287	4128 \sim 731 \cong 731	4174 \sim 1090 \cong 1090
4037 \sim 824 \cong 820	4083 \sim 821 \cong 821	4129 \sim 2203 \cong 2203	4175 \sim 2852 \cong 849
4038 \sim 2376 \cong 739	4084 \sim 2396 \cong 2396	4130 \sim 2212 \cong 2212	4176 \sim 1090 \cong 1090
4039 \sim 2367 \cong 2367	4085 \sim 2402 \cong 2402	4131 \sim 2190 \cong 750	4177 \sim 820 \cong 820
4040 \sim 2376 \cong 739	4086 \sim 2399 \cong 2399	4132 \sim 730 \cong 730	4178 \sim 2396 \cong 2396
4041 \sim 2358 \cong 820	4087 \sim 2874 \cong 820	4133 \sim 2203 \cong 2203	4179 \sim 820 \cong 820
4042 \sim 2232 \cong 730	4088 \sim 2887 \cong 731	4134 \sim 730 \cong 730	4180 \sim 2398 \cong 2398
4043 \sim 2241 \cong 739	4089 \sim 2847 \cong 929	4135 \sim 2199 \cong 2199	4181 \sim 2423 \cong 2423
4044 \sim 2205 \cong 775	4090 \sim 1091 \cong 731	4136 \sim 2205 \cong 775	4182 \sim 2371 \cong 2371
4045 \sim 2241 \cong 739	4091 \sim 2889 \cong 750	4137 \sim 2202 \cong 2202	4183 \sim 820 \cong 820
4046 \sim 734 \cong 730	4092 \sim 1091 \cong 731	4138 \sim 730 \cong 730	4184 \sim 2369 \cong 2369
4047 \sim 2214 \cong 748	4093 \sim 2851 \cong 929	4139 \sim 2204 \cong 2204	4185 \sim 820 \cong 820
4048 \sim 2205 \cong 775	4094 \sim 2860 \cong 2212	4140 \sim 730 \cong 730	4186 \sim 730 \cong 730
4049 \sim 2214 \cong 748	4095 \sim 2838 \cong 750	4141 \sim 820 \cong 820	4187 \sim 2284 \cong 2284
4050 \sim 2196 \cong 802	4096 \sim 2388 \cong 821	4142 \sim 2365 \cong 2365	4188 \sim 730 \cong 730
4051 \sim 2233 \cong 2233	4097 \sim 2401 \cong 2401	4143 \sim 820 \cong 820	4189 \sim 2280 \cong 2280
4052 \sim 2239 \cong 2239	4098 \sim 2361 \cong 2361	4144 \sim 2361 \cong 2361	4190 \sim 2286 \cong 2286
4053 \sim 2236 \cong 2236	4099 \sim 821 \cong 821	4145 \sim 2367 \cong 2367	4191 \sim 2283 \cong 2283
4054 \sim 731 \cong 731	4100 \sim 2424 \cong 966	4146 \sim 2364 \cong 2364	4192 \sim 730 \cong 730
4055 \sim 2241 \cong 739	4101 \sim 821 \cong 821	4147 \sim 820 \cong 820	4193 \sim 2285 \cong 2285
4056 \sim 731 \cong 731	4102 \sim 2365 \cong 2365	4148 \sim 2366 \cong 2366	4194 \sim 730 \cong 730
4057 \sim 2234 \cong 2234	4103 \sim 2374 \cong 821	4149 \sim 820 \cong 820	4195 \sim 820 \cong 820
4058 \sim 2240 \cong 2240	4104 \sim 2352 \cong 740	4150 \sim 730 \cong 730	4196 \sim 2396 \cong 2396
4059 \sim 2237 \cong 2237	4105 \sim 2307 \cong 2307	4151 \sim 2284 \cong 2284	4197 \sim 820 \cong 820

4198 \sim 2398 \cong 2398	4244 \sim 2403 \cong 2287	4290 \sim 2212 \cong 2212	4336 \sim 1090 \cong 1090
4199 \sim 2423 \cong 2423	4245 \sim 2402 \cong 2402	4291 \sim 2199 \cong 2199	4337 \sim 2854 \cong 847
4200 \sim 2371 \cong 2371	4246 \sim 2398 \cong 2398	4292 \sim 731 \cong 731	4338 \sim 1090 \cong 1090
4201 \sim 820 \cong 820	4247 \sim 821 \cong 821	4293 \sim 2190 \cong 750	4339 \sim 820 \cong 820
4202 \sim 2369 \cong 2369	4248 \sim 2399 \cong 2399	4294 \sim 730 \cong 730	4340 \sim 2395 \cong 2395
4203 \sim 820 \cong 820	4249 \sim 2874 \cong 820	4295 \sim 2226 \cong 820	4341 \sim 820 \cong 820
4204 \sim 730 \cong 730	4250 \sim 1091 \cong 731	4296 \sim 730 \cong 730	4342 \sim 2395 \cong 2395
4205 \sim 2234 \cong 2234	4251 \sim 2851 \cong 929	4297 \sim 2226 \cong 820	4343 \sim 2422 \cong 820
4206 \sim 730 \cong 730	4252 \sim 2887 \cong 731	4298 \sim 2232 \cong 730	4344 \sim 2368 \cong 739
4207 \sim 2236 \cong 2236	4253 \sim 2889 \cong 750	4299 \sim 2229 \cong 2229	4345 \sim 820 \cong 820
4208 \sim 2261 \cong 2261	4254 \sim 2860 \cong 2212	4300 \sim 730 \cong 730	4346 \sim 2368 \cong 739
4209 \sim 2209 \cong 2209	4255 \sim 2847 \cong 929	4301 \sim 2229 \cong 2229	4347 \sim 820 \cong 820
4210 \sim 730 \cong 730	4256 \sim 1091 \cong 731	4302 \sim 730 \cong 730	4348 \sim 730 \cong 730
4211 \sim 2207 \cong 2207	4257 \sim 2838 \cong 750	4303 \sim 820 \cong 820	4349 \sim 2307 \cong 2307
4212 \sim 730 \cong 730	4258 \sim 2388 \cong 821	4304 \sim 2388 \cong 821	4350 \sim 730 \cong 730
4213 \sim 2233 \cong 2233	4259 \sim 821 \cong 821	4305 \sim 820 \cong 820	4351 \sim 2307 \cong 2307
4214 \sim 731 \cong 731	4260 \sim 2365 \cong 2365	4306 \sim 2388 \cong 821	4352 \sim 2313 \cong 2277
4215 \sim 2234 \cong 2234	4261 \sim 2401 \cong 2401	4307 \sim 2394 \cong 820	4353 \sim 2287 \cong 2287
4216 \sim 2239 \cong 2239	4262 \sim 2424 \cong 966	4308 \sim 2391 \cong 2391	4354 \sim 730 \cong 730
4217 \sim 2241 \cong 739	4263 \sim 2374 \cong 821	4309 \sim 820 \cong 820	4355 \sim 2287 \cong 2287
4218 \sim 2240 \cong 2240	4264 \sim 2361 \cong 2361	4310 \sim 2391 \cong 2391	4356 \sim 730 \cong 730
4219 \sim 2236 \cong 2236	4265 \sim 821 \cong 821	4311 \sim 820 \cong 820	4357 \sim 820 \cong 820
4220 \sim 731 \cong 731	4266 \sim 2352 \cong 740	4312 \sim 730 \cong 730	4358 \sim 2395 \cong 2395
4221 \sim 2237 \cong 2237	4267 \sim 2307 \cong 2307	4313 \sim 2307 \cong 2307	4359 \sim 820 \cong 820
4222 \sim 2395 \cong 2395	4268 \sim 731 \cong 731	4314 \sim 730 \cong 730	4360 \sim 2395 \cong 2395
4223 \sim 821 \cong 821	4269 \sim 2284 \cong 2284	4315 \sim 2307 \cong 2307	4361 \sim 2422 \cong 820
4224 \sim 2396 \cong 2396	4270 \sim 2320 \cong 2294	4316 \sim 2313 \cong 2277	4362 \sim 2368 \cong 739
4225 \sim 2401 \cong 2401	4271 \sim 2322 \cong 2322	4317 \sim 2287 \cong 2287	4363 \sim 820 \cong 820
4226 \sim 2403 \cong 2287	4272 \sim 2293 \cong 2293	4318 \sim 730 \cong 730	4364 \sim 2368 \cong 739
4227 \sim 2402 \cong 2402	4273 \sim 2280 \cong 2280	4319 \sim 2287 \cong 2287	4365 \sim 820 \cong 820
4228 \sim 2398 \cong 2398	4274 \sim 731 \cong 731	4320 \sim 730 \cong 730	4366 \sim 730 \cong 730
4229 \sim 821 \cong 821	4275 \sim 2271 \cong 2271	4321 \sim 820 \cong 820	4367 \sim 2233 \cong 2233
4230 \sim 2399 \cong 2399	4276 \sim 2388 \cong 821	4322 \sim 2388 \cong 821	4368 \sim 730 \cong 730
4231 \sim 2307 \cong 2307	4277 \sim 821 \cong 821	4323 \sim 820 \cong 820	4369 \sim 2233 \cong 2233
4232 \sim 731 \cong 731	4278 \sim 2365 \cong 2365	4324 \sim 2388 \cong 821	4370 \sim 2260 \cong 802
4233 \sim 2284 \cong 2284	4279 \sim 2401 \cong 2401	4325 \sim 2394 \cong 820	4371 \sim 2206 \cong 748
4234 \sim 2320 \cong 2294	4280 \sim 2424 \cong 966	4326 \sim 2391 \cong 2391	4372 \sim 730 \cong 730
4235 \sim 2322 \cong 2322	4281 \sim 2374 \cong 821	4327 \sim 820 \cong 820	4373 \sim 2206 \cong 748
4236 \sim 2293 \cong 2293	4282 \sim 2361 \cong 2361	4328 \sim 2391 \cong 2391	4374 \sim 730 \cong 730
4237 \sim 2280 \cong 2280	4283 \sim 821 \cong 821	4329 \sim 820 \cong 820	4375 \sim 1094 \cong 1090
4238 \sim 731 \cong 731	4284 \sim 2352 \cong 740	4330 \sim 1090 \cong 1090	4376 \sim 824 \cong 820
4239 \sim 2271 \cong 2271	4285 \sim 2226 \cong 820	4331 \sim 2874 \cong 820	4377 \sim 824 \cong 820
4240 \sim 2395 \cong 2395	4286 \sim 731 \cong 731	4332 \sim 1090 \cong 1090	4378 \sim 824 \cong 820
4241 \sim 821 \cong 821	4287 \sim 2203 \cong 2203	4333 \sim 2874 \cong 820	4379 \sim 734 \cong 730
4242 \sim 2396 \cong 2396	4288 \sim 2239 \cong 2239	4334 \sim 2880 \cong 730	4380 \sim 734 \cong 730
4243 \sim 2401 \cong 2401	4289 \sim 2262 \cong 750	4335 \sim 2854 \cong 847	4381 \sim 824 \cong 820

4382 ~ 734 \cong 730	4428 ~ 2205 \cong 775	4474 ~ 1091 \cong 731	4520 ~ 2369 \cong 2369
4383 ~ 734 \cong 730	4429 ~ 2862 \cong 847	4475 ~ 821 \cong 821	4521 ~ 2366 \cong 2366
4384 ~ 2889 \cong 750	4430 ~ 2427 \cong 2427	4476 ~ 821 \cong 821	4522 ~ 2369 \cong 2369
4385 ~ 2424 \cong 966	4431 ~ 2376 \cong 739	4477 ~ 821 \cong 821	4523 ~ 2207 \cong 2207
4386 ~ 2403 \cong 2287	4432 ~ 2427 \cong 2427	4478 ~ 731 \cong 731	4524 ~ 2285 \cong 2285
4387 ~ 2424 \cong 966	4433 ~ 2265 \cong 2265	4479 ~ 731 \cong 731	4525 ~ 2366 \cong 2366
4388 ~ 2262 \cong 750	4434 ~ 2295 \cong 2295	4480 ~ 821 \cong 821	4526 ~ 2285 \cong 2285
4389 ~ 2322 \cong 2322	4435 ~ 2376 \cong 739	4481 ~ 731 \cong 731	4527 ~ 2204 \cong 2204
4390 ~ 2403 \cong 2287	4436 ~ 2295 \cong 2295	4482 ~ 731 \cong 731	4528 ~ 2841 \cong 2841
4391 ~ 2322 \cong 2322	4437 ~ 2214 \cong 748	4483 ~ 2860 \cong 2212	4529 ~ 2372 \cong 2372
4392 ~ 2241 \cong 739	4438 ~ 2853 \cong 2853	4484 ~ 2374 \cong 821	4530 ~ 2355 \cong 2355
4393 ~ 2862 \cong 847	4439 ~ 2423 \cong 2423	4485 ~ 2402 \cong 2402	4531 ~ 2372 \cong 2372
4394 ~ 2427 \cong 2427	4440 ~ 2367 \cong 2367	4486 ~ 2374 \cong 821	4532 ~ 2210 \cong 2210
4395 ~ 2376 \cong 739	4441 ~ 2423 \cong 2423	4487 ~ 2212 \cong 2212	4533 ~ 2274 \cong 2274
4396 ~ 2427 \cong 2427	4442 ~ 2261 \cong 2261	4488 ~ 2293 \cong 2293	4534 ~ 2355 \cong 2355
4397 ~ 2265 \cong 2265	4443 ~ 2286 \cong 2286	4489 ~ 2402 \cong 2402	4535 ~ 2274 \cong 2274
4398 ~ 2295 \cong 2295	4444 ~ 2367 \cong 2367	4490 ~ 2293 \cong 2293	4536 ~ 2193 \cong 2193
4399 ~ 2376 \cong 739	4445 ~ 2286 \cong 2286	4491 ~ 2240 \cong 2240	4537 ~ 2889 \cong 750
4400 ~ 2295 \cong 2295	4446 ~ 2205 \cong 775	4492 ~ 2854 \cong 847	4538 ~ 2403 \cong 2287
4401 ~ 2214 \cong 748	4447 ~ 2844 \cong 730	4493 ~ 2368 \cong 739	4539 ~ 2424 \cong 966
4402 ~ 2889 \cong 750	4448 ~ 2426 \cong 2277	4494 ~ 2391 \cong 2391	4540 ~ 2403 \cong 2287
4403 ~ 2424 \cong 966	4449 ~ 2358 \cong 820	4495 ~ 2368 \cong 739	4541 ~ 2241 \cong 739
4404 ~ 2403 \cong 2287	4450 ~ 2426 \cong 2277	4496 ~ 2206 \cong 748	4542 ~ 2322 \cong 2322
4405 ~ 2424 \cong 966	4451 ~ 2264 \cong 730	4497 ~ 2287 \cong 2287	4543 ~ 2424 \cong 966
4406 ~ 2262 \cong 750	4452 ~ 2277 \cong 2277	4498 ~ 2391 \cong 2391	4544 ~ 2322 \cong 2322
4407 ~ 2322 \cong 2322	4453 ~ 2358 \cong 820	4499 ~ 2287 \cong 2287	4545 ~ 2262 \cong 750
4408 ~ 2403 \cong 2287	4454 ~ 2277 \cong 2277	4500 ~ 2229 \cong 2229	4546 ~ 1091 \cong 731
4409 ~ 2322 \cong 2322	4455 ~ 2196 \cong 802	4501 ~ 2850 \cong 2850	4547 ~ 821 \cong 821
4410 ~ 2241 \cong 739	4456 ~ 2862 \cong 847	4502 ~ 2371 \cong 2371	4548 ~ 821 \cong 821
4411 ~ 2880 \cong 730	4457 ~ 2376 \cong 739	4503 ~ 2364 \cong 2364	4549 ~ 821 \cong 821
4412 ~ 2422 \cong 820	4458 ~ 2427 \cong 2427	4504 ~ 2371 \cong 2371	4550 ~ 731 \cong 731
4413 ~ 2394 \cong 820	4459 ~ 2376 \cong 739	4505 ~ 2209 \cong 2209	4551 ~ 731 \cong 731
4414 ~ 2422 \cong 820	4460 ~ 2214 \cong 748	4506 ~ 2283 \cong 2283	4552 ~ 821 \cong 821
4415 ~ 2260 \cong 802	4461 ~ 2295 \cong 2295	4507 ~ 2364 \cong 2364	4553 ~ 731 \cong 731
4416 ~ 2313 \cong 2277	4462 ~ 2427 \cong 2427	4508 ~ 2283 \cong 2283	4554 ~ 731 \cong 731
4417 ~ 2394 \cong 820	4463 ~ 2295 \cong 2295	4509 ~ 2202 \cong 2202	4555 ~ 1091 \cong 731
4418 ~ 2313 \cong 2277	4464 ~ 2265 \cong 2265	4510 ~ 2861 \cong 731	4556 ~ 821 \cong 821
4419 ~ 2232 \cong 730	4465 ~ 1091 \cong 731	4511 ~ 2375 \cong 2375	4557 ~ 821 \cong 821
4420 ~ 2853 \cong 2853	4466 ~ 821 \cong 821	4512 ~ 2375 \cong 2375	4558 ~ 821 \cong 821
4421 ~ 2423 \cong 2423	4467 ~ 821 \cong 821	4513 ~ 2375 \cong 2375	4559 ~ 731 \cong 731
4422 ~ 2367 \cong 2367	4468 ~ 821 \cong 821	4514 ~ 2213 \cong 2213	4560 ~ 731 \cong 731
4423 ~ 2423 \cong 2423	4469 ~ 731 \cong 731	4515 ~ 2294 \cong 2294	4561 ~ 821 \cong 821
4424 ~ 2261 \cong 2261	4470 ~ 731 \cong 731	4516 ~ 2375 \cong 2375	4562 ~ 731 \cong 731
4425 ~ 2286 \cong 2286	4471 ~ 821 \cong 821	4517 ~ 2294 \cong 2294	4563 ~ 731 \cong 731
4426 ~ 2367 \cong 2367	4472 ~ 731 \cong 731	4518 ~ 2213 \cong 2213	4564 ~ 2887 \cong 731
4427 ~ 2286 \cong 2286	4473 ~ 731 \cong 731	4519 ~ 2852 \cong 849	4565 ~ 2401 \cong 2401

4566 ~ 2401 \cong 2401	4612 ~ 2399 \cong 2399	4658 ~ 2206 \cong 748	4704 ~ 2277 \cong 2277
4567 ~ 2401 \cong 2401	4613 ~ 2237 \cong 2237	4659 ~ 2287 \cong 2287	4705 ~ 2426 \cong 2277
4568 ~ 2239 \cong 2239	4614 ~ 2271 \cong 2271	4660 ~ 2391 \cong 2391	4706 ~ 2277 \cong 2277
4569 ~ 2320 \cong 2294	4615 ~ 2352 \cong 740	4661 ~ 2287 \cong 2287	4707 ~ 2264 \cong 730
4570 ~ 2401 \cong 2401	4616 ~ 2271 \cong 2271	4662 ~ 2229 \cong 2229	4708 ~ 2838 \cong 750
4571 ~ 2320 \cong 2294	4617 ~ 2190 \cong 750	4663 ~ 2852 \cong 849	4709 ~ 2352 \cong 740
4572 ~ 2239 \cong 2239	4618 ~ 2862 \cong 847	4664 ~ 2369 \cong 2369	4710 ~ 2399 \cong 2399
4573 ~ 2874 \cong 820	4619 ~ 2376 \cong 739	4665 ~ 2366 \cong 2366	4711 ~ 2352 \cong 740
4574 ~ 2395 \cong 2395	4620 ~ 2427 \cong 2427	4666 ~ 2369 \cong 2369	4712 ~ 2190 \cong 750
4575 ~ 2388 \cong 821	4621 ~ 2376 \cong 739	4667 ~ 2207 \cong 2207	4713 ~ 2271 \cong 2271
4576 ~ 2395 \cong 2395	4622 ~ 2214 \cong 748	4668 ~ 2285 \cong 2285	4714 ~ 2399 \cong 2399
4577 ~ 2233 \cong 2233	4623 ~ 2295 \cong 2295	4669 ~ 2366 \cong 2366	4715 ~ 2271 \cong 2271
4578 ~ 2307 \cong 2307	4624 ~ 2427 \cong 2427	4670 ~ 2285 \cong 2285	4716 ~ 2237 \cong 2237
4579 ~ 2388 \cong 821	4625 ~ 2295 \cong 2295	4671 ~ 2204 \cong 2204	4717 ~ 2841 \cong 2841
4580 ~ 2307 \cong 2307	4626 ~ 2265 \cong 2265	4672 ~ 1091 \cong 731	4718 ~ 2355 \cong 2355
4581 ~ 2226 \cong 820	4627 ~ 2860 \cong 2212	4673 ~ 821 \cong 821	4719 ~ 2372 \cong 2372
4582 ~ 2847 \cong 929	4628 ~ 2374 \cong 821	4674 ~ 821 \cong 821	4720 ~ 2355 \cong 2355
4583 ~ 2398 \cong 2398	4629 ~ 2402 \cong 2402	4675 ~ 821 \cong 821	4721 ~ 2193 \cong 2193
4584 ~ 2361 \cong 2361	4630 ~ 2374 \cong 821	4676 ~ 731 \cong 731	4722 ~ 2274 \cong 2274
4585 ~ 2398 \cong 2398	4631 ~ 2212 \cong 2212	4677 ~ 731 \cong 731	4723 ~ 2372 \cong 2372
4586 ~ 2236 \cong 2236	4632 ~ 2293 \cong 2293	4678 ~ 821 \cong 821	4724 ~ 2274 \cong 2274
4587 ~ 2280 \cong 2280	4633 ~ 2402 \cong 2402	4679 ~ 731 \cong 731	4725 ~ 2210 \cong 2210
4588 ~ 2361 \cong 2361	4634 ~ 2293 \cong 2293	4680 ~ 731 \cong 731	4726 ~ 2838 \cong 750
4589 ~ 2280 \cong 2280	4635 ~ 2240 \cong 2240	4681 ~ 2850 \cong 2850	4727 ~ 2352 \cong 740
4590 ~ 2199 \cong 2199	4636 ~ 2861 \cong 731	4682 ~ 2371 \cong 2371	4728 ~ 2399 \cong 2399
4591 ~ 2860 \cong 2212	4637 ~ 2375 \cong 2375	4683 ~ 2364 \cong 2364	4729 ~ 2352 \cong 740
4592 ~ 2402 \cong 2402	4638 ~ 2375 \cong 2375	4684 ~ 2371 \cong 2371	4730 ~ 2190 \cong 750
4593 ~ 2374 \cong 821	4639 ~ 2375 \cong 2375	4685 ~ 2209 \cong 2209	4731 ~ 2271 \cong 2271
4594 ~ 2402 \cong 2402	4640 ~ 2213 \cong 2213	4686 ~ 2283 \cong 2283	4732 ~ 2399 \cong 2399
4595 ~ 2240 \cong 2240	4641 ~ 2294 \cong 2294	4687 ~ 2364 \cong 2364	4733 ~ 2271 \cong 2271
4596 ~ 2293 \cong 2293	4642 ~ 2375 \cong 2375	4688 ~ 2283 \cong 2283	4734 ~ 2237 \cong 2237
4597 ~ 2374 \cong 821	4643 ~ 2294 \cong 2294	4689 ~ 2202 \cong 2202	4735 ~ 1090 \cong 1090
4598 ~ 2293 \cong 2293	4644 ~ 2213 \cong 2213	4690 ~ 2841 \cong 2841	4736 ~ 820 \cong 820
4599 ~ 2212 \cong 2212	4645 ~ 1091 \cong 731	4691 ~ 2372 \cong 2372	4737 ~ 820 \cong 820
4600 ~ 2851 \cong 929	4646 ~ 821 \cong 821	4692 ~ 2355 \cong 2355	4738 ~ 820 \cong 820
4601 ~ 2396 \cong 2396	4647 ~ 821 \cong 821	4693 ~ 2372 \cong 2372	4739 ~ 730 \cong 730
4602 ~ 2365 \cong 2365	4648 ~ 821 \cong 821	4694 ~ 2210 \cong 2210	4740 ~ 730 \cong 730
4603 ~ 2396 \cong 2396	4649 ~ 731 \cong 731	4695 ~ 2274 \cong 2274	4741 ~ 820 \cong 820
4604 ~ 2234 \cong 2234	4650 ~ 731 \cong 731	4696 ~ 2355 \cong 2355	4742 ~ 730 \cong 730
4605 ~ 2284 \cong 2284	4651 ~ 821 \cong 821	4697 ~ 2274 \cong 2274	4743 ~ 730 \cong 730
4606 ~ 2365 \cong 2365	4652 ~ 731 \cong 731	4698 ~ 2193 \cong 2193	4744 ~ 1090 \cong 1090
4607 ~ 2284 \cong 2284	4653 ~ 731 \cong 731	4699 ~ 2844 \cong 730	4745 ~ 820 \cong 820
4608 ~ 2203 \cong 2203	4654 ~ 2854 \cong 847	4700 ~ 2358 \cong 820	4746 ~ 820 \cong 820
4609 ~ 2838 \cong 750	4655 ~ 2368 \cong 739	4701 ~ 2426 \cong 2277	4747 ~ 820 \cong 820
4610 ~ 2399 \cong 2399	4656 ~ 2391 \cong 2391	4702 ~ 2358 \cong 820	4748 ~ 730 \cong 730
4611 ~ 2352 \cong 740	4657 ~ 2368 \cong 739	4703 ~ 2196 \cong 802	4749 ~ 730 \cong 730

4750 \sim 820 \cong 820	4796 \sim 2284 \cong 2284	4842 \sim 2209 \cong 2209	4888 \sim 1091 \cong 731
4751 \sim 730 \cong 730	4797 \sim 2234 \cong 2234	4843 \sim 1090 \cong 1090	4889 \sim 821 \cong 821
4752 \sim 730 \cong 730	4798 \sim 2852 \cong 849	4844 \sim 820 \cong 820	4890 \sim 821 \cong 821
4753 \sim 2841 \cong 2841	4799 \sim 2366 \cong 2366	4845 \sim 820 \cong 820	4891 \sim 821 \cong 821
4754 \sim 2355 \cong 2355	4800 \sim 2369 \cong 2369	4846 \sim 820 \cong 820	4892 \sim 731 \cong 731
4755 \sim 2372 \cong 2372	4801 \sim 2366 \cong 2366	4847 \sim 730 \cong 730	4893 \sim 731 \cong 731
4756 \sim 2355 \cong 2355	4802 \sim 2204 \cong 2204	4848 \sim 730 \cong 730	4894 \sim 821 \cong 821
4757 \sim 2193 \cong 2193	4803 \sim 2285 \cong 2285	4849 \sim 820 \cong 820	4895 \sim 731 \cong 731
4758 \sim 2274 \cong 2274	4804 \sim 2369 \cong 2369	4850 \sim 730 \cong 730	4896 \sim 731 \cong 731
4759 \sim 2372 \cong 2372	4805 \sim 2285 \cong 2285	4851 \sim 730 \cong 730	4897 \sim 2874 \cong 820
4760 \sim 2274 \cong 2274	4806 \sim 2207 \cong 2207	4852 \sim 1090 \cong 1090	4898 \sim 2395 \cong 2395
4761 \sim 2210 \cong 2210	4807 \sim 2847 \cong 929	4853 \sim 820 \cong 820	4899 \sim 2388 \cong 821
4762 \sim 1090 \cong 1090	4808 \sim 2361 \cong 2361	4854 \sim 820 \cong 820	4900 \sim 2395 \cong 2395
4763 \sim 820 \cong 820	4809 \sim 2398 \cong 2398	4855 \sim 820 \cong 820	4901 \sim 2233 \cong 2233
4764 \sim 820 \cong 820	4810 \sim 2361 \cong 2361	4856 \sim 730 \cong 730	4902 \sim 2307 \cong 2307
4765 \sim 820 \cong 820	4811 \sim 2199 \cong 2199	4857 \sim 730 \cong 730	4903 \sim 2388 \cong 821
4766 \sim 730 \cong 730	4812 \sim 2280 \cong 2280	4858 \sim 820 \cong 820	4904 \sim 2307 \cong 2307
4767 \sim 730 \cong 730	4813 \sim 2398 \cong 2398	4859 \sim 730 \cong 730	4905 \sim 2226 \cong 820
4768 \sim 820 \cong 820	4814 \sim 2280 \cong 2280	4860 \sim 730 \cong 730	4906 \sim 2851 \cong 929
4769 \sim 730 \cong 730	4815 \sim 2236 \cong 2236	4861 \sim 2889 \cong 750	4907 \sim 2396 \cong 2396
4770 \sim 730 \cong 730	4816 \sim 1090 \cong 1090	4862 \sim 2403 \cong 2287	4908 \sim 2365 \cong 2365
4771 \sim 1090 \cong 1090	4817 \sim 820 \cong 820	4863 \sim 2424 \cong 966	4909 \sim 2396 \cong 2396
4772 \sim 820 \cong 820	4818 \sim 820 \cong 820	4864 \sim 2403 \cong 2287	4910 \sim 2234 \cong 2234
4773 \sim 820 \cong 820	4819 \sim 820 \cong 820	4865 \sim 2241 \cong 739	4911 \sim 2284 \cong 2284
4774 \sim 820 \cong 820	4820 \sim 730 \cong 730	4866 \sim 2322 \cong 2322	4912 \sim 2365 \cong 2365
4775 \sim 730 \cong 730	4821 \sim 730 \cong 730	4867 \sim 2424 \cong 966	4913 \sim 2284 \cong 2284
4776 \sim 730 \cong 730	4822 \sim 820 \cong 820	4868 \sim 2322 \cong 2322	4914 \sim 2203 \cong 2203
4777 \sim 820 \cong 820	4823 \sim 730 \cong 730	4869 \sim 2262 \cong 750	4915 \sim 1091 \cong 731
4778 \sim 730 \cong 730	4824 \sim 730 \cong 730	4870 \sim 2887 \cong 731	4916 \sim 821 \cong 821
4779 \sim 730 \cong 730	4825 \sim 1090 \cong 1090	4871 \sim 2401 \cong 2401	4917 \sim 821 \cong 821
4780 \sim 2853 \cong 2853	4826 \sim 820 \cong 820	4872 \sim 2401 \cong 2401	4918 \sim 821 \cong 821
4781 \sim 2367 \cong 2367	4827 \sim 820 \cong 820	4873 \sim 2401 \cong 2401	4919 \sim 731 \cong 731
4782 \sim 2423 \cong 2423	4828 \sim 820 \cong 820	4874 \sim 2239 \cong 2239	4920 \sim 731 \cong 731
4783 \sim 2367 \cong 2367	4829 \sim 730 \cong 730	4875 \sim 2320 \cong 2294	4921 \sim 821 \cong 821
4784 \sim 2205 \cong 775	4830 \sim 730 \cong 730	4876 \sim 2401 \cong 2401	4922 \sim 731 \cong 731
4785 \sim 2286 \cong 2286	4831 \sim 820 \cong 820	4877 \sim 2320 \cong 2294	4923 \sim 731 \cong 731
4786 \sim 2423 \cong 2423	4832 \sim 730 \cong 730	4878 \sim 2239 \cong 2239	4924 \sim 2847 \cong 929
4787 \sim 2286 \cong 2286	4833 \sim 730 \cong 730	4879 \sim 2860 \cong 2212	4925 \sim 2398 \cong 2398
4788 \sim 2261 \cong 2261	4834 \sim 2850 \cong 2850	4880 \sim 2402 \cong 2402	4926 \sim 2361 \cong 2361
4789 \sim 2851 \cong 929	4835 \sim 2364 \cong 2364	4881 \sim 2374 \cong 821	4927 \sim 2398 \cong 2398
4790 \sim 2365 \cong 2365	4836 \sim 2371 \cong 2371	4882 \sim 2402 \cong 2402	4928 \sim 2236 \cong 2236
4791 \sim 2396 \cong 2396	4837 \sim 2364 \cong 2364	4883 \sim 2240 \cong 2240	4929 \sim 2280 \cong 2280
4792 \sim 2365 \cong 2365	4838 \sim 2202 \cong 2202	4884 \sim 2293 \cong 2293	4930 \sim 2361 \cong 2361
4793 \sim 2203 \cong 2203	4839 \sim 2283 \cong 2283	4885 \sim 2374 \cong 821	4931 \sim 2280 \cong 2280
4794 \sim 2284 \cong 2284	4840 \sim 2371 \cong 2371	4886 \sim 2293 \cong 2293	4932 \sim 2199 \cong 2199
4795 \sim 2396 \cong 2396	4841 \sim 2283 \cong 2283	4887 \sim 2212 \cong 2212	4933 \sim 2838 \cong 750

4934 \sim 2399 \cong 2399	4977 \sim 2234 \cong 2234	5020 \sim 820 \cong 820	5063 \sim 730 \cong 730
4935 \sim 2352 \cong 740	4978 \sim 1090 \cong 1090	5021 \sim 730 \cong 730	5064 \sim 730 \cong 730
4936 \sim 2399 \cong 2399	4979 \sim 820 \cong 820	5022 \sim 730 \cong 730	5065 \sim 820 \cong 820
4937 \sim 2237 \cong 2237	4980 \sim 820 \cong 820	5023 \sim 2880 \cong 730	5066 \sim 730 \cong 730
4938 \sim 2271 \cong 2271	4981 \sim 820 \cong 820	5024 \sim 2394 \cong 820	5067 \sim 730 \cong 730
4939 \sim 2352 \cong 740	4982 \sim 730 \cong 730	5025 \sim 2422 \cong 820	5068 \sim 1090 \cong 1090
4940 \sim 2271 \cong 2271	4983 \sim 730 \cong 730	5026 \sim 2394 \cong 820	5069 \sim 820 \cong 820
4941 \sim 2190 \cong 750	4984 \sim 820 \cong 820	5027 \sim 2232 \cong 730	5070 \sim 820 \cong 820
4942 \sim 2853 \cong 2853	4985 \sim 730 \cong 730	5028 \sim 2313 \cong 2277	5071 \sim 820 \cong 820
4943 \sim 2367 \cong 2367	4986 \sim 730 \cong 730	5029 \sim 2422 \cong 820	5072 \sim 730 \cong 730
4944 \sim 2423 \cong 2423	4987 \sim 1090 \cong 1090	5030 \sim 2313 \cong 2277	5073 \sim 730 \cong 730
4945 \sim 2367 \cong 2367	4988 \sim 820 \cong 820	5031 \sim 2260 \cong 802	5074 \sim 820 \cong 820
4946 \sim 2205 \cong 775	4989 \sim 820 \cong 820	5032 \sim 2874 \cong 820	5075 \sim 730 \cong 730
4947 \sim 2286 \cong 2286	4990 \sim 820 \cong 820	5033 \sim 2388 \cong 821	5076 \sim 730 \cong 730
4948 \sim 2423 \cong 2423	4991 \sim 730 \cong 730	5034 \sim 2395 \cong 2395	5077 \sim 2854 \cong 847
4949 \sim 2286 \cong 2286	4992 \sim 730 \cong 730	5035 \sim 2388 \cong 821	5078 \sim 2391 \cong 2391
4950 \sim 2261 \cong 2261	4993 \sim 820 \cong 820	5036 \sim 2226 \cong 820	5079 \sim 2368 \cong 739
4951 \sim 2847 \cong 929	4994 \sim 730 \cong 730	5037 \sim 2307 \cong 2307	5080 \sim 2391 \cong 2391
4952 \sim 2361 \cong 2361	4995 \sim 730 \cong 730	5038 \sim 2395 \cong 2395	5081 \sim 2229 \cong 2229
4953 \sim 2398 \cong 2398	4996 \sim 2852 \cong 849	5039 \sim 2307 \cong 2307	5082 \sim 2287 \cong 2287
4954 \sim 2361 \cong 2361	4997 \sim 2366 \cong 2366	5040 \sim 2233 \cong 2233	5083 \sim 2368 \cong 739
4955 \sim 2199 \cong 2199	4998 \sim 2369 \cong 2369	5041 \sim 2854 \cong 847	5084 \sim 2287 \cong 2287
4956 \sim 2280 \cong 2280	4999 \sim 2366 \cong 2366	5042 \sim 2391 \cong 2391	5085 \sim 2206 \cong 748
4957 \sim 2398 \cong 2398	5000 \sim 2204 \cong 2204	5043 \sim 2368 \cong 739	5086 \sim 1090 \cong 1090
4958 \sim 2280 \cong 2280	5001 \sim 2285 \cong 2285	5044 \sim 2391 \cong 2391	5087 \sim 820 \cong 820
4959 \sim 2236 \cong 2236	5002 \sim 2369 \cong 2369	5045 \sim 2229 \cong 2229	5088 \sim 820 \cong 820
4960 \sim 2850 \cong 2850	5003 \sim 2285 \cong 2285	5046 \sim 2287 \cong 2287	5089 \sim 820 \cong 820
4961 \sim 2364 \cong 2364	5004 \sim 2207 \cong 2207	5047 \sim 2368 \cong 739	5090 \sim 730 \cong 730
4962 \sim 2371 \cong 2371	5005 \sim 1090 \cong 1090	5048 \sim 2287 \cong 2287	5091 \sim 730 \cong 730
4963 \sim 2364 \cong 2364	5006 \sim 820 \cong 820	5049 \sim 2206 \cong 748	5092 \sim 820 \cong 820
4964 \sim 2202 \cong 2202	5007 \sim 820 \cong 820	5050 \sim 2874 \cong 820	5093 \sim 730 \cong 730
4965 \sim 2283 \cong 2283	5008 \sim 820 \cong 820	5051 \sim 2388 \cong 821	5094 \sim 730 \cong 730
4966 \sim 2371 \cong 2371	5009 \sim 730 \cong 730	5052 \sim 2395 \cong 2395	5095 \sim 1090 \cong 1090
4967 \sim 2283 \cong 2283	5010 \sim 730 \cong 730	5053 \sim 2388 \cong 821	5096 \sim 820 \cong 820
4968 \sim 2209 \cong 2209	5011 \sim 820 \cong 820	5054 \sim 2226 \cong 820	5097 \sim 820 \cong 820
4969 \sim 2851 \cong 929	5012 \sim 730 \cong 730	5055 \sim 2307 \cong 2307	5098 \sim 820 \cong 820
4970 \sim 2365 \cong 2365	5013 \sim 730 \cong 730	5056 \sim 2395 \cong 2395	5099 \sim 730 \cong 730
4971 \sim 2396 \cong 2396	5014 \sim 1090 \cong 1090	5057 \sim 2307 \cong 2307	5100 \sim 730 \cong 730
4972 \sim 2365 \cong 2365	5015 \sim 820 \cong 820	5058 \sim 2233 \cong 2233	5101 \sim 820 \cong 820
4973 \sim 2203 \cong 2203	5016 \sim 820 \cong 820	5059 \sim 1090 \cong 1090	5102 \sim 730 \cong 730
4974 \sim 2284 \cong 2284	5017 \sim 820 \cong 820	5060 \sim 820 \cong 820	5103 \sim 730 \cong 730
4975 \sim 2396 \cong 2396	5018 \sim 730 \cong 730	5061 \sim 820 \cong 820	
4976 \sim 2284 \cong 2284	5019 \sim 730 \cong 730	5062 \sim 820 \cong 820	

5104 through 5832 \sim 1090 \cong 1090.

8 Group information

We use the following notation:

- Rels - a list of some relators in the group. In most cases these are the first few relators in the length-lexicographic order, but in some cases (more precisely, for the automata numbered by 744, 753, 776, 840, 843, 858, 885, 888, 956, 965, 2209, 2210, 2213, 2234, 2261, 2274, 2293, 2355, 2364, 2396, 2402, 2423) there could be some shorter relators. In most cases the given list does not give a presentation of the group (exception are the finite and abelian groups, and the automata numbered by 820, 846, 870, 2212, 2240, 2294).
- SF - these numbers represent the size of the factors $G/\text{Stab}_G(n)$, for $n \geq 0$.
- Gr - these numbers represent the first few values of the growth function $\gamma_G(n)$, for $n \geq 0$, with respect to the generating system a, b, c ($\gamma_G(n)$ counts the number of elements of length at most n in G).

Automaton number 1

$a = (a, a)$ Group: *Trivial Group*

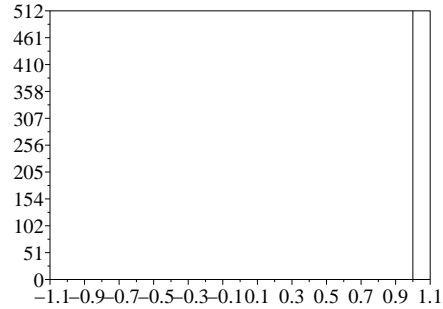
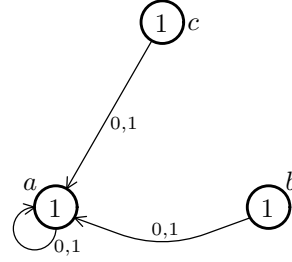
$b = (a, a)$ Contracting: *yes*

$c = (a, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*

Rels: a, b, c

SF: $2^0, 2^0, 2^0, 2^0, 2^0, 2^0, 2^0, 2^0, 2^0$

Gr: 1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1



Automaton number 730

$a = \sigma(a, a)$ Group: *Klein Group*

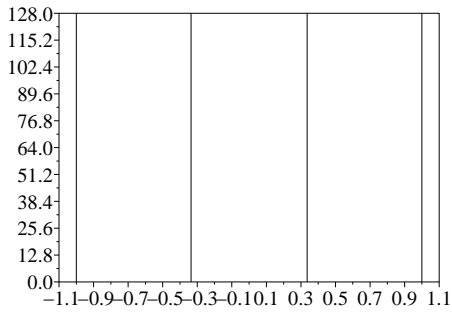
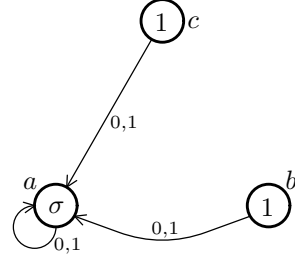
$b = (a, a)$ Contracting: *yes*

$c = (a, a)$ Self-replicating: *no*

Rels: $b^{-1}c, a^2, b^2, abab$

SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^2, 2^2, 2^2, 2^2, 2^2, 2^2, 2^2$

Gr: $1, 3, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4$



Automaton number 731

$a = \sigma(b, a)$ Group: \mathbb{Z}

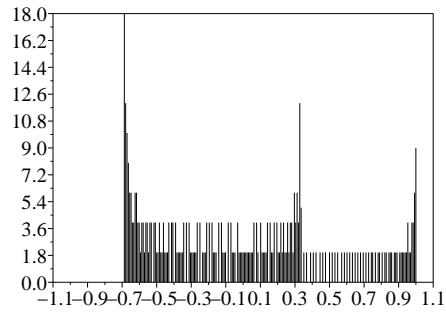
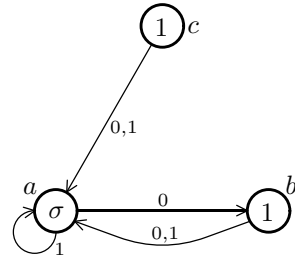
$b = (a, a)$ Contracting: *yes*

$c = (a, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*

Rels: $b^{-1}c, ba^2$

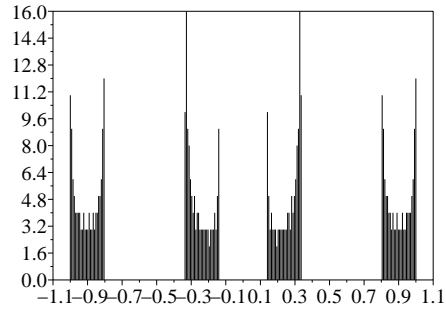
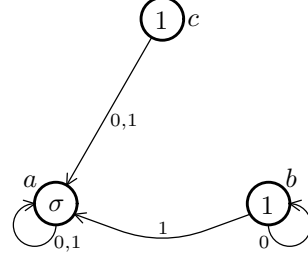
SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^2, 2^3, 2^4, 2^5, 2^6, 2^7, 2^8$

Gr: $1, 5, 9, 13, 17, 21, 25, 29, 33, 37, 41$



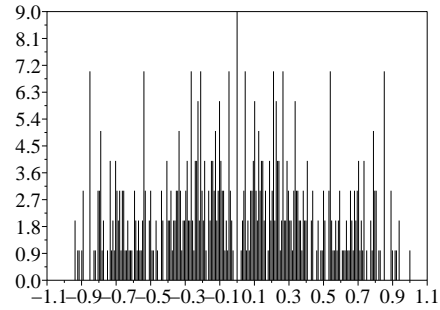
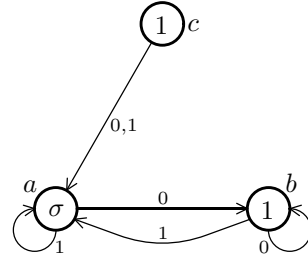
Automaton number 739

$a = \sigma(a, a)$ Group: $C_2 \ltimes (\mathbb{Z} \wr C_2)$
 $b = (b, a)$ Contracting: *yes*
 $c = (a, a)$ Self-replicating: *no*
 Rels: $a^2, b^2, c^2, (ac)^2, (acbab)^2$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^6, 2^8, 2^{10}, 2^{12}, 2^{14}, 2^{16}$
 Gr: 1, 4, 9, 17, 30, 47, 68, 93, 122, 155, 192



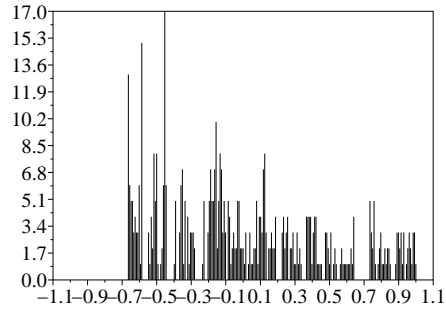
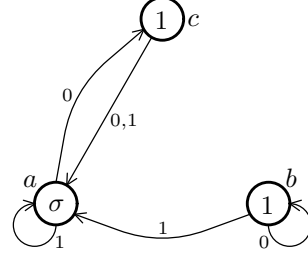
Automaton number 740

$a = \sigma(b, a)$ Group:
 $b = (b, a)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (a, a)$ Self-replicating: *no*
 Rels: $(a^{-1}b)^2, (b^{-1}c)^2, a^{-1}c^{-1}ac^{-1}b^2, [a, b]^2$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^6, 2^9, 2^{11}, 2^{14}, 2^{16}, 2^{18}$
 Gr: 1, 7, 33, 135, 495, 1725



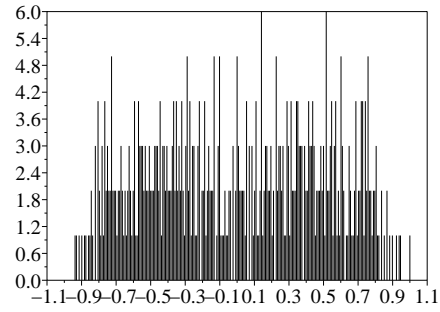
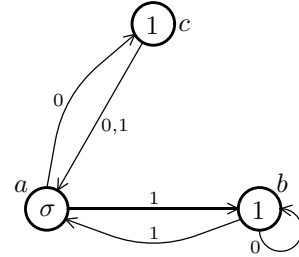
Automaton number 741

$a = \sigma(c, a)$ Group:
 $b = (b, a)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (a, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $ca^2, b^{-1}a^{-3}b^{-1}ababa,$
 $b^{-1}a^{-6}b^{-1}a^{-2}ba^{-2}ba^{-2}$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^6, 2^{12}, 2^{23}, 2^{45}, 2^{88}, 2^{174}$
 Gr: 1, 7, 29, 115, 441, 1643



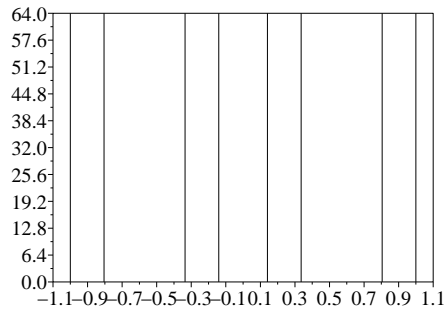
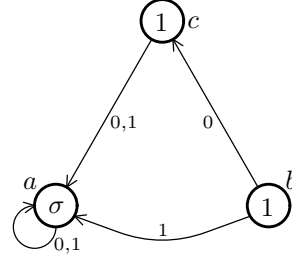
Automaton number 744

$a = \sigma(c, b)$ Group:
 $b = (b, a)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (a, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels:
 $[a^2ca^{-1}bc^{-1}b^{-1}a^{-1}, aca^{-1}bc^{-1}b^{-1}],$
 $abcb^{-1}ac^{-1}a^{-2}bcb^{-1}ab^{-1}aca^{-1}bc^{-1}a^{-1}bc^{-1}b^{-1},$
 $abcb^{-1}ab^{-1}a^{-2}bcb^{-1}ac^{-1}aba^{-1}bc^{-1}b^{-1}ca^{-1}bc^{-1}b^{-1},$
 $abcb^{-1}ab^{-1}a^{-2}bcb^{-1}ab^{-1}a.$
 $ba^{-1}bc^{-1}a^{-1}bc^{-1}b^{-1}$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^6, 2^{12}, 2^{23}, 2^{45}, 2^{88}, 2^{174}$
 Gr: 1, 7, 37, 187, 937, 4687



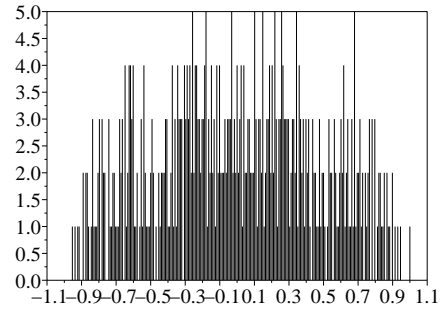
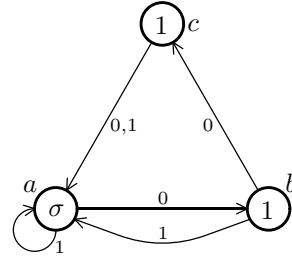
Automaton number 748

$a = \sigma(a, a)$ Group: $D_4 \times C_2$
 $b = (c, a)$ Contracting: *yes*
 $c = (a, a)$ Self-replicating: *no*
 Rels: $a^2, b^2, c^2, acac, bcbc, abababab$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^4, 2^4, 2^4, 2^4, 2^4$
 Gr: 1,4,8,12,15,16,16,16,16,16,16



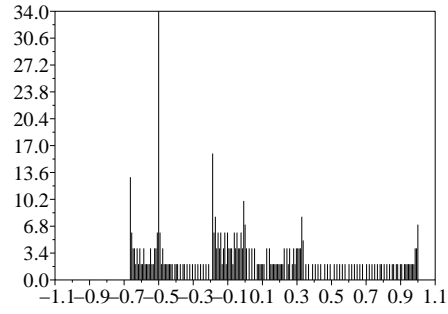
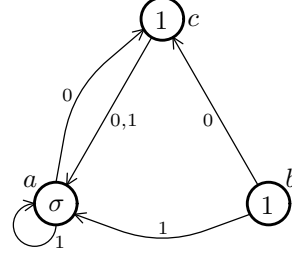
Automaton number 749

$a = \sigma(b, a)$ Group:
 $b = (c, a)$ Contracting: *n/a*
 $c = (a, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $a^{-1}c^{-1}bab^{-1}a^{-1}cb^{-1}ab,$
 $a^{-1}c^{-1}bac^{-1}a^{-1}cb^{-1}ac$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^6, 2^{12}, 2^{23}, 2^{45}, 2^{88}, 2^{174}$
 Gr: 1,7,37,187,937,4667



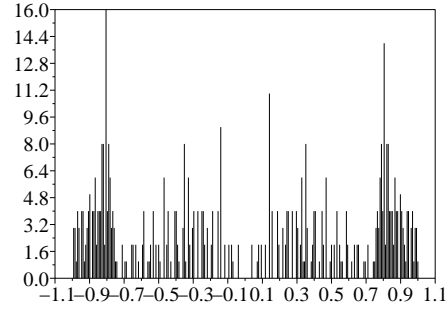
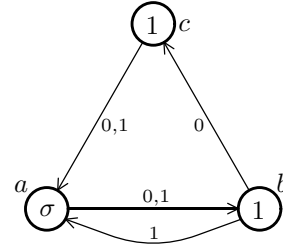
Automaton number 750

$a = \sigma(c, a)$ Group: $C_2 \wr \mathbb{Z}$
 $b = (c, a)$ Contracting: *yes*
 $c = (a, a)$ Self-replicating: *no*
 Rels: $ca^2, (a^{-1}b)^2, [b, c]$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^5, 2^7, 2^9, 2^{11}, 2^{13}, 2^{15}$
 Gr: 1, 7, 23, 49, 87, 137, 199, 273, 359



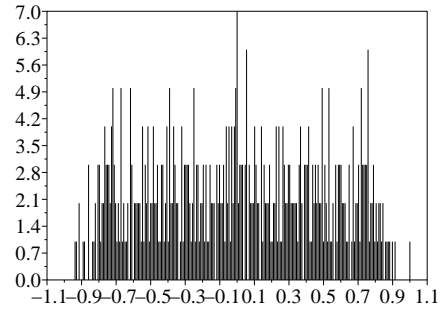
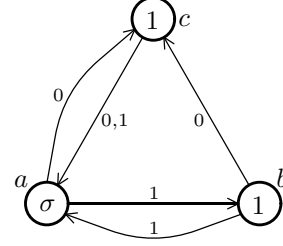
Automaton number 752

$a = \sigma(b, b)$ Group: virtually \mathbb{Z}^3
 $b = (c, a)$ Contracting: *yes*
 $c = (a, a)$ Self-replicating: *no*
 Rels: $a^2, b^2, c^2, (acbab)^2, (acacb)^2,$
 $(abc)^2(acb)^2, acbcbabacbcab, abcbacbabcbac,$
 $acbacbacbacb, acacbcbacacbc, abc(bca)^2cbcbac,$
 $a(cb)^3aba(cb)^3ab, abcbcbacbacbcac,$
 $acbcacbacbcac$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^5, 2^7, 2^8, 2^{10}, 2^{11}, 2^{13}$
 Gr: 1, 4, 10, 22, 46, 84, 140, 217, 319, 448



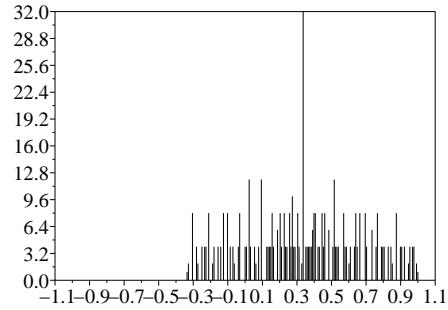
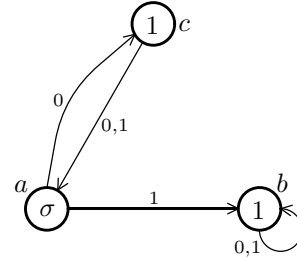
Automaton number 753

$a = \sigma(c, b)$ Group:
 $b = (c, a)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (a, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $aba^{-1}b^{-1}ab^{-1}ca^{-1}ba^{-1}b^{-1}ab^{-1}cac^{-1}b$.
 $a^{-1}bab^{-1}a^{-1}c^{-1}ba^{-1}bab^{-1}$,
 $aba^{-1}b^{-1}ab^{-1}ca^{-1}c^{-1}ba^{-1}c^{-1}bab^{-1}ca$.
 $c^{-1}ba^{-1}bab^{-1}a^{-1}c^{-1}ba^{-1}b^{-1}cab^{-1}c$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^6, 2^{12}, 2^{23}, 2^{45}, 2^{88}, 2^{174}$
 Gr: 1,7,37,187,937,4687



Automaton number 771

$a = \sigma(c, b)$ Group: \mathbb{Z}^2
 $b = (b, b)$ Contracting: *yes*
 $c = (a, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $b, a^{-1}c^{-1}ac$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^2, 2^3, 2^4, 2^5, 2^6, 2^7, 2^8$
 Gr: 1,5,13,25,41,61,85,113,145,181,221
 Limit space: 2-dimensional torus T_2



Automaton number 775

$a = \sigma(a, a)$ Group: $C_2 \ltimes IMG\left(\left(\frac{z-1}{z+1}\right)^2\right)$

$b = (c, b)$ Contracting: *yes*

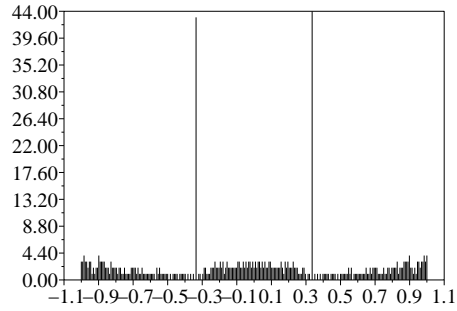
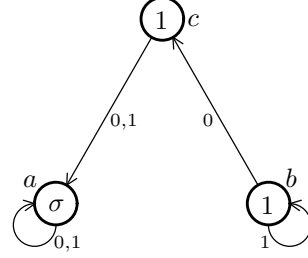
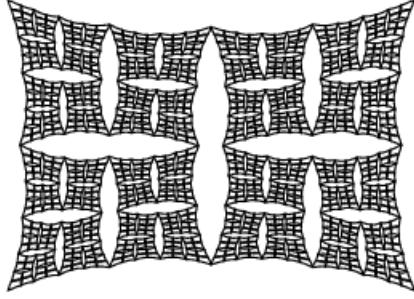
$c = (a, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*

Rel: $a^2, b^2, c^2, acac, acbcbabcbcabcbabcb$

SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^2, 2^4, 2^6, 2^9, 2^{15}, 2^{26}, 2^{48}$

Gr: 1, 4, 9, 17, 30, 51, 85, 140, 229, 367, 579

Limit space:



Automaton number 776

$a = \sigma(b, a)$ Group:

$b = (c, b)$ Contracting: *no*

$c = (a, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*

Rel: $aba^{-1}b^{-1}a^2c^{-1}ab^{-1}a^{-1}bcb^{-1}ac^{-1}a^{-1}ba^{-1}$.

$b^{-1}a^2c^{-1}ab^{-1}a^{-1}bcb^{-1}ac^{-1}aca^{-1}bc^{-1}b^{-1}ab$.

$a^{-1}ca^{-2}bab^{-1}a^{-1}ca^{-1}bc^{-1}b^{-1}aba^{-1}ca^{-2}bab^{-1}$,

$aba^{-1}b^{-1}a^2c^{-1}ab^{-1}a^{-1}bcb^{-1}ac^{-1}a^{-1}cba^{-1}$.

$b^{-1}a^2c^{-1}ab^{-1}a^{-1}bc^{-1}b^{-1}aba^{-1}ca^{-2}$.

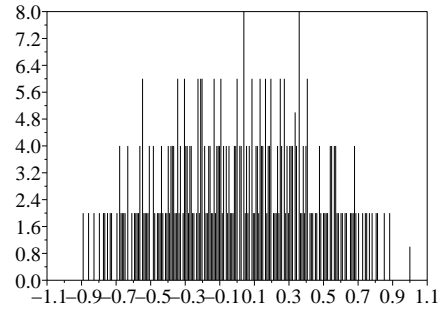
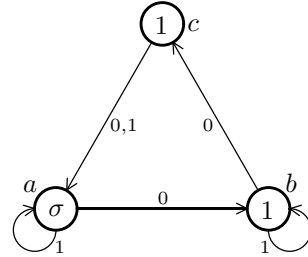
$bab^{-1}aca^{-1}bc^{-1}b^{-1}aba^{-1}ca^{-2}bab^{-1}$.

$a^{-1}ba^{-1}b^{-1}a^2c^{-1}ab^{-1}a^{-1}bcb^{-1}$.

$aba^{-1}ca^{-2}bab^{-1}c^{-1}$

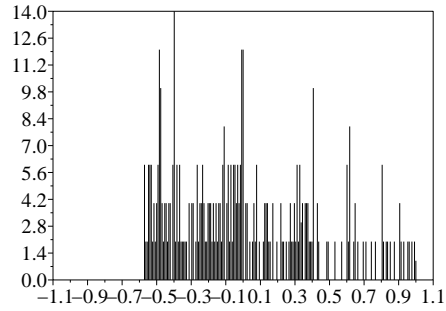
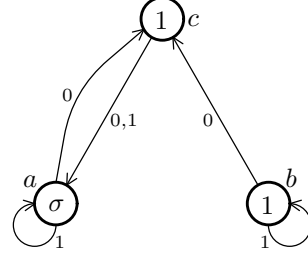
SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^2, 2^4, 2^7, 2^{13}, 2^{24}, 2^{46}, 2^{89}$

Gr: 1, 7, 37, 187, 937, 4687



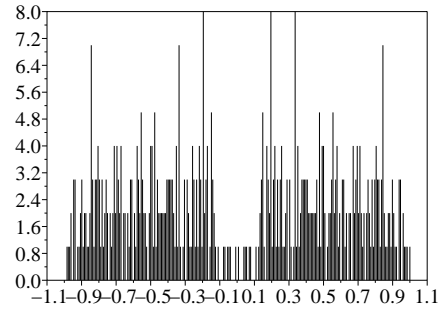
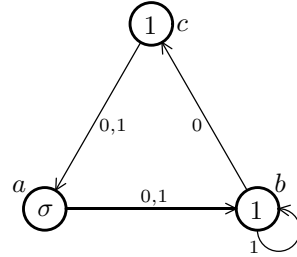
Automaton number 777

$a = \sigma(c, a)$ Group:
 $b = (c, b)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (a, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $ca^2, b^{-1}a^5b^{-1}a^{-1}ba^{-3}ba^{-1}$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^2, 2^4, 2^7, 2^{13}, 2^{24}, 2^{46}, 2^{89}$
 Gr: 1, 7, 29, 115, 441, 1695



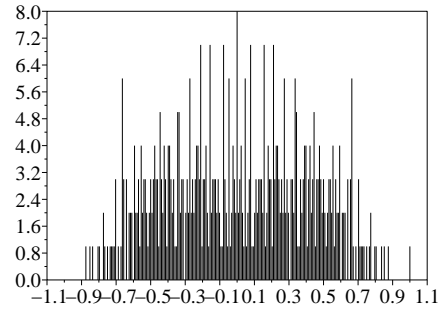
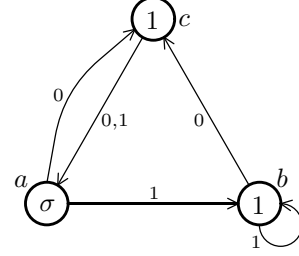
Automaton number 779

$a = \sigma(b, b)$ Group:
 $b = (c, b)$ Contracting: *yes*
 $c = (a, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $a^2, b^2, c^2, acabcabcababacabcabcbab,$
 $acbcbaacabcbcabcbabcb$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^2, 2^4, 2^6, 2^9, 2^{15}, 2^{26}, 2^{48}$
 Gr: 1, 4, 10, 22, 46, 94, 190, 382, 766, 1534, 3070, 6120



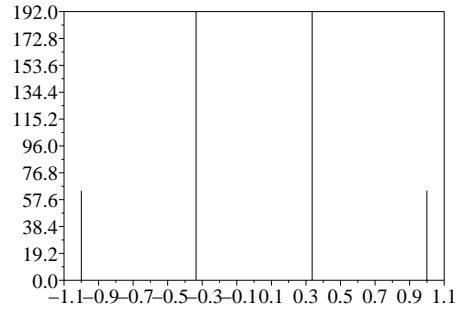
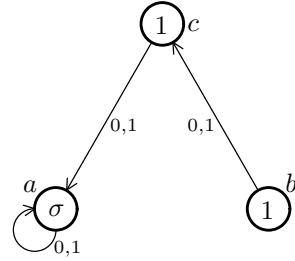
Automaton number 780

$a = \sigma(c, b)$ Group:
 $b = (c, b)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (a, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $(a^{-1}b)^2, [ba^{-1}, c]$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^2, 2^4, 2^6, 2^9, 2^{15}, 2^{27}, 2^{49}$
 Gr: 1,7,35,159,705,3107



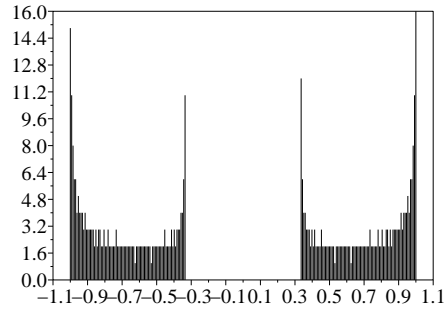
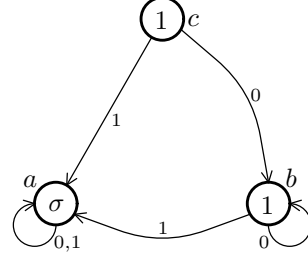
Automaton number 802

$a = \sigma(a, a)$ Group: $C_2 \times C_2 \times C_2$
 $b = (c, c)$ Contracting: *yes*
 $c = (a, a)$ Self-replicating: *no*
 Rels: $a^2, b^2, c^2, [a, b], [a, c], [b, c]$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^2, 2^3, 2^3, 2^3, 2^3, 2^3$
 Gr: 1,4,7,8,8,8,8,8,8,8



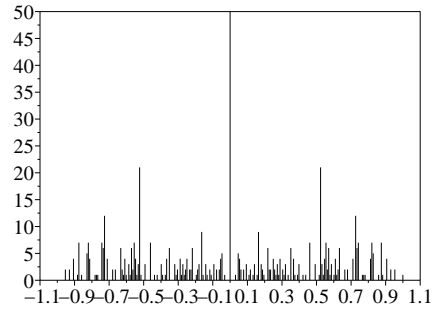
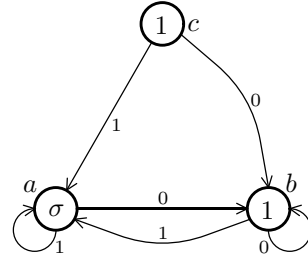
Automaton number 820

$a = \sigma(a, a)$ Group: D_∞
 $b = (b, a)$ Contracting: *yes*
 $c = (b, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $b^{-1}c, a^2, b^2$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^4, 2^5, 2^6, 2^7, 2^8, 2^9$
 Gr: 1,3,5,7,9,11,13,15,17,19,21



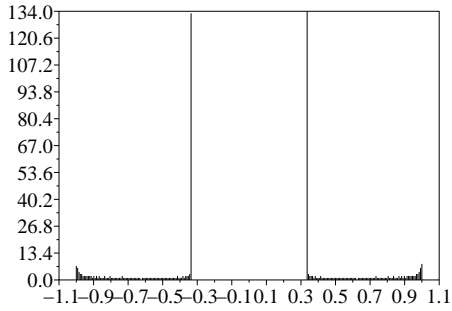
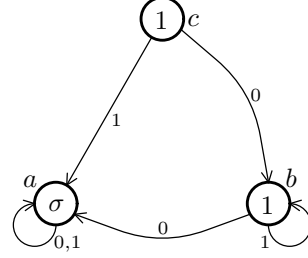
Automaton number 821

$a = \sigma(b, a)$ Group: *Lamplighter group* $\mathbb{Z} \wr C_2$
 $b = (b, a)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (b, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $b^{-1}c, (a^{-1}b)^2, [a, b]^2, a^{-3}bab a^{-2}b^{-1}a^2b$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^5, 2^6, 2^8, 2^9, 2^{10}, 2^{11}$
 Gr: 1,5,15,39,92,208,452,964,2016



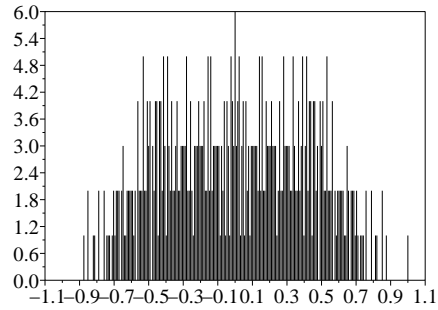
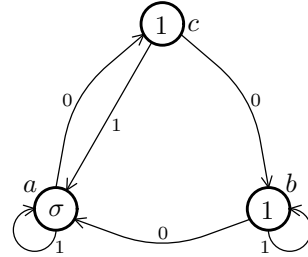
Automaton number 838

$a = \sigma(a, a)$ Group: $C_2 \ltimes \langle s, t \mid s^2 = t^2 \rangle$
 $b = (a, b)$ Contracting: *yes*
 $c = (b, a)$ Self-replicating: *no*
 Rels: $a^2, b^2, c^2, abcacb$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^5, 2^7, 2^9, 2^{11}, 2^{13}, 2^{15}$
 Gr: 1, 4, 10, 19, 31, 46, 64, 85, 109, 136



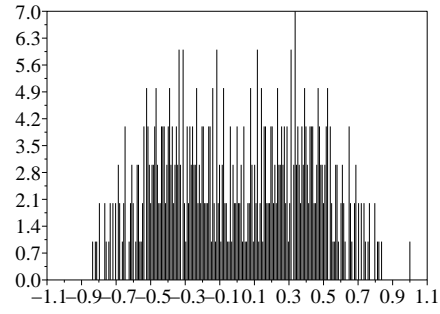
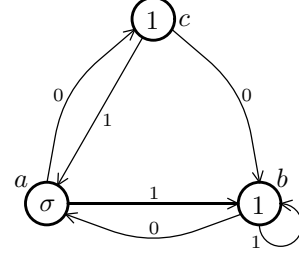
Automaton number 840

$a = \sigma(c, a)$ Group:
 $b = (a, b)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (b, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $abac^{-1}a^{-2}bac^{-1}aca^{-1}b^{-1}ca^{-1}b^{-1},$
 $abac^{-1}a^{-2}cac^{-1}b^{-1}caca^{-1}b^{-1}c^{-1}bca^{-1}c^{-1},$
 $acac^{-1}b^{-1}ca^{-2}bac^{-1}ac^{-1}bca^{-2}b^{-1},$
 $acac^{-1}b^{-1}ca^{-2}cac^{-1}b^{-1}cac^{-1}bca^{-1}c^{-2}bca^{-1}c^{-1}$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^5, 2^7, 2^{10}, 2^{15}, 2^{25}, 2^{41}$
 Gr: 1, 7, 37, 187, 937, 4687



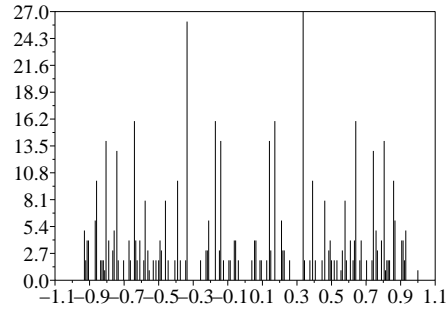
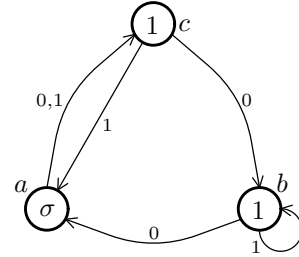
Automaton number 843

$a = \sigma(c, b)$ Group:
 $b = (a, b)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (b, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $acab^{-1}a^{-2}cab^{-1}aba^{-1}c^{-1}ba^{-1}c^{-1}$,
 $acab^{-1}a^{-2}cb^{-1}ab^{-1}caba^{-1}c^{-2}ba^{-1}bc^{-1}$,
 $acb^{-1}ab^{-1}ca^{-2}cab^{-1}ac^{-1}ba^{-1}bc^{-1}ba^{-1}c^{-1}$,
 $acb^{-1}ab^{-1}ca^{-2}cb^{-1}ab^{-1}cac^{-1}ba^{-1}bc^{-2}ba^{-1}bc^{-1}$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^5, 2^8, 2^{14}, 2^{24}, 2^{43}, 2^{81}$
 Gr: 1,7,37,187,937,4687



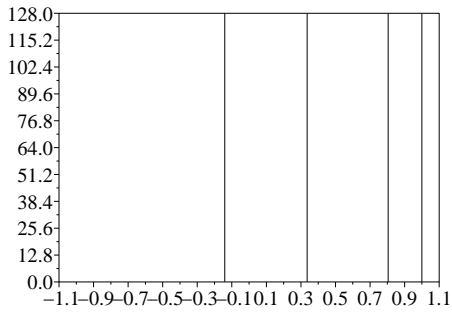
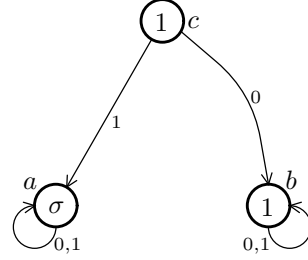
Automaton number 846

$a = \sigma(c, c)$ Group: $C_2 * C_2 * C_2$
 $b = (a, b)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (b, a)$ Self-replicating: *no*
 Rels: a^2, b^2, c^2
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^5, 2^7, 2^{10}, 2^{13}, 2^{16}, 2^{19}$
 Gr: 1,4,10,22,46,94,190,382,766,1534



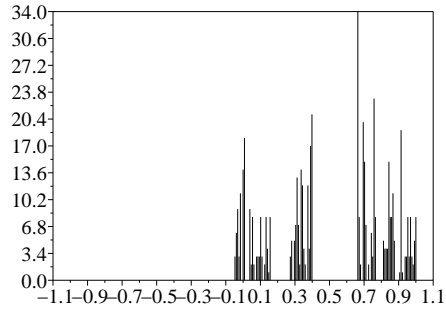
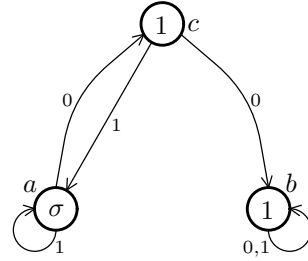
Automaton number 847

$a = \sigma(a, a)$ Group: D_4
 $b = (b, b)$ Contracting: *yes*
 $c = (b, a)$ Self-replicating: *no*
 Rels: $b, a^2, c^2, acacacac$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^3, 2^3, 2^3, 2^3, 2^3, 2^3$
 Gr: 1,3,5,7,8,8,8,8,8,8,8



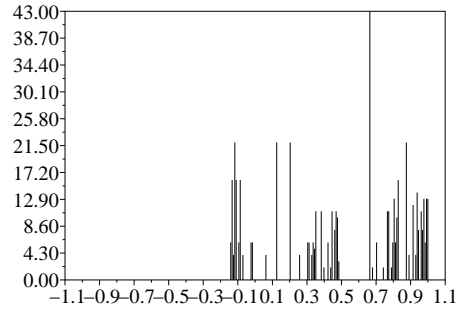
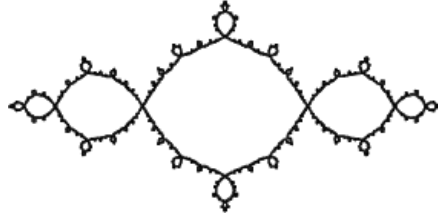
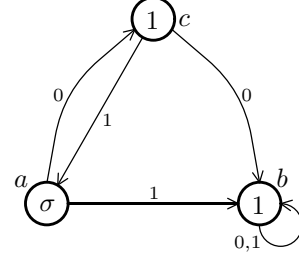
Automaton number 849

$a = \sigma(c, a)$ Group:
 $b = (b, b)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (b, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $b, [ac^{-1}a^{-1}, c],$
 $[a^2, c^{-1}] \cdot [c, a^{-2}], [a^{-1}, c^{-2}] \cdot [a^{-1}, c^2]$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^6, 2^{12}, 2^{23}, 2^{45}, 2^{88}, 2^{174}$
 Gr: 1,5,17,53,153,421,1125,2945,7589



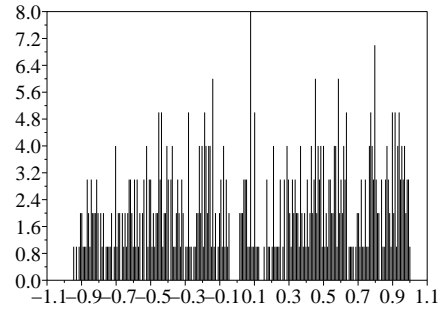
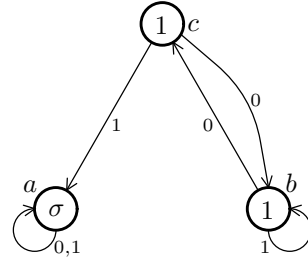
Automaton number 852

$a = \sigma(c, b)$ Group: $IMG(z^2 - 1)$
 $b = (b, b)$ Contracting: *yes*
 $c = (b, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $b, [ac^{-1}a^{-1}, c],$
 $[c, a^2] \cdot [c, a^{-2}], [a^{-1}, c^{-2}] \cdot [a^{-1}, c^2]$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^6, 2^{12}, 2^{23}, 2^{45}, 2^{88}, 2^{174}$
 Gr: 1, 5, 17, 53, 153, 421, 1125, 2945, 7545
 Limit space:



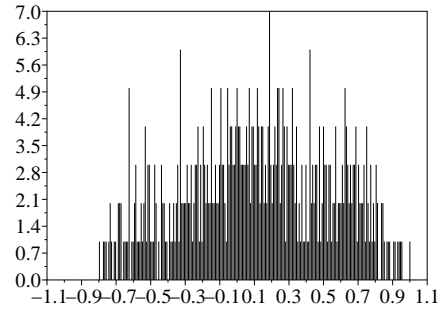
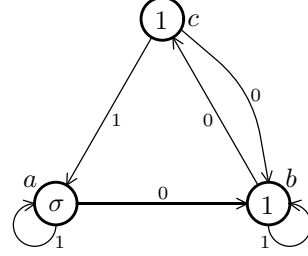
Automaton number 856

$a = \sigma(a, a)$ Group: $C_2 \times G_{2850}$
 $b = (c, b)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (b, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $a^2, b^2, c^2, acbacbcabacacacab$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^7, 2^{13}, 2^{24}, 2^{46}, 2^{89}, 2^{175}$
 Gr: 1, 4, 10, 22, 46, 94, 190, 382, 766,
 1525, 3025, 5998, 11890, 23532



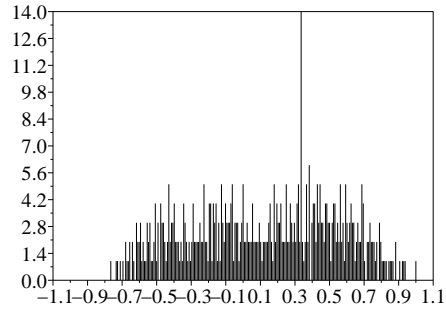
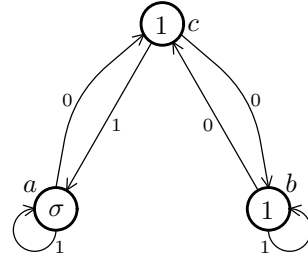
Automaton number 857

$a = \sigma(b, a)$ Group:
 $b = (c, b)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (b, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $(a^{-1}c)^2$, $(a^{-1}b)^4$, $(a^{-1}b^{-1}ac)^2$,
 $(b^{-1}c)^4$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^7, 2^{13}, 2^{25}, 2^{47}, 2^{90}, 2^{176}$
 Gr: 1, 7, 35, 165, 758, 3460



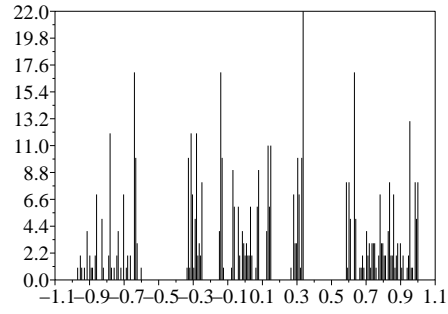
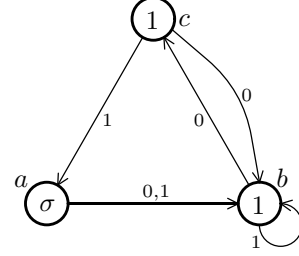
Automaton number 858

$a = \sigma(c, a)$ Group:
 $b = (c, b)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (b, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $abca^{-1}c^{-1}ab^{-1}a^2c^{-1}b^{-1}a^{-1}bca^{-1}c^{-1}a \cdot$
 $b^{-1}a^2c^{-1}b^{-1}abca^{-2}ba^{-1}cac^{-1}b^{-1}a^{-1} \cdot$
 $bca^{-2}ba^{-1}cac^{-1}b^{-1} \cdot$
 $abca^{-1}c^{-1}ab^{-1}a^2c^{-1}b^{-1}a^{-1}cba^{-1}b^{-1}ab^{-1}a \cdot$
 $bca^{-2}ba^{-1}cac^{-1}b^{-1}a^{-1}ba^{-1}bab^{-1}c^{-1} \cdot$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^7, 2^{13}, 2^{24}, 2^{46}, 2^{90}, 2^{176}$
 Gr: 1, 7, 37, 187, 937, 4687



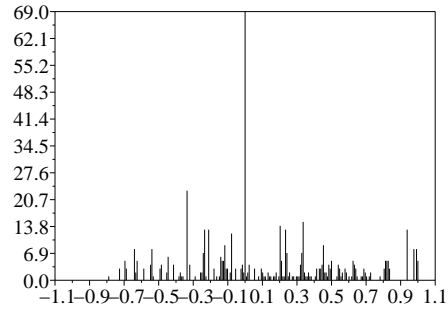
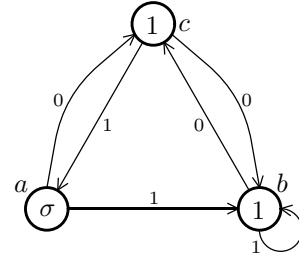
Automaton number 860

$a = \sigma(b, b)$ Group:
 $b = (c, b)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (b, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $a^2, b^2, c^2, acbacacabab$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^7, 2^{13}, 2^{24}, 2^{46}, 2^{89}, 2^{175}$
 Gr: 1, 4, 10, 22, 46, 94, 190, 375, 731, 1422, 2762, 5350



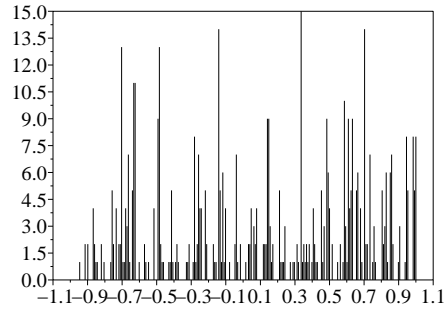
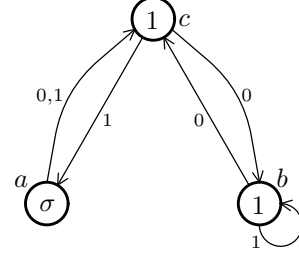
Automaton number 861

$a = \sigma(c, b)$ Group:
 $b = (c, b)$ Contracting: n/a
 $c = (b, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $(a^{-1}b)^2, (b^{-1}c)^2, [a, b]^2, [b, c]^2$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^7, 2^{13}, 2^{25}, 2^{47}, 2^{90}, 2^{176}$
 Gr: 1, 7, 33, 143, 599, 2485



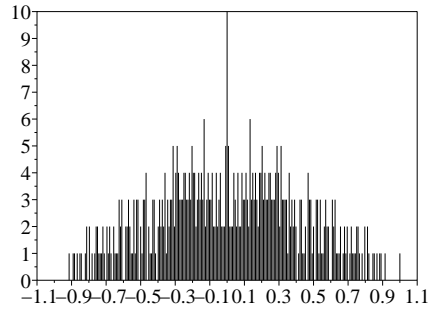
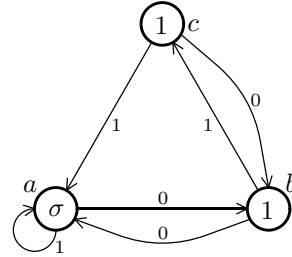
Automaton number 864

$a = \sigma(c, c)$ Group:
 $b = (c, b)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (b, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $a^2, b^2, c^2, abcabcbabcbabab$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^7, 2^{13}, 2^{24}, 2^{46}, 2^{89}, 2^{175}$
 Gr: 1, 4, 10, 22, 46, 94, 190, 382, 766, 1525,
 3025, 5998, 11890



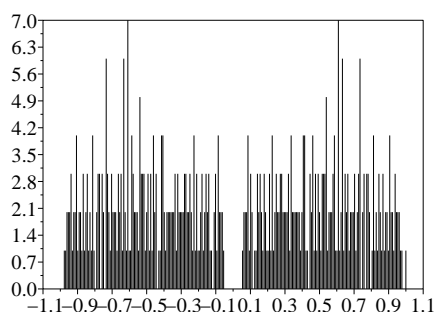
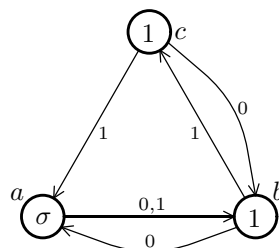
Automaton number 866

$a = \sigma(b, a)$ Group:
 $b = (a, c)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (b, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $(ca^{-1})^2, ba^{-2}cab^{-1}ab^{-1}c^{-1}aba^{-1},$
 $cab^{-1}cb^{-1}a^{-1}cbc^{-1}ba^{-2}$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^5, 2^9, 2^{15}, 2^{26}, 2^{48}, 2^{92}$
 Gr: 1, 7, 35, 165, 769, 3575



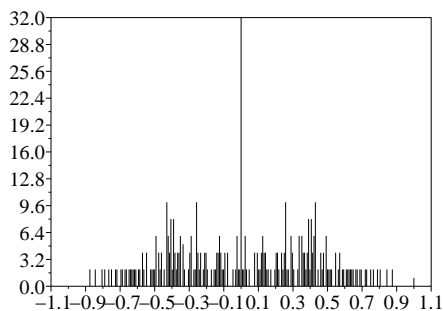
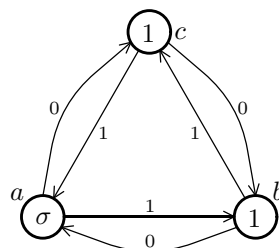
Automaton number 869

$a = \sigma(b, b)$ Group:
 $b = (a, c)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (b, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $a^2, b^2, c^2, acbcacbcacacacbc$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^4, 2^6, 2^9, 2^{15}, 2^{26}, 2^{48}$
 Gr: 1,4,10,22,46,94,190,382,766,1525



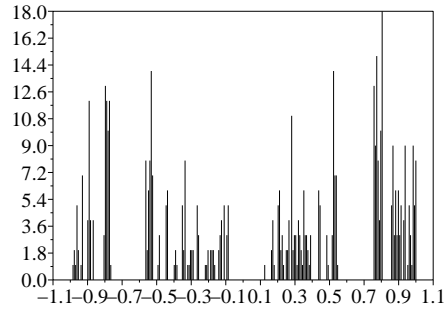
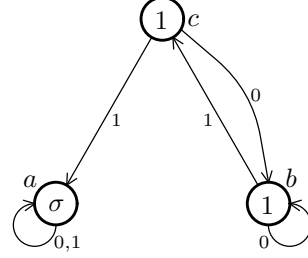
Automaton number 870

$a = \sigma(c, b)$ Group: $BS(1, 3)$
 $b = (a, c)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (b, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $a^{-1}ca^{-1}b, (b^{-1}a)b^{-1}(b^{-1}a)^{-3}$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^4, 2^6, 2^8, 2^{10}, 2^{12}, 2^{14}$
 Gr: 1,7,33,127,433,1415



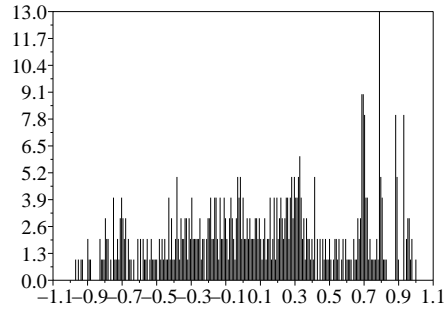
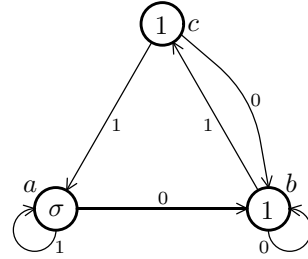
Automaton number 874

$a = \sigma(a, a)$ Group: $C_2 \ltimes G_{2852}$
 $b = (b, c)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (b, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $a^2, b^2, c^2, abcabcacbcb, abcbcabcbcbcb$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^7, 2^{13}, 2^{24}, 2^{46}, 2^{89}, 2^{175}$
 Gr: 1, 4, 10, 22, 46, 94, 184, 352, 664, 1244, 2320, 4288



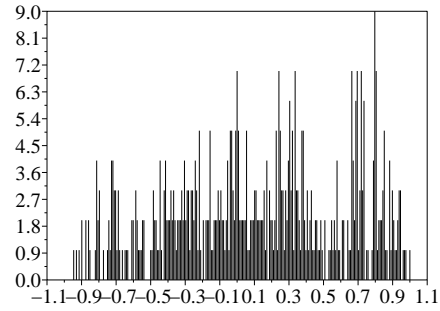
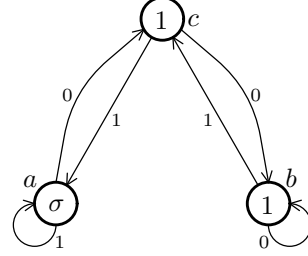
Automaton number 875

$a = \sigma(b, a)$ Group:
 $b = (b, c)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (b, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $(a^{-1}c)^2, (b^{-1}c)^2, (a^{-1}b)^4$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^7, 2^{13}, 2^{25}, 2^{47}, 2^{90}, 2^{176}$
 Gr: 1, 7, 33, 143, 607, 2563



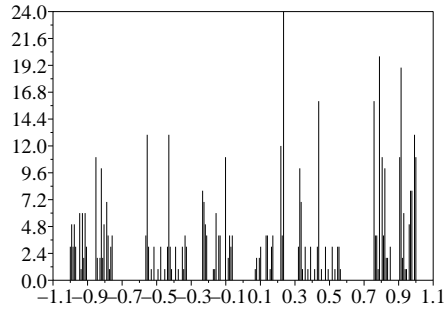
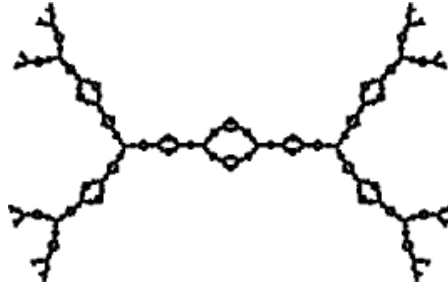
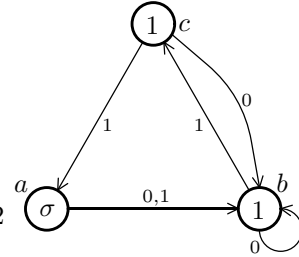
Automaton number 876

$a = \sigma(c, a)$ Group:
 $b = (b, c)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (b, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $a^{-2}bcb^{-2}a^2c^{-1}b$, $a^{-2}cb^{-1}a^2c^{-2}bc$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^7, 2^{13}, 2^{24}, 2^{46}, 2^{89}, 2^{175}$
 Gr: 1,7,37,187,937,4667



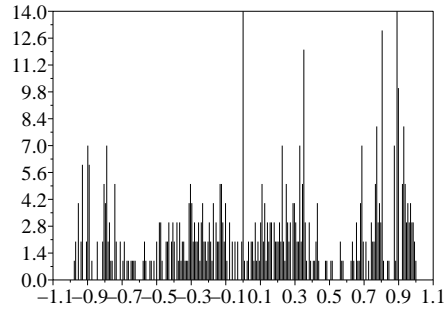
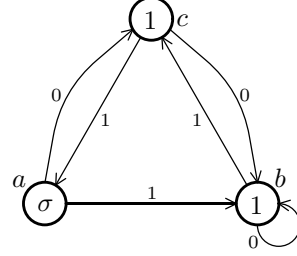
Automaton number 878

$a = \sigma(b, b)$ Group: $C_2 \times IMG(1 - \frac{1}{z^2})$
 $b = (b, c)$ Contracting: *yes*
 $c = (b, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $a^2, b^2, c^2, abcabcacbacb$,
 $abcbcabcbcbcbcb$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^7, 2^{13}, 2^{24}, 2^{46}, 2^{89}, 2^{175}$
 Gr: 1,4,10,22,46,94,184,352,664,1244,2296,4198,7612
 Limit space:



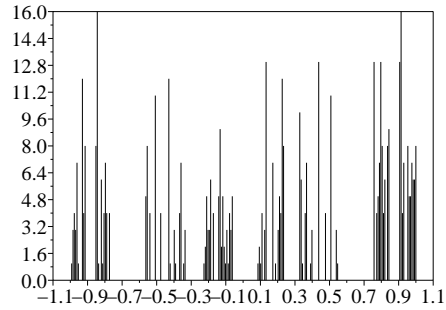
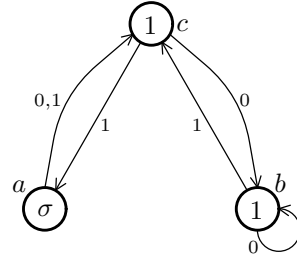
Automaton number 879

$a = \sigma(c, b)$ Group:
 $b = (b, c)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (b, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $(a^{-1}b)^2, a^{-1}ca^{-1}cb^{-1}ac^{-1}ac^{-1}b$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^7, 2^{13}, 2^{25}, 2^{47}, 2^{90}, 2^{176}$
 Gr: 1, 7, 35, 165, 769, 3567



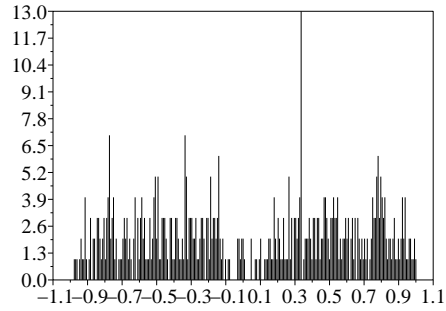
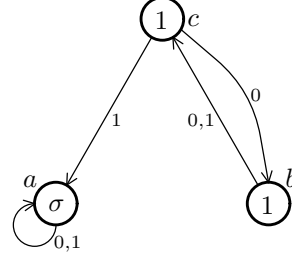
Automaton number 882

$a = \sigma(c, c)$ Group:
 $b = (b, c)$ Contracting: *n/a*
 $c = (b, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $a^2, b^2, c^2, abcabcacbacb,$
 $abcbcabcbcbcbcb$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^7, 2^{13}, 2^{24}, 2^{46}, 2^{89}, 2^{175}$
 Gr: 1, 4, 10, 22, 46, 94, 184, 352, 664, 1244



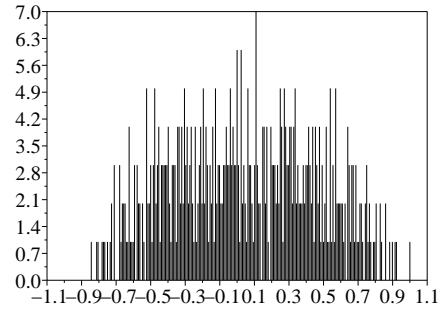
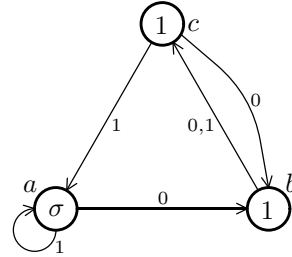
Automaton number 883

$a = \sigma(a, a)$ Group: $C_2 \ltimes G_{2841}$
 $b = (c, c)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (b, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $a^2, b^2, c^2, acbcbacbcacbcabab,$
 $acbcbcacabacbacbacab$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^6, 2^9, 2^{14}, 2^{24}, 2^{43}, 2^{80}$
 Gr: 1, 4, 10, 22, 46, 94, 190, 382, 766, 1534, 3070, 6120



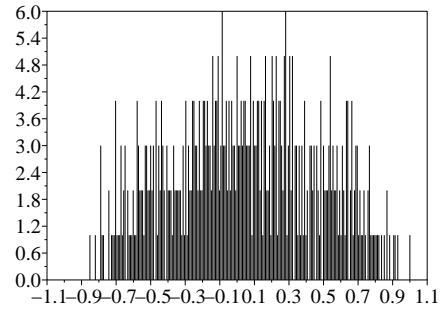
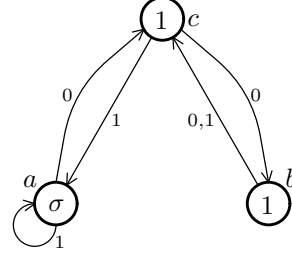
Automaton number 884

$a = \sigma(b, a)$ Group:
 $b = (c, c)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (b, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $(a^{-1}c)^2, (b^{-1}c)^2, [b, ac^{-1}]$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^6, 2^9, 2^{15}, 2^{27}, 2^{49}, 2^{93}$
 Gr: 1, 7, 33, 135, 529, 2051



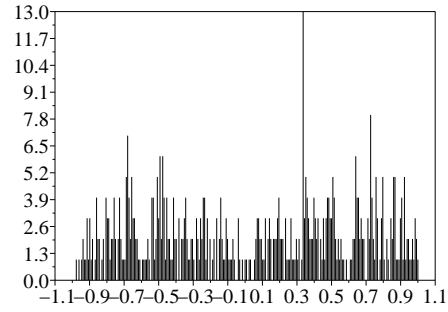
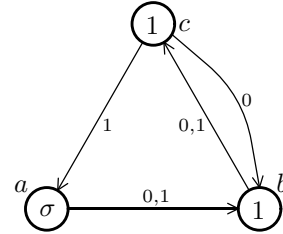
Automaton number 885

$a = \sigma(c, a)$ Group:
 $b = (c, c)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (b, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $acba^{-1}b^{-1}ac^{-1}a^{-1}cba^{-1}b^{-1}ac^{-1}aca^{-1}$,
 $bab^{-1}c^{-1}a^{-1}ca^{-1}bab^{-1}c^{-1}$,
 $acba^{-1}b^{-1}ac^{-1}a^{-1}ca^{-1}c^{-1}b^{-1}a^3c^{-1}aca^{-1}b$,
 $ab^{-1}c^{-1}a^{-1}ca^{-3}bcac^{-1}$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^6, 2^{12}, 2^{23}, 2^{45}, 2^{88}, 2^{174}$
 Gr: 1,7,37,187,937,4687



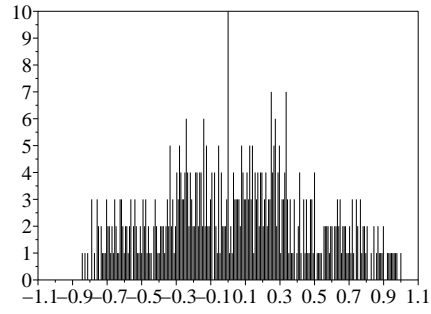
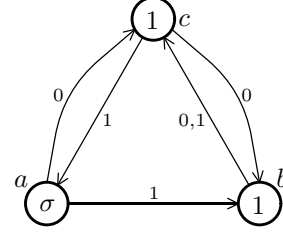
Automaton number 887

$a = \sigma(b, b)$ Group:
 $b = (c, c)$ Contracting: *n/a*
 $c = (b, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $a^2, b^2, c^2, babacbcacbcacbcabcbca$,
 $bacacbcabcbacacbcabca$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^6, 2^9, 2^{14}, 2^{24}, 2^{43}, 2^{80}$
 Gr: 1,4,10,22,46,94,190,382,766,1534,3070,6120



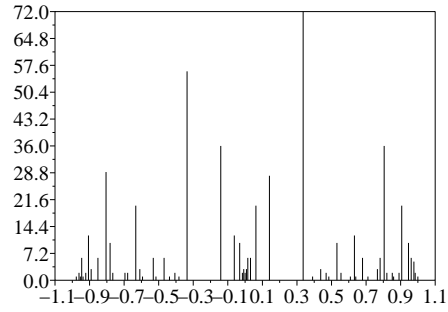
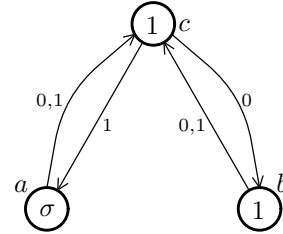
Automaton number 888

$a = \sigma(c, b)$ Group:
 $b = (c, c)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (b, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $aca^{-1}ba^{-2}ca^{-1}bab^{-1}ac^{-1}b^{-1}ac^{-1}$,
 $aca^{-1}ba^{-3}bab^{-1}a^2b^{-1}ac^{-1}a^{-1}ba^{-1}b^{-1}a$,
 $bab^{-1}a^{-1}ca^{-1}b^2a^{-1}b^{-1}ab^{-1}ac^{-1}$,
 $bab^{-1}a^{-2}bab^{-1}aba^{-2}b^{-1}a$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^6, 2^{12}, 2^{23}, 2^{45}, 2^{88}, 2^{174}$
 Gr: 1,7,37,187,937,4687



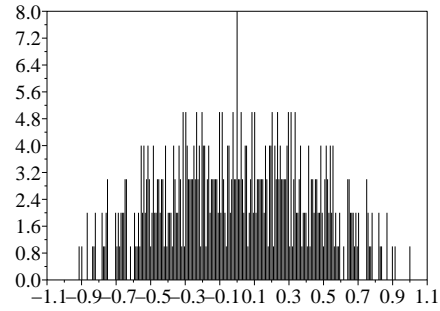
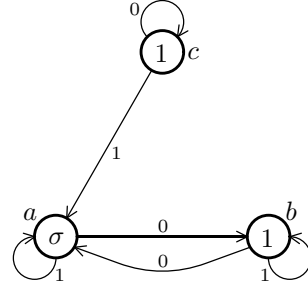
Automaton number 891

$a = \sigma(c, c)$ Group: $C_2 \times \text{Lampighter}$
 $b = (c, c)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (b, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $a^2, b^2, c^2, abab, (acb)^4$,
 $[acaca, bcacb], [acaca, bcbcb]$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^6, 2^7, 2^9, 2^{10}, 2^{11}, 2^{12}$
 Gr: 1,4,9,17,30,51,82,128,198,304



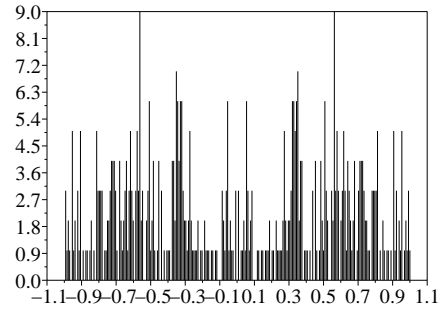
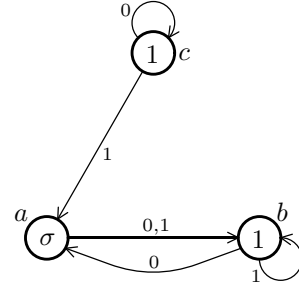
Automaton number 920

$a = \sigma(b, a)$ Group:
 $b = (a, b)$ Contracting: n/a
 $c = (c, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $(a^{-1}b)^2$, $[a, b]^2$, $(a^{-1}c^{-1}ab)^2$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^5, 2^9, 2^{15}, 2^{26}, 2^{48}, 2^{92}$
 Gr: 1, 7, 35, 165, 757, 3447



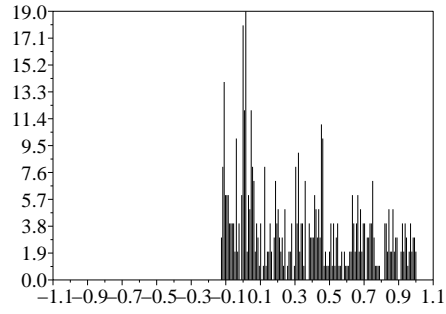
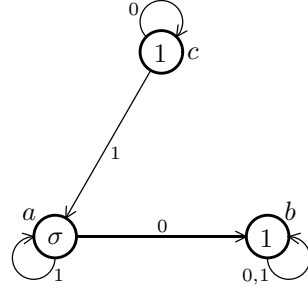
Automaton number 923

$a = \sigma(b, b)$ Group:
 $b = (a, b)$ Contracting: *yes*
 $c = (c, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: a^2 , b^2 , c^2 , $abcabcbabcbababab$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^4, 2^6, 2^9, 2^{15}, 2^{26}, 2^{48}$
 Gr: 1, 4, 10, 22, 46, 94, 190, 382, 766,
 1525, 3025, 5998, 11890



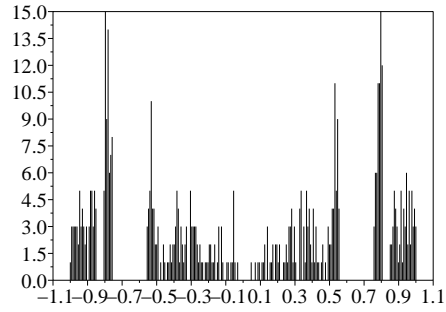
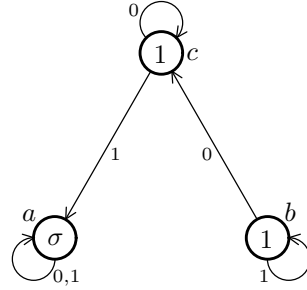
Automaton number 929

$a = \sigma(b, a)$ Group:
 $b = (b, b)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (c, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $b, a^{-3}cac^{-1}ac^{-1}ac$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^6, 2^{12}, 2^{23}, 2^{45}, 2^{88}, 2^{174}$
 Gr: 1, 5, 17, 53, 161, 475, 1387



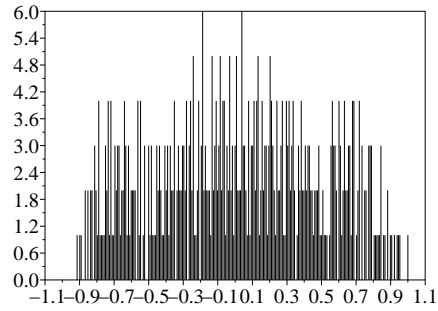
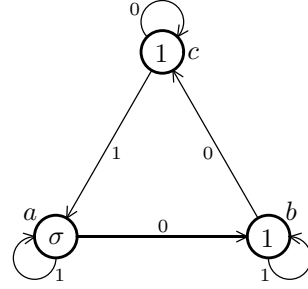
Automaton number 937

$a = \sigma(a, a)$ Group: $C_2 \times G_{929}$
 $b = (c, b)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (c, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $a^2, b^2, c^2, abcabcacbacb,$
 $abcbcabcbcbcbcb$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^7, 2^{13}, 2^{24}, 2^{46}, 2^{89}, 2^{175}$
 Gr: 1, 4, 10, 22, 46, 94, 184, 352, 664, 1244



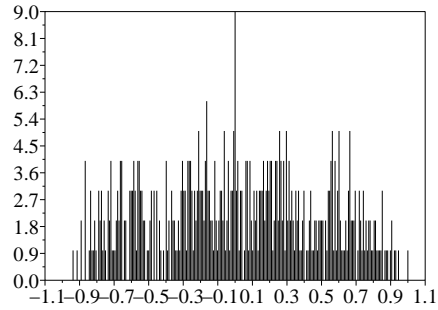
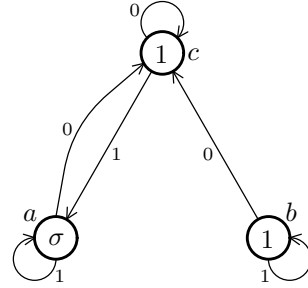
Automaton number 938

$a = \sigma(b, a)$ Group:
 $b = (c, b)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (c, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $a^{-2}bcb^{-2}a^2c^{-1}b$, $a^{-2}cb^{-1}a^2c^{-2}bc$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^7, 2^{13}, 2^{24}, 2^{46}, 2^{89}, 2^{175}$
 Gr: 1, 7, 37, 187, 937, 4667



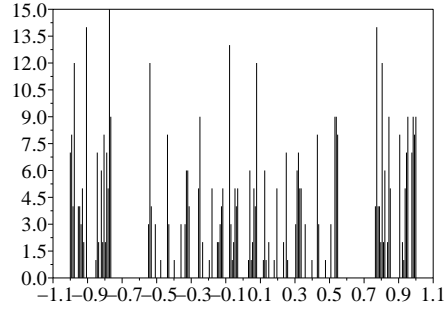
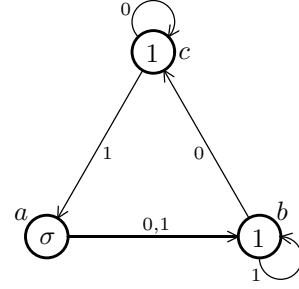
Automaton number 939

$a = \sigma(c, a)$ Group:
 $b = (c, b)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (c, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $(a^{-1}c)^2$, $(a^{-2}cb)^2$, $[a, c]^2$,
 $[ca^{-1}, ba^{-1}b]$, $a^{-1}b^{-1}abc^{-1}a^{-1}bca^{-1}b$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^7, 2^{13}, 2^{25}, 2^{47}, 2^{90}, 2^{176}$
 Gr: 1, 7, 35, 165, 757, 3427



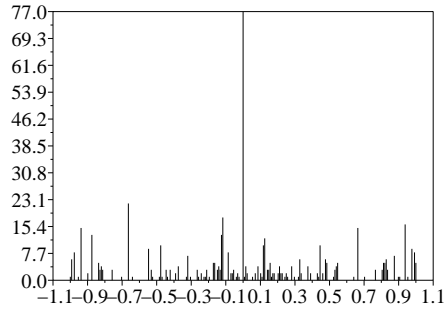
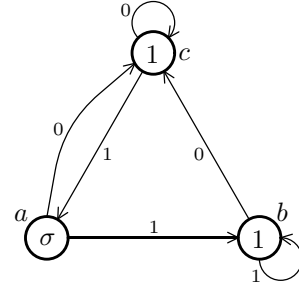
Automaton number 941

$a = \sigma(b, b)$ Group: $C_2 \ltimes IMG(z^2 - 1)$
 $b = (c, b)$ Contracting: *yes*
 $c = (c, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $a^2, b^2, c^2, abcabcacbacb,$
 $abcbacbacbcbac$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^7, 2^{13}, 2^{24}, 2^{46}, 2^{89}, 2^{175}$
 Gr: $1, 4, 10, 22, 46, 94, 184, 352, 664, 1244$
 Limit space:



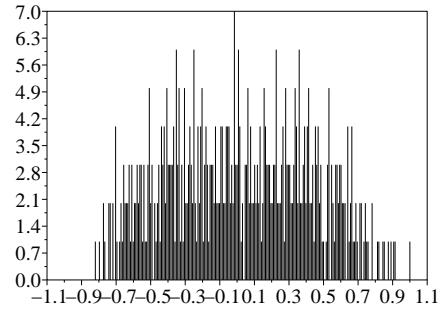
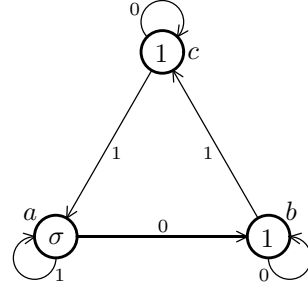
Automaton number 942

$a = \sigma(c, b)$ Group: *Contains Lamplighter group*
 $b = (c, b)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (c, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $(a^{-1}b)^2, (b^{-1}c)^2, [a, b]^2, [b, c]^2,$
 $(a^{-1}c)^4$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^7, 2^{13}, 2^{25}, 2^{47}, 2^{90}, 2^{176}$
 Gr: $1, 7, 33, 143, 597, 2465$



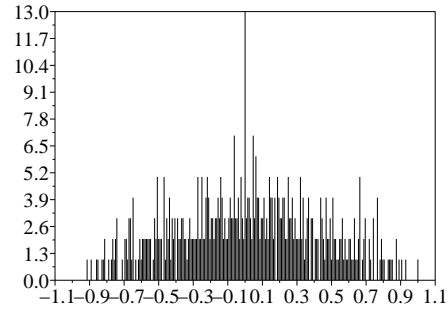
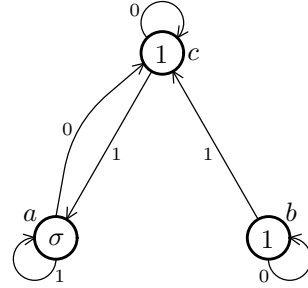
Automaton number 956

$a = \sigma(b, a)$ Group:
 $b = (b, c)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (c, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $acba^{-1}b^{-1}ab^{-1}a^{-1}cba^{-1}b^{-1}ab^{-1}aba^{-1}$.
 $bab^{-1}c^{-1}a^{-1}ba^{-1}bab^{-1}c^{-1}$,
 $acba^{-1}b^{-1}ab^{-1}a^{-1}b^{-1}ca^{-1}caba^{-1}bab^{-1}c^{-1}$.
 $a^{-2}bc^{-1}baba^{-1}bab^{-1}c^{-1}a^{-1}b^{-1}cb^{-1}a^2cb$.
 $a^{-1}b^{-1}ab^{-1}a^{-1}c^{-1}ac^{-1}b$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^7, 2^{13}, 2^{24}, 2^{46}, 2^{90}, 2^{176}$
 Gr: 1,7,37,187,937,4687



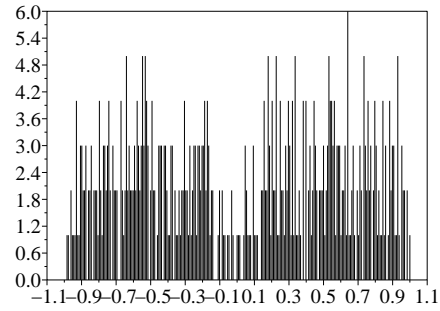
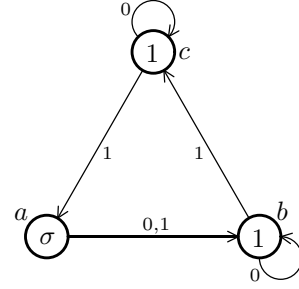
Automaton number 957

$a = \sigma(c, a)$ Group:
 $b = (b, c)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (c, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $(a^{-1}c)^2$, $(b^{-1}c)^2$, $[a, c]^2$,
 $[b, c]^2$, $(a^{-1}c)^4$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^7, 2^{13}, 2^{25}, 2^{47}, 2^{90}, 2^{176}$
 Gr: 1,7,33,143,599,2485



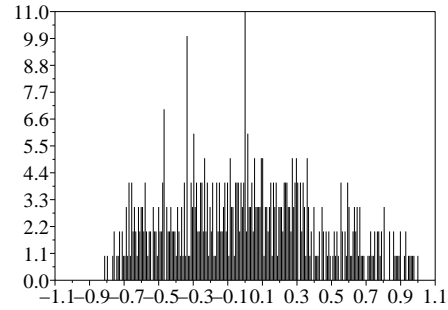
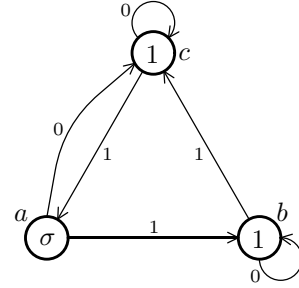
Automaton number 959

$a = \sigma(b, b)$ Group:
 $b = (b, c)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (c, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $a^2, b^2, c^2, abcabcbabcbabab$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^7, 2^{13}, 2^{24}, 2^{46}, 2^{89}, 2^{175}$
 Gr: 1, 4, 10, 22, 46, 94, 190, 382, 766, 1525



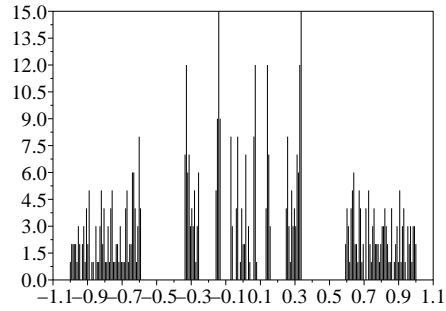
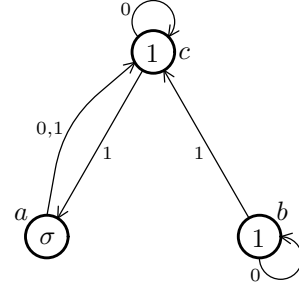
Automaton number 960

$a = \sigma(c, b)$ Group:
 $b = (b, c)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (c, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $(a^{-1}b)^2, (a^{-2}bc)^2, (a^{-1}c)^4, (b^{-1}c)^4$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^7, 2^{13}, 2^{25}, 2^{47}, 2^{90}, 2^{176}$
 Gr: 1, 7, 35, 165, 758, 3460



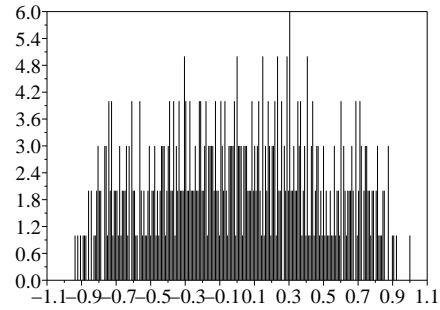
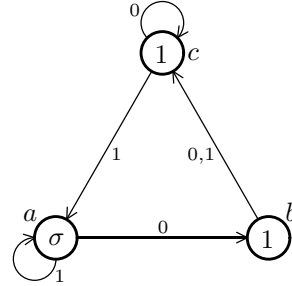
Automaton number 963

$a = \sigma(c, c)$ Group:
 $b = (b, c)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (c, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $a^2, b^2, c^2, acbacacabab$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^7, 2^{13}, 2^{24}, 2^{46}, 2^{89}, 2^{175}$
 Gr: 1, 4, 10, 22, 46, 94, 190, 375, 731,
 1422, 2762, 5350, 10322



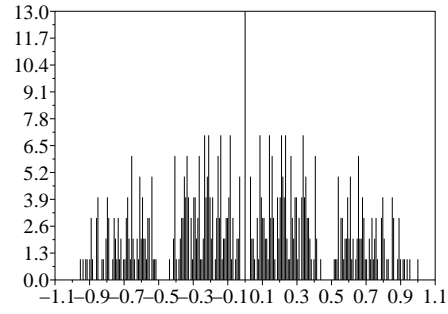
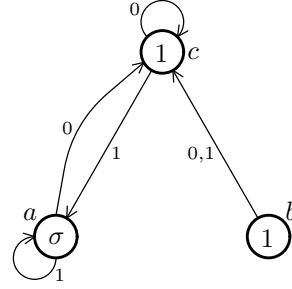
Automaton number 965

$a = \sigma(b, a)$ Group:
 $b = (c, c)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (c, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $acb^{-1}a^{-1}cb^{-1}abc^{-1}a^{-1}bc^{-1}$,
 $acb^{-1}a^{-1}cac^{-1}b^{-1}cbc^{-2}bca^{-1}c^{-1}$,
 $acac^{-1}b^{-1}ca^{-2}cb^{-1}a^2c^{-1}bca^{-1}c^{-1}a^{-1}bc^{-1}$,
 $acac^{-1}b^{-1}ca^{-2}cac^{-1}b^{-1}cac^{-1}bca^{-1}c^{-2}bca^{-1}c^{-1}$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^6, 2^{12}, 2^{23}, 2^{45}, 2^{88}, 2^{174}$
 Gr: 1, 7, 37, 187, 937, 4687



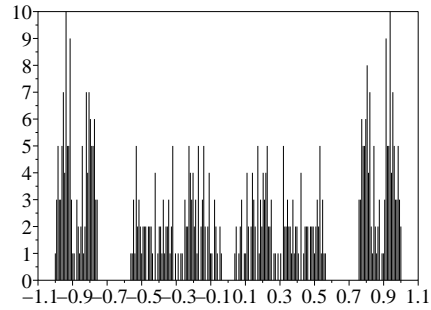
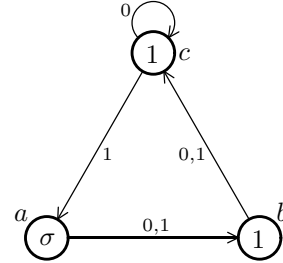
Automaton number 966

$a = \sigma(c, a)$ Group:
 $b = (c, c)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (c, a)$ Self-replicating: *no*
 Rels: $(a^{-1}c)^2, (b^{-1}c)^2, [ca^{-1}, b],$
 $[a, b]^2, (a^{-2}b^2)^2, (a^{-1}b)^4, [[c^{-1}, a^{-1}], cb^{-1}]$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^6, 2^9, 2^{11}, 2^{14}, 2^{16}, 2^{18}$
 Gr: 1,7,33,135,495,1725



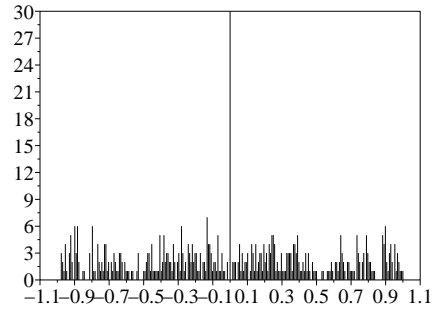
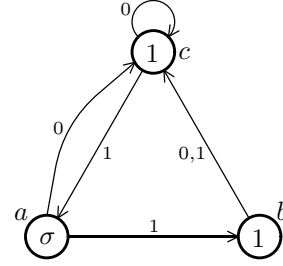
Automaton number 968

$a = \sigma(b, b)$ Group: Virtually \mathbb{Z}^5
 $b = (c, c)$ Contracting: *yes*
 $c = (c, a)$ Self-replicating: *no*
 Rels: $a^2, b^2, c^2, (abc)^2(acb)^2,$
 $(cbcbaba)^2, (cacbcbaba)^2,$
 $(cabacbababa)^2, ((ac)^4b)^2$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^6, 2^9, 2^{13}, 2^{17}, 2^{21}, 2^{25}$
 Gr: 1,4,10,22,46,94,184,338,600,1022



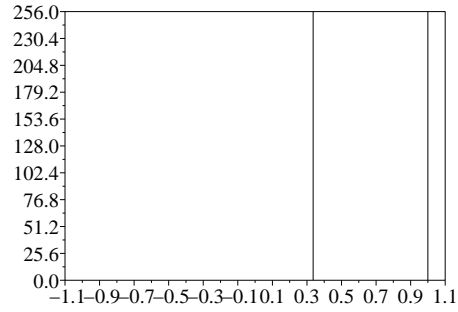
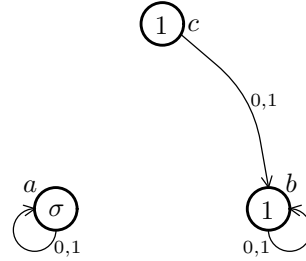
Automaton number 969

$a = \sigma(c, b)$ Group:
 $b = (c, c)$ Contracting: n/a
 $c = (c, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
Rels: $a^{-1}c^{-1}bab^{-1}a^{-1}cb^{-1}ab$,
 $a^{-1}c^{-1}bac^{-1}a^{-1}cb^{-1}ac$
SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^6, 2^{12}, 2^{23}, 2^{45}, 2^{88}, 2^{174}$
Gr: 1,7,37,187,937,4667



Automaton number 1090

$a = \sigma(a, a)$ Group: C_2
 $b = (b, b)$ Contracting: *yes*
 $c = (b, b)$ Self-replicating: *no*
Rels: b, c, a^2
SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^1, 2^1, 2^1, 2^1, 2^1, 2^1, 2^1$
Gr: 1,2,2,2,2,2,2,2,2,2



Automaton number 2193

$a = \sigma(c, b)$ Group: *Contains Lamplighter group*

$b = \sigma(a, a)$ Contracting: *no*

$c = (a, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*

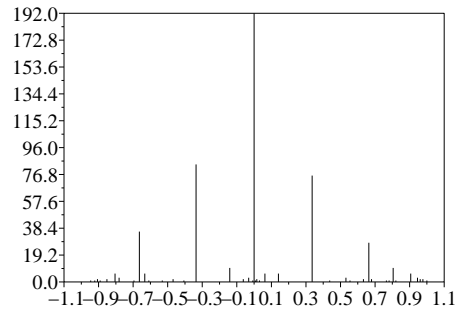
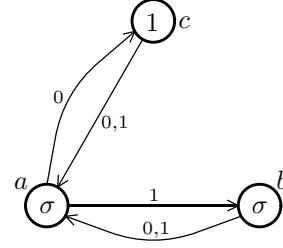
Rels: $[b, c], b^2c^2, a^4, b^4,$

$(a^2b)^2, (abc)^2, (a^2c)^2$

SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^6, 2^7, 2^9, 2^{10}, 2^{11}, 2^{12}$

Gr: 1, 7, 27, 65, 120, 204, 328,

512, 792, 1216



Automaton number 2199

$a = \sigma(c, a)$ Group:

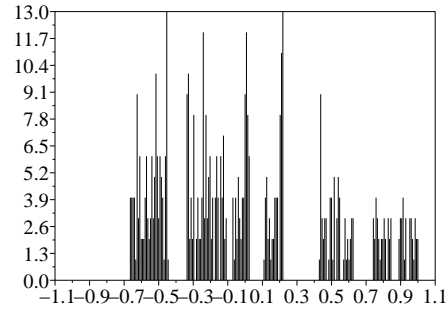
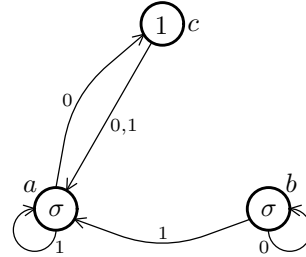
$b = \sigma(b, a)$ Contracting: *no*

$c = (a, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*

Rels: $ca^2, [a^{-1}b, ab^{-1}]$

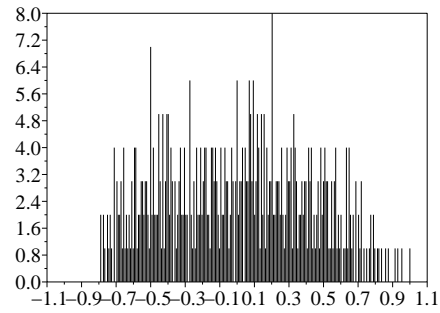
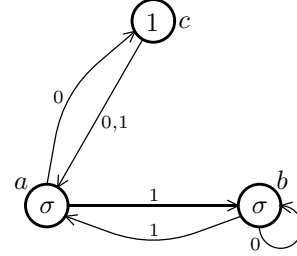
SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^6, 2^{12}, 2^{23}, 2^{45}, 2^{88}, 2^{174}$

Gr: 1, 7, 29, 115, 417, 1505



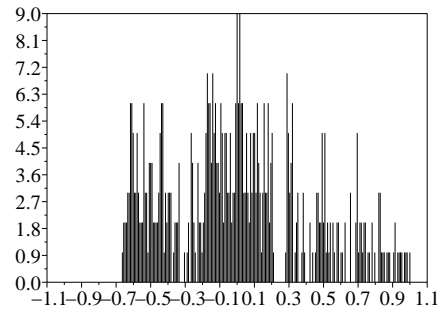
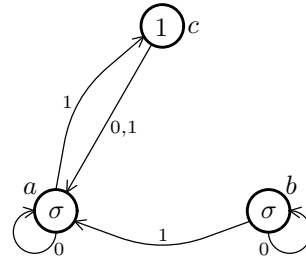
Automaton number 2202

$a = \sigma(c, b)$ Group:
 $b = \sigma(b, a)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (a, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: cab^2a
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^6, 2^{12}, 2^{23}, 2^{45}, 2^{88}, 2^{174}$
 Gr: 1, 7, 37, 177, 833, 3909



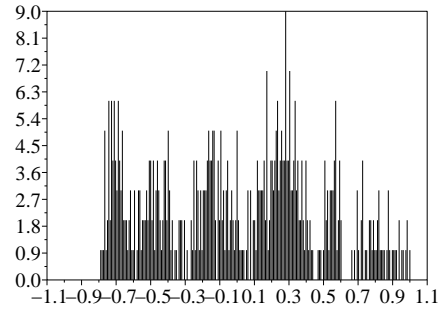
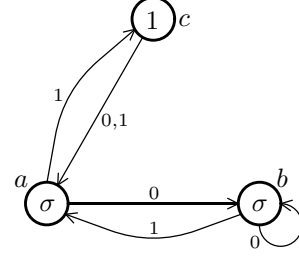
Automaton number 2203

$a = \sigma(a, c)$ Group:
 $b = \sigma(b, a)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (a, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $ca^2, [c^{-2}ab, bc^{-2}a]$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^6, 2^{12}, 2^{23}, 2^{45}, 2^{88}, 2^{174}$
 Gr: 1, 7, 29, 115, 441, 1695



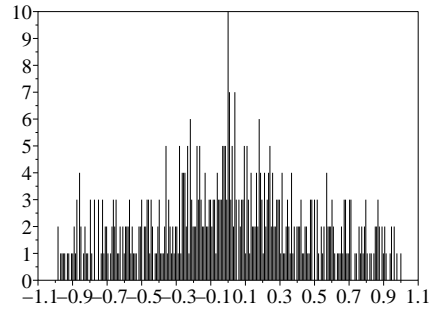
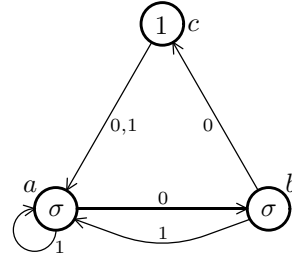
Automaton number 2204

$a = \sigma(b, c)$ Group:
 $b = \sigma(b, a)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (a, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $bcb a^2, [b^{-1}a, ba^{-1}]$,
 $a^{-1}ba^2ba^{-2}b^{-2}aba^2b^{-1}a^{-2}$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^6, 2^{12}, 2^{23}, 2^{45}, 2^{88}, 2^{174}$
 Gr: 1, 7, 37, 177, 825, 3781



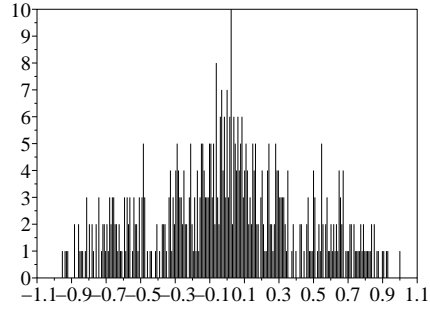
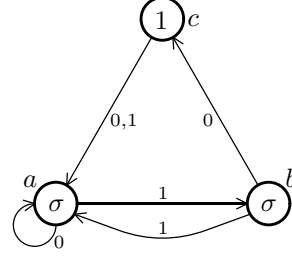
Automaton number 2207

$a = \sigma(b, a)$ Group:
 $b = \sigma(c, a)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (a, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $[b^{-1}a, ba^{-1}]$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^6, 2^{12}, 2^{23}, 2^{45}, 2^{88}, 2^{174}$
 Gr: 1, 7, 37, 187, 929, 4599



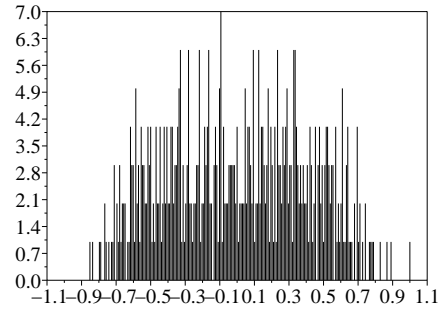
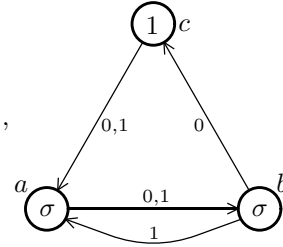
Automaton number 2209

$a = \sigma(a, b)$ Group:
 $b = \sigma(c, a)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (a, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $aca^{-2}c^{-1}acac^{-1}a^{-2}cac^{-1}$,
 $aca^{-2}b^{-1}a^{-1}cacac^{-1}a^{-2}c^{-1}abac^{-1}$,
 $aca^{-1}b^{-1}a^{-1}c^2a^{-1}c^{-1}ac^{-1}abac^{-1}a^{-2}cac^{-1}$,
 $aca^{-1}b^{-1}a^{-1}c^2a^{-1}b^{-1}a^{-1}cac^{-1}$.
 $abac^{-1}a^{-2}c^{-1}abac^{-1}$,
 $bca^{-1}c^{-1}ab^{-1}ca^{-1}c^{-1}aba^{-1}ca$.
 $c^{-1}b^{-1}a^{-1}cac^{-1}$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^6, 2^{12}, 2^{23}, 2^{45}, 2^{88}, 2^{174}$
 Gr: 1,7,37,187,937,4687



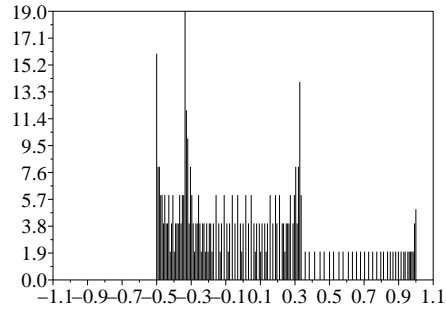
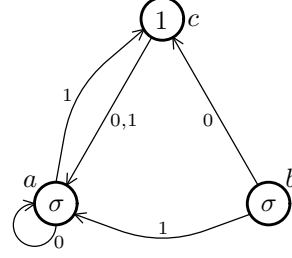
Automaton number 2210

$a = \sigma(b, b)$ Group:
 $b = \sigma(c, a)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (a, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $acbc^{-1}b^{-1}a^{-1}cbc^{-1}b^{-1}abcb^{-1}c^{-1}a^{-1}bcb^{-1}c^{-1}$,
 $bcbc^{-1}b^{-2}cbc^{-1}bcb^{-2}c^{-1}$,
 $bcbc^{-1}b^{-2}ca^{-1}b^{-1}cabcb^{-1}c^{-1}a^{-1}c^{-1}bac^{-1}$,
 $bca^{-1}b^{-1}cab^{-2}cbc^{-1}ba^{-1}c^{-1}bab^{-1}c^{-1}$,
 $bca^{-1}b^{-1}cab^{-2}ca^{-1}b^{-1}caba^{-1}c^{-1}$.
 $bac^{-1}a^{-1}c^{-1}bac^{-1}$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^5, 2^8, 2^{13}, 2^{23}, 2^{42}, 2^{79}$
 Gr: 1,7,37,187,937,4687



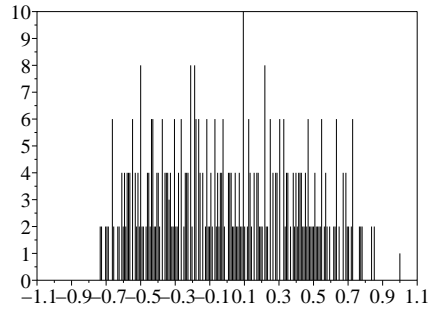
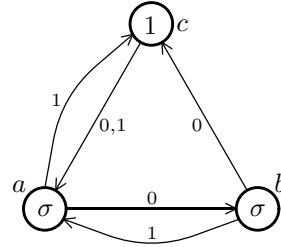
Automaton number 2212

$a = \sigma(a, c)$ Group: *Klein bottle group*
 $b = \sigma(c, a)$ Contracting: *yes*
 $c = (a, a)$ Self-replicating: *no*
 Rels: ca^2, cb^2
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^2, 2^4, 2^6, 2^8, 2^{10}, 2^{12}, 2^{14}$
 Gr: 1,7,19,37,61,91,127,169,217,271,331



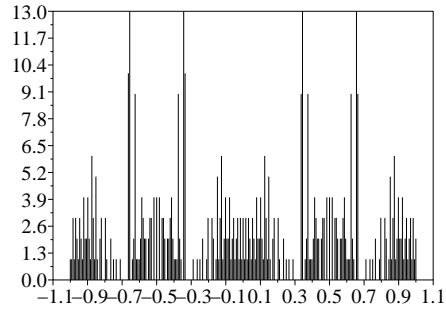
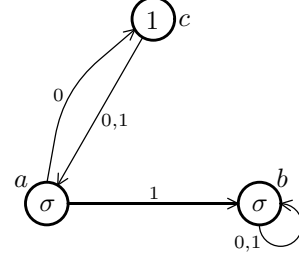
Automaton number 2213

$a = \sigma(b, c)$ Group:
 $b = \sigma(c, a)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (a, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $bcb c^{-1} b^{-2} c b c^{-1} b c b^{-2} c^{-1}$,
 $a c b c^{-1} b^{-1} a^{-1} c b c^{-1} b^{-1} a b c b^{-1} c^{-1}$,
 $a^{-1} b c b^{-1} c^{-1}$,
 $a c b c^{-1} b^{-1} a^{-1} b a^{-1} c^{-1} b^2 c^{-1} a b c b^{-1} c^{-1} a^{-1}$,
 $c b^{-2} c a b^{-1}$,
 $a b a^{-1} c^{-1} b^2 c^{-1} a^{-1} c b c^{-1} b^{-1}$,
 $a c b^{-2} c a b^{-1} a^{-1} b c b^{-1} c^{-1}$,
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^2, 2^3, 2^5, 2^8, 2^{14}, 2^{25}, 2^{47}$
 Gr: 1,7,37,187,937,4687



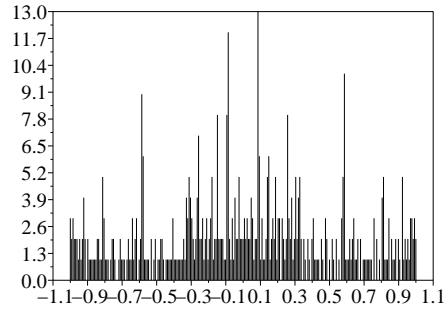
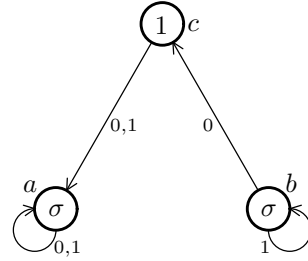
Automaton number 2229

$a = \sigma(c, b)$ Group: $C_4 \ltimes \mathbb{Z}^2$
 $b = \sigma(b, b)$ Contracting: *yes*
 $c = (a, a)$ Self-replicating: *no*
 Rels: $b^2, (ab)^2, (bc)^2, a^4, c^4,$
 $[a, c]^2, (a^{-1}c)^4, (ac)^4$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^6, 2^9, 2^{11}, 2^{13}, 2^{15}, 2^{17}$
 Gr: 1,6,20,54,128,270,510,886,1452



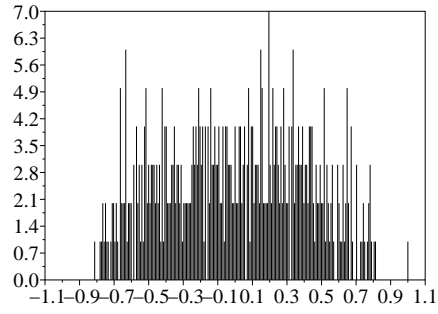
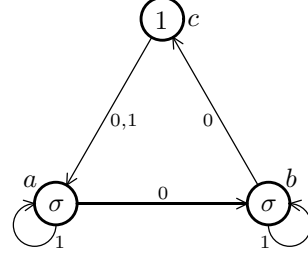
Automaton number 2233

$a = \sigma(a, a)$ Group:
 $b = \sigma(c, b)$ Contracting: *yes*
 $c = (a, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $a^2, c^2, abab, acac, cb^2acbcab^2cabcb$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^6, 2^9, 2^{15}, 2^{26}, 2^{48}, 2^{91}$
 Gr: 1,5,14,32,68,140,284,565,1106



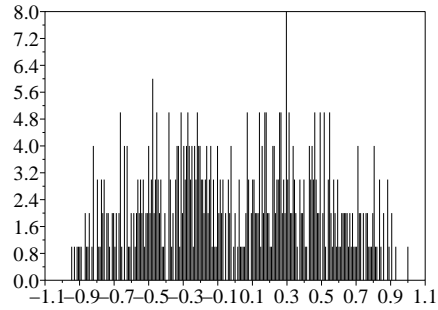
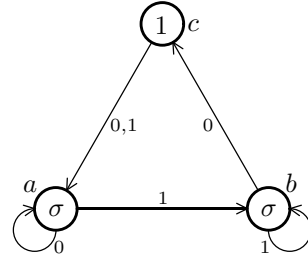
Automaton number 2234

$a = \sigma(b, a)$ Group:
 $b = \sigma(c, b)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (a, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $ac^{-1}a^2c^{-1}ab^{-1}a^{-1}c^{-1}a^2c^{-1}ab^{-1}ab$.
 $a^{-1}ca^{-2}ca^{-1}ba^{-1}ca^{-2}c$,
 $ac^{-1}a^2c^{-1}ab^{-1}a^{-1}cbac^{-1}ab^{-1}a^{-1}c^{-1}aba^{-1}$.
 $ca^{-1}b^{-1}aba^{-1}ca^{-2}ca^{-1}bac^{-1}ab^{-1}a^{-1}ca$.
 $ba^{-1}ca^{-1}b^{-1}c^{-1}$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^6, 2^{12}, 2^{23}, 2^{45}, 2^{88}, 2^{174}$
 Gr: 1,7,37,187,937,4687



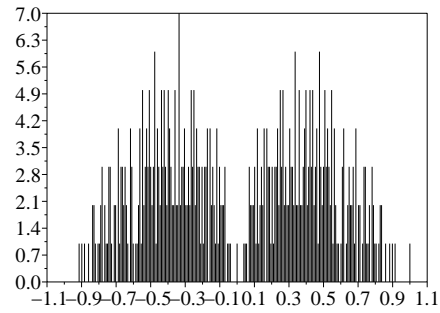
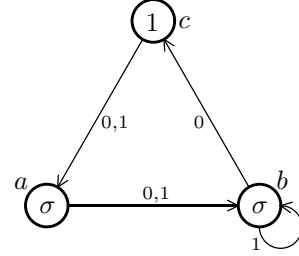
Automaton number 2236

$a = \sigma(a, b)$ Group:
 $b = \sigma(c, b)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (a, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $[b^{-1}a, ba^{-1}]$, $a^{-1}c^{-1}acb^{-1}ac^{-1}a^{-1}cb$,
 $a^{-1}cac^{-1}b^{-1}aca^{-1}c^{-1}b$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^6, 2^{12}, 2^{23}, 2^{45}, 2^{88}, 2^{174}$
 Gr: 1,7,37,187,929,4579



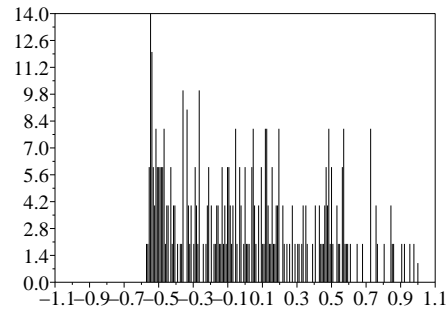
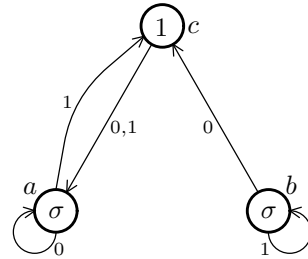
Automaton number 2237

$a = \sigma(b, b)$ Group:
 $b = \sigma(c, b)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (a, a)$ Self-replicating: *no*
 Rels: $[b^{-1}a, ba^{-1}]$, $[c^{-1}a, ca^{-1}]$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^6, 2^9, 2^{15}, 2^{26}, 2^{45}, 2^{81}$
 Gr: 1,7,37,187,921,4511



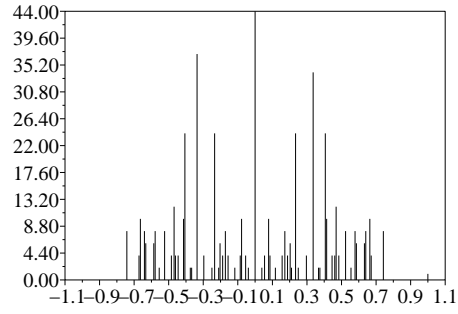
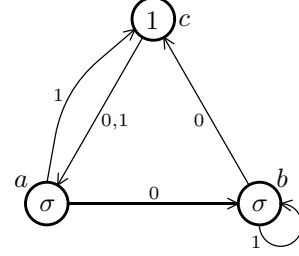
Automaton number 2239

$a = \sigma(a, c)$ Group:
 $b = \sigma(c, b)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (a, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: ca^2 , $[ca^{-2}cba^{-1}, a^{-1}ca^{-2}cb]$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^2, 2^3, 2^5, 2^8, 2^{14}, 2^{25}, 2^{47}$
 Gr: 1,7,29,115,441,1695



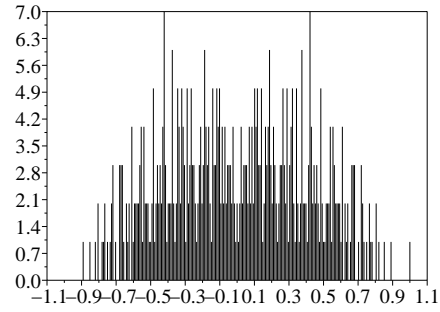
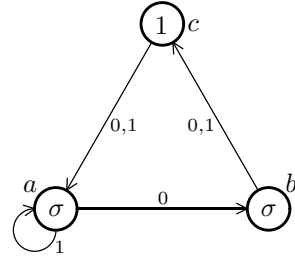
Automaton number 2240

$a = \sigma(b, c)$ Group: F_3
 $b = \sigma(c, b)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (a, a)$ Self-replicating: *no*
 Rels:
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^2, 2^4, 2^7, 2^{10}, 2^{14}, 2^{21}, 2^{34}$
 Gr: 1,7,37,187,937,4687



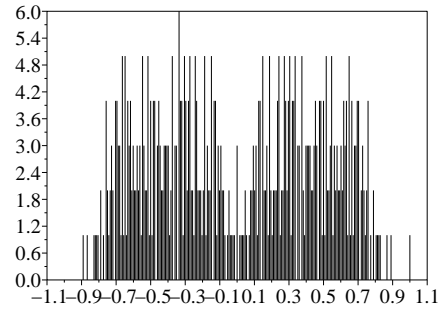
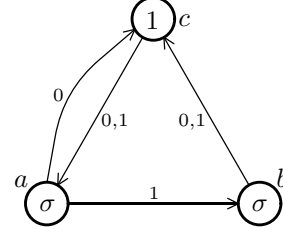
Automaton number 2261

$a = \sigma(b, a)$ Group:
 $b = \sigma(c, c)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (a, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $acac^{-1}a^{-2}cac^{-1}aca^{-2}c^{-1}$,
 $acac^{-1}a^{-2}cba^{-1}c^{-1}aca^{-1}cb^{-1}aca^{-1}c^{-1}$,
 $bc^{-1}ac^{-1}a^{-1}cab^{-1}c^{-1}$,
 $bcac^{-1}a^{-1}b^{-1}cac^{-1}a^{-1}baca^{-1}c^{-1}b^{-1}aca^{-1}c^{-1}$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^2, 2^4, 2^6, 2^9, 2^{15}, 2^{26}, 2^{48}$
 Gr: 1,7,37,187,937,4687



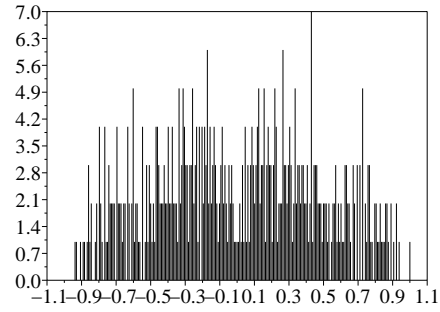
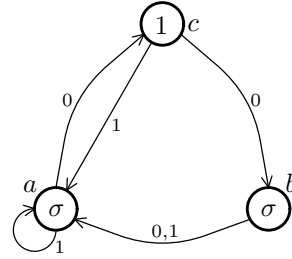
Automaton number 2265

$a = \sigma(c, b)$ Group:
 $b = \sigma(c, c)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (a, a)$ Self-replicating: *no*
 Rels: $[b^{-1}a, ba^{-1}]$, $a^{-1}ca^{-1}cb^{-1}ac^{-1}ac^{-1}b$,
 $a^{-1}cb^{-1}cb^{-1}ac^{-1}bc^{-1}b$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^6, 2^9, 2^{14}, 2^{22}, 2^{36}, 2^{63}$
 Gr: 1,7,37,187,929,4579,22521



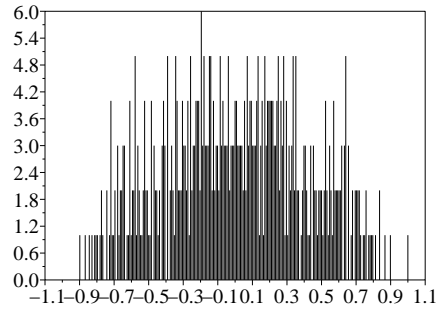
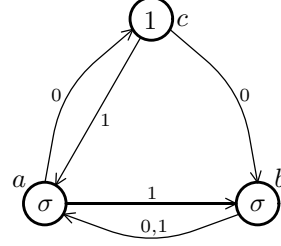
Automaton number 2271

$a = \sigma(c, a)$ Group:
 $b = \sigma(a, a)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (b, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $[b^{-1}a, ba^{-1}]$, $a^{-1}c^2a^{-1}b^{-1}a^2c^{-2}b$,
 $a^{-1}c^2b^{-2}abc^{-2}b$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^7, 2^{13}, 2^{24}, 2^{46}, 2^{89}, 2^{175}$
 Gr: 1,7,37,187,929,4583



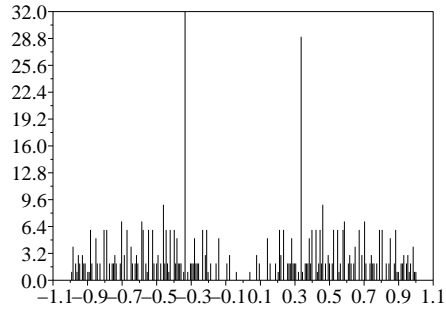
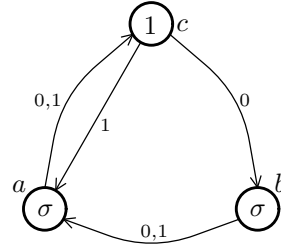
Automaton number 2274

$a = \sigma(c, b)$ Group:
 $b = \sigma(a, a)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (b, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $ac^3b^{-1}c^{-2}b^3c^{-3}a^{-1}c^3b^{-1}c^{-2}b^3c^{-3}ac^3b^{-3}$.
 $c^2bc^{-3}a^{-1}c^3b^{-3}c^2bc^{-3}$,
 $ac^3b^{-1}c^{-2}b^3c^{-3}a^{-1}c^2ab^{-2}c^{-1}b^3c^{-3}ac^3b^{-3}$.
 $c^2bc^{-3}a^{-1}c^3b^{-3}cb^2a^{-1}c^{-2}$,
 $bc^3b^{-1}c^{-2}b^3c^{-3}b^{-1}c^3b^{-1}c^{-2}b^3c^{-3}$.
 $bc^3b^{-3}c^2bc^{-3}b^{-1}c^3b^{-3}c^2bc^{-3}$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^7, 2^{13}, 2^{24}, 2^{46}, 2^{89}, 2^{175}$
 Gr: 1,7,37,187,937,4687



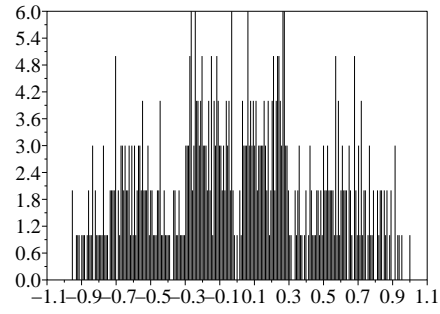
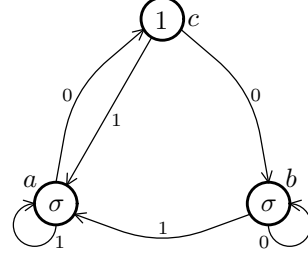
Automaton number 2277

$a = \sigma(c, c)$ Group: $C_2 \times (\mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z})$
 $b = \sigma(a, a)$ Contracting: *yes*
 $c = (b, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $a^2, b^2, c^2, (acb)^2$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^2, 2^4, 2^5, 2^6, 2^7, 2^8, 2^9$
 Gr: 1,4,10,19,31,46,64,85,109,136,166
 Limit space: 2-dimensional sphere S_2



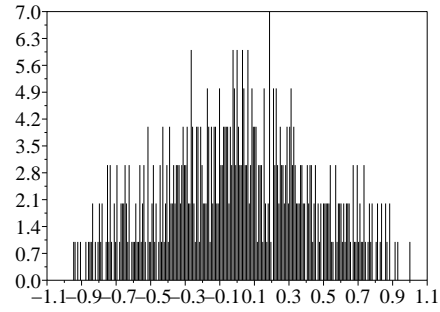
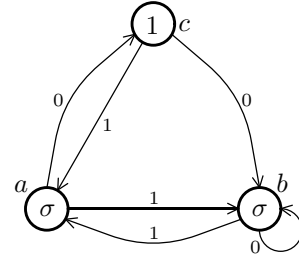
Automaton number 2280

$a = \sigma(c, a)$ Group:
 $b = \sigma(b, a)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (b, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $(a^{-1}b)^2$, $(b^{-1}c)^2$, $[a, b]^2$, $[b, c]^2$,
 $(a^{-1}c)^4$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^7, 2^{13}, 2^{25}, 2^{47}, 2^{90}, 2^{176}$
 Gr: 1, 7, 33, 143, 597, 2465



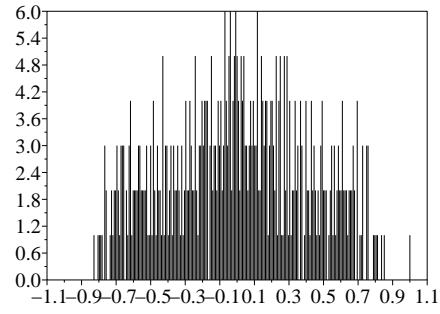
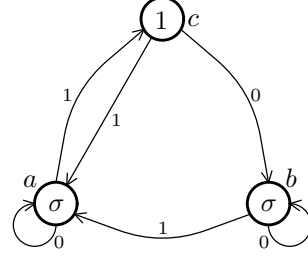
Automaton number 2283

$a = \sigma(c, b)$ Group:
 $b = \sigma(b, a)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (b, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $(a^{-1}b)^2$, $(b^{-1}c)^2$, $[b, c]^2$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^7, 2^{13}, 2^{25}, 2^{47}, 2^{90}, 2^{176}$
 Gr: 1, 7, 33, 143, 604, 2534



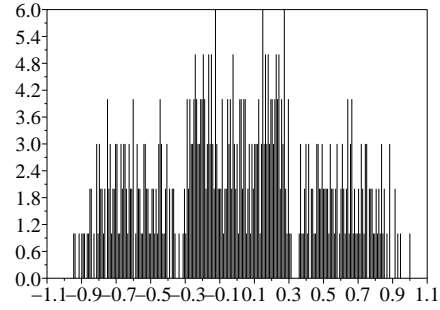
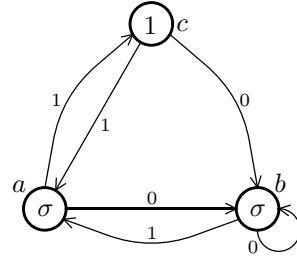
Automaton number 2284

$a = \sigma(a, c)$ Group:
 $b = \sigma(b, a)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (b, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $(b^{-1}c)^2$, $(a^{-1}b)^4$, $(bc^{-2}a)^2$,
 $(a^{-1}c)^4$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^7, 2^{13}, 2^{25}, 2^{47}, 2^{90}, 2^{176}$
 Gr: 1, 7, 35, 165, 758, 3460



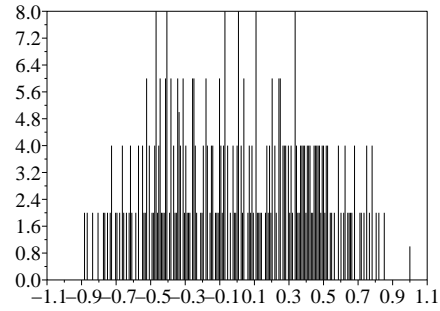
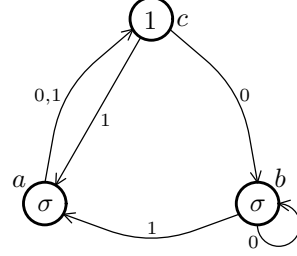
Automaton number 2285

$a = \sigma(b, c)$ Group:
 $b = \sigma(b, a)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (b, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $(b^{-1}c)^2$, $[b^{-1}a, ba^{-1}]$, $[(c^{-1}a)^2, c^{-1}b]$,
 $[(ca^{-1})^2, cb^{-1}]$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^7, 2^{13}, 2^{25}, 2^{47}, 2^{90}, 2^{176}$
 Gr: 1, 7, 35, 165, 761, 3479



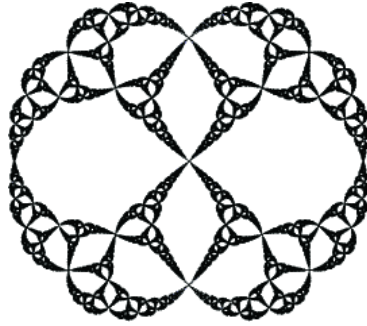
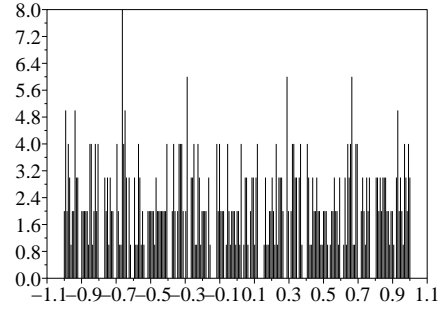
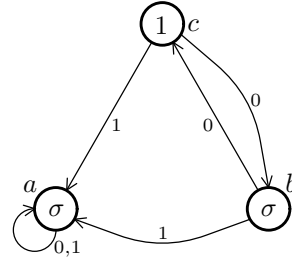
Automaton number 2286

$a = \sigma(c, c)$ Group:
 $b = \sigma(b, a)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (b, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $(b^{-1}c)^2, [a, bc^{-1}]$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^2, 2^3, 2^5, 2^9, 2^{15}, 2^{27}, 2^{49}$
 Gr: 1,7,35,159,705,3107



Automaton number 2287

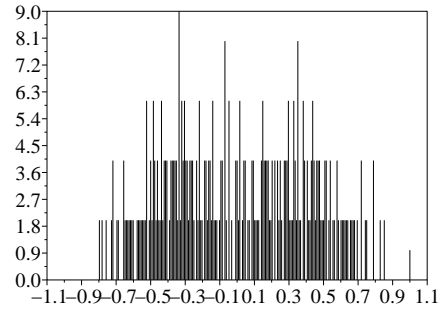
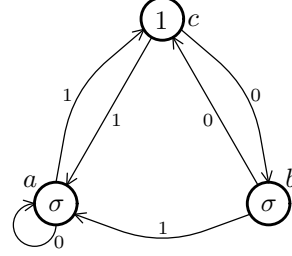
$a = \sigma(a, a)$ Group: $IMG\left(\frac{z^2+2}{1-z^2}\right)$
 $b = \sigma(c, a)$ Contracting: *yes*
 $c = (b, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $a^2, [a, b^2], (b^{-1}ac)^2, [ba, c^2], [c^2, aca]$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^7, 2^{13}, 2^{24}, 2^{46}, 2^{89}, 2^{175}$
 Gr: 1,6,26,100,362,1246
 Limit space:



Automaton number 2293

$a = \sigma(a, c)$ Group:
 $b = \sigma(c, a)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (b, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*

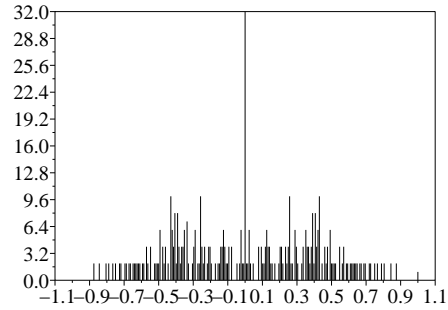
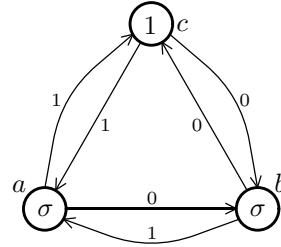
Rels:
 $cb^{-1}a^{-1}ca^{-1}cb^{-1}a^{-1}cac^{-1}abc^{-1}a^{-1}c^{-1}abc^{-1}a,$
 $cb^{-1}a^{-1}c^2a^{-1}c^2b^{-1}a^{-1}c^2b^{-1}a^{-1}ca^{-2}c^{-1}a.$
 $b^2c^{-2}ab^{-1}a^{-1}ca^2c^{-1}abc^{-2}abc^{-2}ac^{-1},$
 $ba^{-1}cb^{-1}a^{-1}cab^{-1}a^{-1}cb^{-1}a^{-1}c.$
 $aba^{-1}c^{-1}abc^{-1}ab^{-1}a^{-1}c^{-1}abc^{-1}a$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^2, 2^4, 2^8, 2^{13}, 2^{23}, 2^{41}, 2^{76}$
 Gr: 1,7,37,187,937,4687



Automaton number 2294

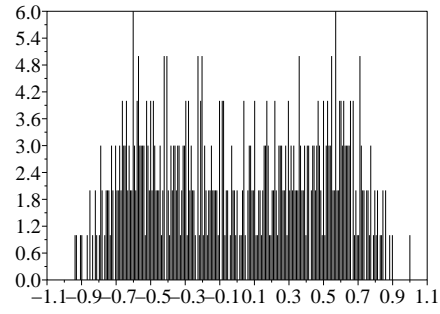
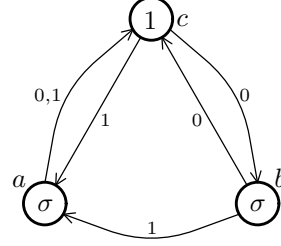
$a = \sigma(b, c)$ Group: $BS(1, -3)$
 $b = \sigma(c, a)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (b, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*

Rels: $b^{-1}ca^{-1}c, (ca^{-1})^a(ca^{-1})^3$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^2, 2^4, 2^6, 2^8, 2^{10}, 2^{12}, 2^{14}$
 Gr: 1,7,33,127,433,1415



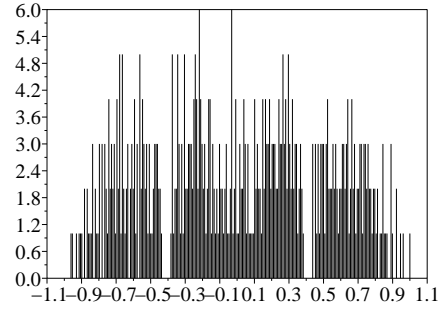
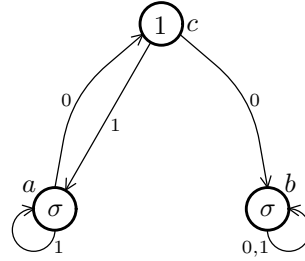
Automaton number 2295

$a = \sigma(c, c)$ Group:
 $b = \sigma(c, a)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (b, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $[b^{-1}a, ba^{-1}]$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^7, 2^{13}, 2^{24}, 2^{46}, 2^{89}, 2^{175}$
 Gr: 1, 7, 37, 187, 929, 4599



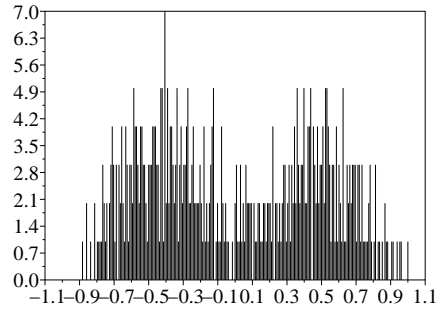
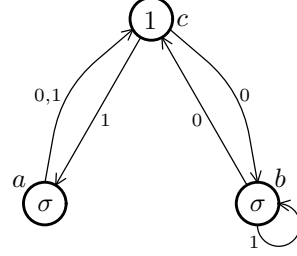
Automaton number 2307

$a = \sigma(c, a)$ Group:
 $b = \sigma(b, b)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (b, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $b^2, a^{-2}c^{-1}bca^2c^{-1}bc, a^{-1}c^{-1}bc^{-2}bcac^2, a^{-1}cbc^{-2}bc^{-1}ac^2$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^7, 2^{13}, 2^{24}, 2^{46}, 2^{89}, 2^{175}$
 Gr: 1, 6, 26, 106, 426, 1681



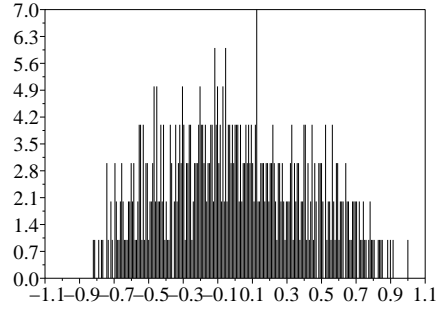
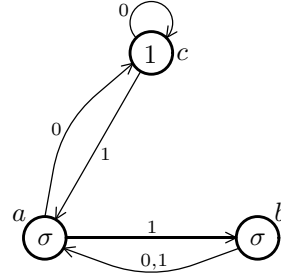
Automaton number 2322

$a = \sigma(c, c)$ Group:
 $b = \sigma(c, b)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (b, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $[b^{-1}a, ba^{-1}]$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^7, 2^{13}, 2^{24}, 2^{46}, 2^{89}, 2^{175}$
 Gr: 1,7,37,187,929,4599



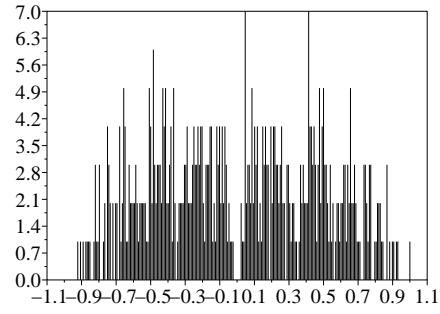
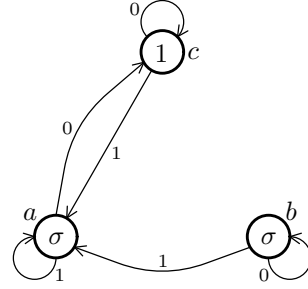
Automaton number 2355

$a = \sigma(c, b)$ Group:
 $b = \sigma(a, a)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (c, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels:
 $bca^{-2}c^{-1}bcac^{-1}b^{-2}cac^{-1},$
 $aca^{-1}c^{-1}ba^{-1}ca^{-1}c^{-1}bab^{-1}cac^{-1}a^{-1}b^{-1}cac^{-1},$
 $abac^{-1}bc^{-1}b^{-1}a^{-1}ca^{-1}c^{-1}bab.$
 $cb^{-1}ca^{-1}b^{-1}a^{-1}b^{-1}cac^{-1},$
 $aca^{-1}c^{-1}ba^{-1}bac^{-1}bc^{-1}b^{-1}a.$
 $b^{-1}cac^{-1}a^{-1}bcb^{-1}ca^{-1}b^{-1}$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^7, 2^{13}, 2^{24}, 2^{46}, 2^{89}, 2^{175}$
 Gr: 1,7,37,187,937,4687



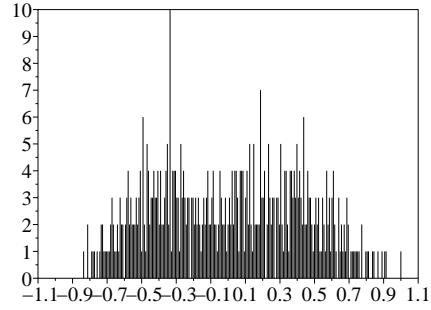
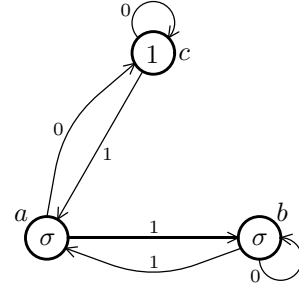
Automaton number 2361

$a = \sigma(c, a)$ Group:
 $b = \sigma(b, a)$ Contracting: *n/a*
 $c = (c, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $(a^{-1}c)^2$, $[b^{-1}a, ba^{-1}]$, $[a, c]^2$,
 $(b^{-1}a^{-1}c^2)^2$, $[ac^{-1}, bc^{-1}ba^{-1}]$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^7, 2^{13}, 2^{25}, 2^{47}, 2^{90}, 2^{176}$
 Gr: 1, 7, 35, 165, 749, 3343



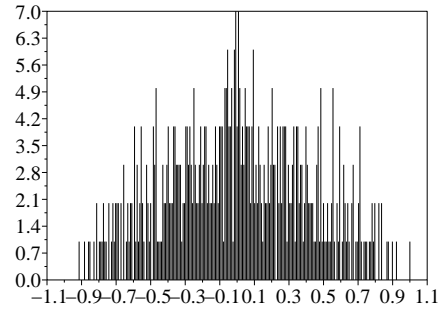
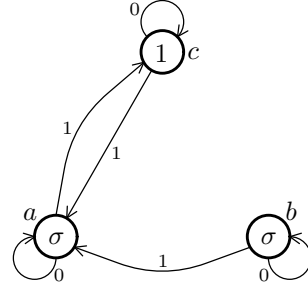
Automaton number 2364

$a = \sigma(c, b)$ Group:
 $b = \sigma(b, a)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (c, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels:
 $aca^{-1}cb^{-1}a^{-1}ca^{-1}cb^{-1}abc^{-1}ac^{-1}a^{-1}bc^{-1}ac^{-1}$,
 $bca^{-1}cb^{-2}ca^{-2}ca^{-1}b^3c^{-1}ac^{-1}b^{-2}ac^{-1}a^2c^{-1}$,
 $bca^{-2}ca^{-1}ca^{-2}ca^{-1}bac^{-1}a^2c^{-1}b^{-2}ac^{-1}a^2c^{-1}$,
 $bca^{-2}ca^{-1}ca^{-1}cb^{-1}ac^{-1}a^2c^{-2}ac^{-1}$,
 $bca^{-1}cb^{-2}ca^{-1}cbc^{-1}ac^{-2}ac^{-1}$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^6, 2^{12}, 2^{24}, 2^{46}, 2^{90}, 2^{176}$
 Gr: 1, 7, 37, 187, 937, 4687



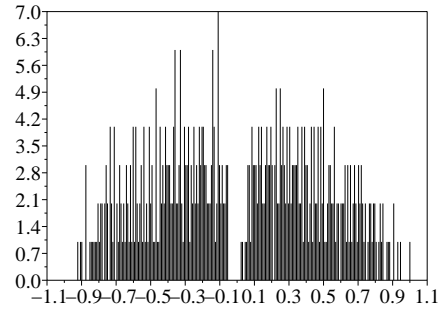
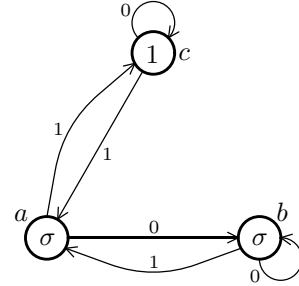
Automaton number 2365

$a = \sigma(a, c)$ Group:
 $b = \sigma(b, a)$ Contracting: *n/a*
 $c = (c, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $(a^{-1}b)^2, (a^{-1}c)^2, [a, c]^2$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^7, 2^{13}, 2^{25}, 2^{47}, 2^{90}, 2^{176}$
 Gr: 1, 7, 33, 143, 604, 2534



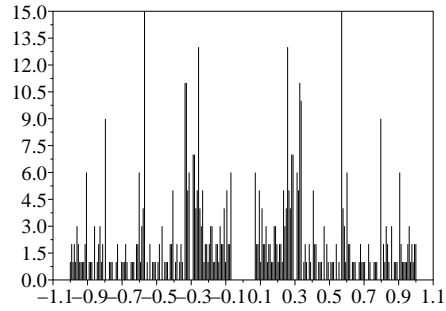
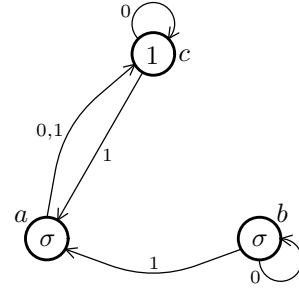
Automaton number 2366

$a = \sigma(b, c)$ Group:
 $b = \sigma(b, a)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (c, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $[b^{-1}a, ba^{-1}], a^{-1}c^{-1}acb^{-1}ac^{-1}a^{-1}cb,$
 $a^{-1}cbc^{-1}b^{-1}acb^{-1}c^{-1}b$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^6, 2^{12}, 2^{23}, 2^{45}, 2^{88}, 2^{174}$
 Gr: 1, 7, 37, 187, 929, 4579



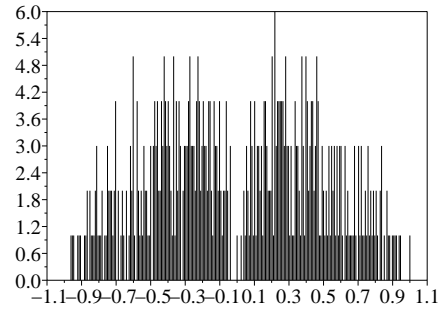
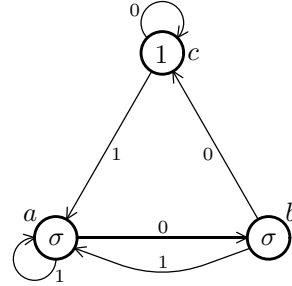
Automaton number 2367

$a = \sigma(c, c)$ Group:
 $b = \sigma(b, a)$ Contracting: *yes*
 $c = (c, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $a^2, c^2, b^{-2}cacb^2cac$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^5, 2^8, 2^{14}, 2^{25}, 2^{47}, 2^{90}$
 Gr: 1, 5, 17, 53, 161, 480, 1422



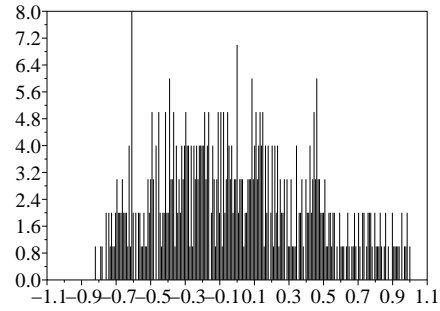
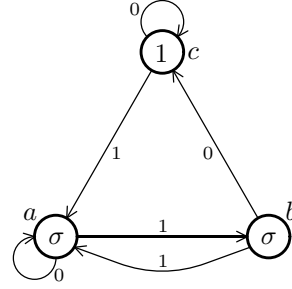
Automaton number 2369

$a = \sigma(b, a)$ Group:
 $b = \sigma(c, a)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (c, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $(a^{-1}b)^2, (b^{-1}c)^2, [a, b]^2, (a^{-1}c)^4$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^7, 2^{13}, 2^{25}, 2^{47}, 2^{90}, 2^{176}$
 Gr: 1, 7, 33, 143, 602, 2514



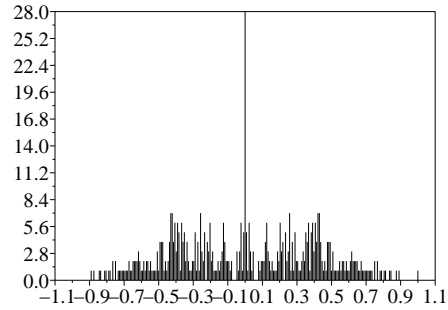
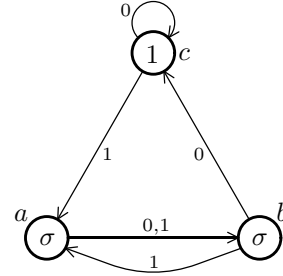
Automaton number 2371

$a = \sigma(a, b)$ Group:
 $b = \sigma(c, a)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (c, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $(b^{-1}c)^2$, $(a^{-1}b)^4$, $(b^{-1}c^{-1}ac)^2$,
 $(a^{-1}c)^4$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^7, 2^{13}, 2^{25}, 2^{47}, 2^{90}, 2^{176}$
 Gr: 1, 7, 35, 165, 758, 3460



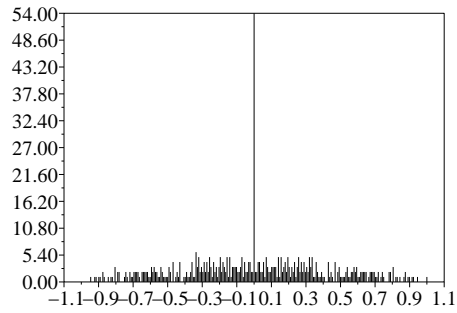
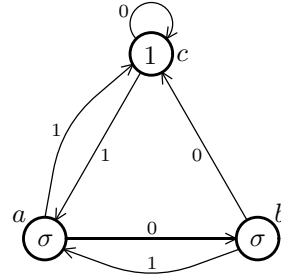
Automaton number 2372

$a = \sigma(b, b)$ Group:
 $b = \sigma(c, a)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (c, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $(a^{-1}b)^2$, $(b^{-1}c)^2$, $[c, ab^{-1}]$,
 $[cb^{-1}, a]$, $[c^{-1}, b^{-1}] \cdot [a^{-1}, b^{-1}]$,
 $[a, c^{-1}] \cdot [b, a^{-1}]$, $[b^{-1}, a^{-1}] \cdot [c^{-1}, a^{-1}]$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^5, 2^7, 2^9, 2^{11}, 2^{13}, 2^{15}$
 Gr: 1, 7, 33, 127, 433, 1415



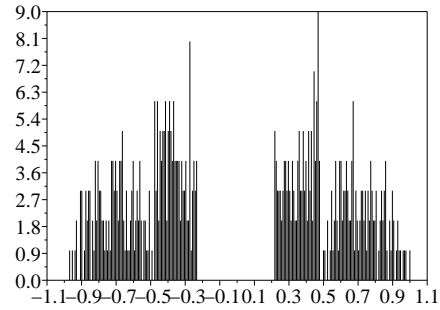
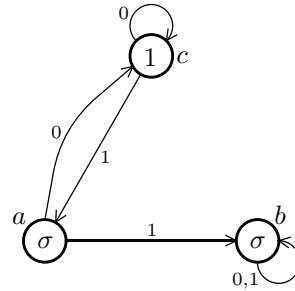
Automaton number 2375

$a = \sigma(b, c)$ Group:
 $b = \sigma(c, a)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (c, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $(b^{-1}c)^2$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^5, 2^9, 2^{15}, 2^{26}, 2^{48}, 2^{92}$
 Gr: 1, 7, 35, 165, 769, 3575



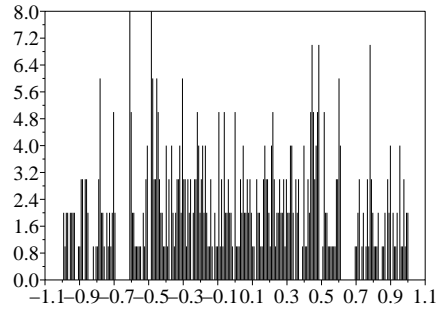
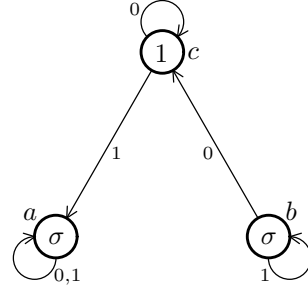
Automaton number 2391

$a = \sigma(c, b)$ Group:
 $b = \sigma(b, b)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (c, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $b^2, [a^2, b]$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^7, 2^{13}, 2^{24}, 2^{46}, 2^{89}, 2^{175}$
 Gr: 1, 6, 26, 103, 399, 1538



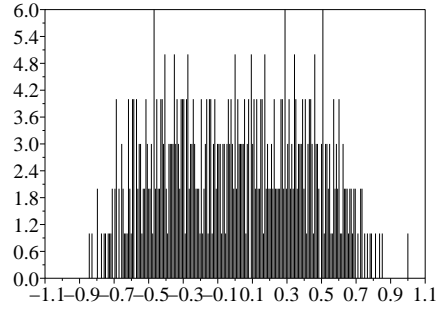
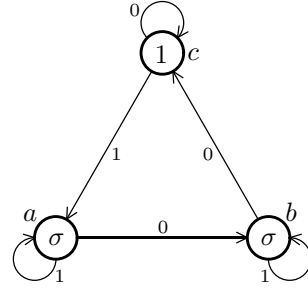
Automaton number 2395

$a = \sigma(a, a)$ Group:
 $b = \sigma(c, b)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (c, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $a^2, c^2, (acb)^2, [b^2, cac]$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^7, 2^{13}, 2^{24}, 2^{46}, 2^{89}, 2^{175}$
 Gr: 1,5,17,50,140,377,995,2605



Automaton number 2396

$a = \sigma(b, a)$ Group: *A. Boltenkov group*
 $b = \sigma(c, b)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (c, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $acb^{-1}ca^{-2}cb^{-1}cac^{-1}bc^{-2}bc^{-1},$
 $acb^{-1}ca^{-2}cb^{-1}a^2c^{-1}b^{-1}a^2c^{-1}bc^{-1}a^{-1}bca^{-2}bc^{-1},$
 $acb^{-1}a^2c^{-1}b^{-1}a^{-1}cb^{-1}cbca^{-2}bc^{-2}bc^{-1},$
 $bcb^{-1}ca^{-1}b^{-1}cb^{-1}a^2c^{-1}ac^{-1}ba^{-2}bc^{-1}$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^6, 2^{12}, 2^{24}, 2^{46}, 2^{90}, 2^{176}$
 Gr: 1,7,37,187,937,4687



Automaton number 2398

$a = \sigma(a, b)$ Group: *F.Dahmani Group*

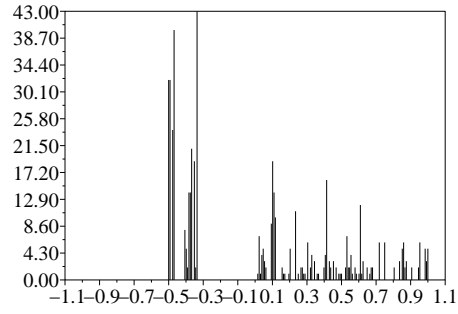
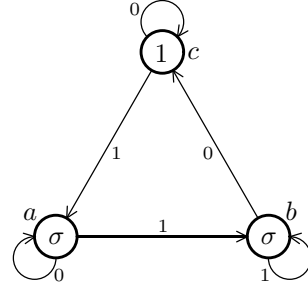
$b = \sigma(c, b)$ Contracting: *no*

$c = (c, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*

Rels: $cba, b^{-1}a^{-1}b^2a^{-1}b^{-1}a^2$

SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^6, 2^{12}, 2^{23}, 2^{45}, 2^{88}, 2^{174}$

Gr: 1,7,31,127,483,1823



Automaton number 2399

$a = \sigma(b, b)$ Group:

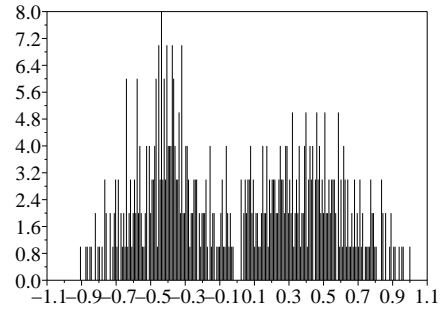
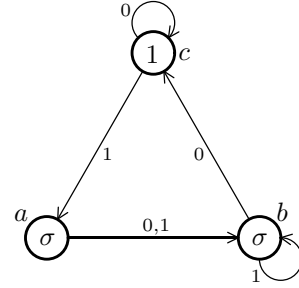
$b = \sigma(c, b)$ Contracting: *no*

$c = (c, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*

Rels: $[b^{-1}a, ba^{-1}]$

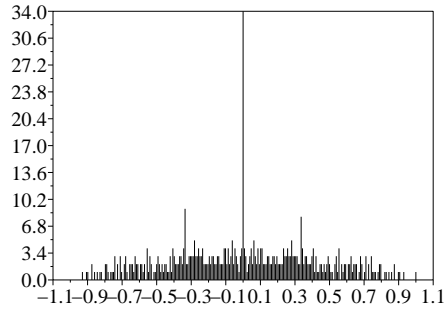
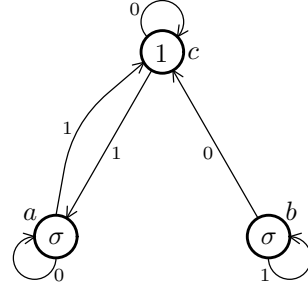
SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^7, 2^{13}, 2^{24}, 2^{46}, 2^{89}, 2^{175}$

Gr: 1,7,37,187,929,4599



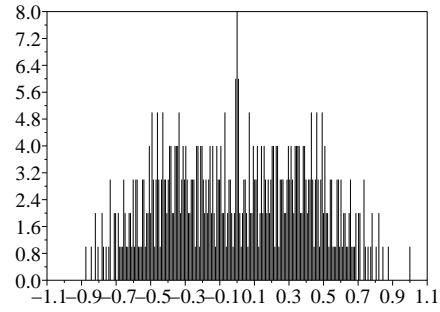
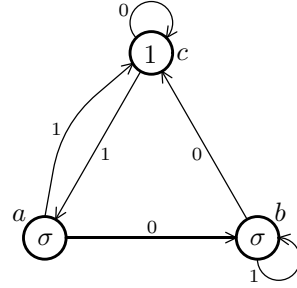
Automaton number 2401

$a = \sigma(a, c)$ Group:
 $b = \sigma(c, b)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (c, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $(a^{-1}c)^2, [a, c]^2, (c^{-2}ba)^2$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^5, 2^9, 2^{15}, 2^{26}, 2^{48}, 2^{92}$
 Gr: 1,7,35,165,757,3447



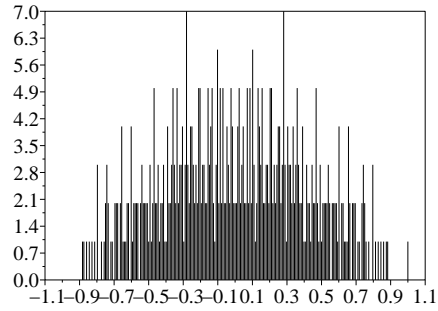
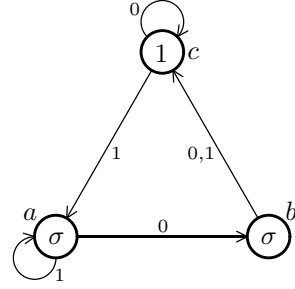
Automaton number 2402

$a = \sigma(b, c)$ Group:
 $b = \sigma(c, b)$ Contracting: *n/a*
 $c = (c, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $ac^2b^{-1}a^{-2}c^2b^{-1}abc^{-2}bc^{-2},$
 $ac^2b^{-1}a^{-2}cb^{-2}c^{-1}a^4bc^{-2}a^{-3}cb^2c^{-1},$
 $acb^{-2}c^{-1}ac^2b^{-1}a^{-2}cb^2c^{-1}bc^{-2},$
 $acb^{-2}c^{-1}acb^{-2}c^{-1}acb^2c^{-1}a^{-3}cb^2c^{-1}$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^5, 2^7, 2^{10}, 2^{15}, 2^{25}, 2^{41}$
 Gr: 1,7,37,187,937,4687



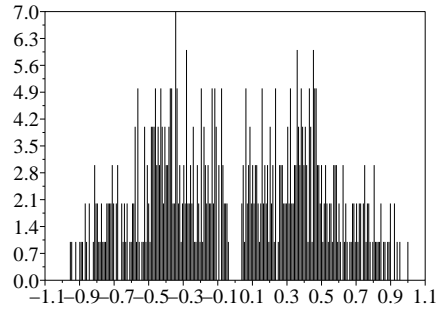
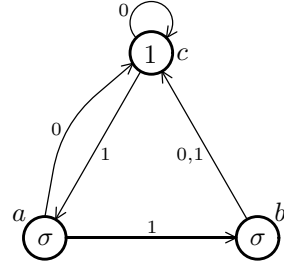
Automaton number 2423

$a = \sigma(b, a)$ Group:
 $b = \sigma(c, c)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (c, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $ac^{-1}bca^{-2}c^{-1}bcac^{-1}b^{-2}c$,
 $ac^{-1}bca^{-1}c^{-1}bac^{-1}b^{-1}a^2c^{-1}b^{-1}ca^{-1}b$,
 $ca^{-1}b^{-1}ca^{-1}$,
 $bc^{-1}bca^{-1}b^{-1}ac^{-1}bac^{-1}ac^{-1}b^{-1}c^2a^{-1}$,
 $b^{-1}ca^{-1}$,
 $bac^{-1}bac^{-1}b^{-2}c^{-1}bca^{-1}b^2ca^{-1}$,
 $b^{-1}ca^{-1}b^{-1}ac^{-1}b^{-1}c$,
 $bac^{-1}bac^{-1}b^{-2}ac^{-1}bac^{-1}bca^{-1}$,
 $b^{-1}ca^{-1}ca^{-1}b^{-1}ca^{-1}$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^5, 2^8, 2^{14}, 2^{25}, 2^{47}, 2^{90}$
 Gr: 1,7,37,187,937,4687



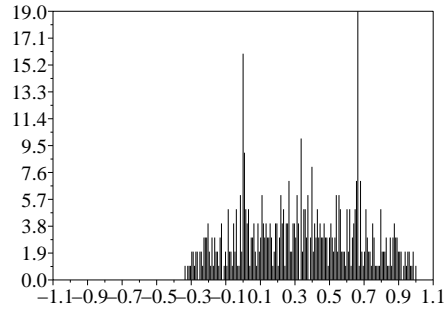
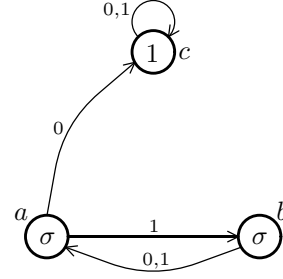
Automaton number 2427

$a = \sigma(c, b)$ Group:
 $b = \sigma(c, c)$ Contracting: *n/a*
 $c = (c, a)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $[b^{-1}a, ba^{-1}]$, $a^{-1}c^2a^{-1}b^{-1}a^2c^{-2}b$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^7, 2^{13}, 2^{24}, 2^{46}, 2^{89}, 2^{175}$
 Gr: 1,7,37,187,929,4583



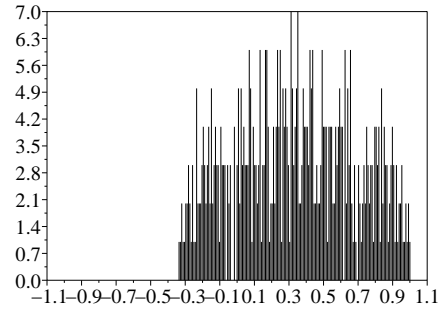
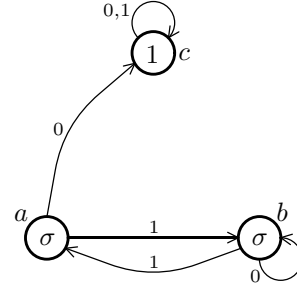
Automaton number 2841

$a = \sigma(c, b)$ Group:
 $b = \sigma(a, a)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (c, c)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $c, a^{-1}b^{-1}a^{-2}ba^{-1}b^{-1}aba^2b^{-1}ab,$
 $a^{-1}b^{-1}a^{-2}b^{-1}a^{-1}babab^{-2}abab,$
 $a^{-1}ba^{-1}b^{-2}a^{-1}ba^{-1}bab^{-1}a^2b^{-1}ab$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^5, 2^8, 2^{13}, 2^{23}, 2^{42}, 2^{79}$
 Gr: 1,5,17,53,161,485,
 1457,4359,12991



Automaton number 2850

$a = \sigma(c, b)$ Group:
 $b = \sigma(b, a)$ Contracting: *no*
 $c = (c, c)$ Self-replicating: *yes*
 Rels: $c, a^{-4}bab^{-1}a^2b^{-1}ab$
 SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^3, 2^6, 2^{12}, 2^{23}, 2^{45}, 2^{88}, 2^{174}$
 Gr: 1,5,17,53,161,485,1445



Automaton number 2853

$a = \sigma(c, c)$ Group: $IMG\left(\left(\frac{z-1}{z+1}\right)^2\right)$

$b = \sigma(b, a)$ Contracting: *yes*

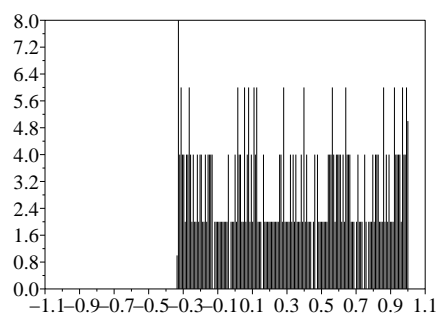
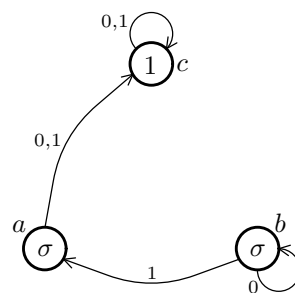
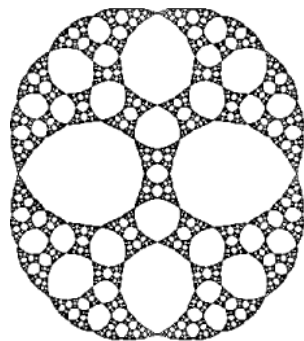
$c = (c, c)$ Self-replicating: *yes*

Rels: $c, a^2, ab^{-1}ab^{-2}ab^{-1}abab^2ab$

SF: $2^0, 2^1, 2^2, 2^3, 2^5, 2^8, 2^{14}, 2^{25}, 2^{47}$

Gr: 1, 4, 10, 22, 46, 94, 190, 375, 731,
1422, 2752, 5246, 9908

Limit space:



9 Proofs

This section contains proofs of many of the claims contained in the tables in Section 7 and Section 8 and some additional information.

We sometimes encounter one of the following four binary tree automorphisms

$$a = \sigma(1, a), \quad b = \sigma(b, 1), \quad c = \sigma(c^{-1}, 1), \quad d = \sigma(1, d^{-1}).$$

The first one is the binary adding machine, the second is its inverse, and all are conjugate to the adding machine and therefore act level transitively on the binary tree and have infinite order.

We freely use the known classification of groups generated by 2-state automata over a 2-letter alphabet.

Theorem 7 ([GNS00]). *Up to isomorphism, there are six $(2, 2)$ -automaton groups: the trivial group, the cyclic group of order 2 (we denote it by C_2), Klein group $C_2 \times C_2$ of order 4, the infinite cyclic group \mathbb{Z} , the infinite dihedral group D_∞ and the Lamplighter group $\mathbb{Z} \wr C_2$.*

In particular the sixteen 2-state automata for which both states are inactive generate the trivial group, and the sixteen 2-state automata in which both states are active generate C_2 (since both states in that case describe the mirror automorphism $\mu = \sigma(\mu, \mu)$ of order 2.

The automata given by either of the wreath recursions

$$\begin{aligned} a &= \sigma(a, a), & b &= (a, a), \\ a &= \sigma(b, b), & b &= (a, a), \end{aligned}$$

generate the Klein group $C_2 \times C_2$.

The automata given by the wreath recursions

$$\begin{aligned} a &= \sigma(a, a), & b &= (a, b), \\ a &= \sigma(a, a), & b &= (b, a), \\ a &= \sigma(b, b), & b &= (a, b), \\ a &= \sigma(b, b), & b &= (b, a), \end{aligned}$$

generate the infinite dihedral group D_∞ .

The automata given by the wreath recursions

$$\begin{aligned} a &= \sigma(a, a), & b &= (b, b), \\ a &= \sigma(b, b), & b &= (b, b), \end{aligned}$$

generate the cyclic group C_2 .

The automata given by the wreath recursions

$$\begin{aligned} a &= \sigma(a, b), & b &= (a, a), \\ a &= \sigma(b, a), & b &= (a, a), \\ a &= \sigma(a, b), & b &= (b, b), \\ a &= \sigma(b, a), & b &= (b, a), \end{aligned}$$

generate the infinite cyclic group \mathbb{Z} . Moreover, in the first two cases we have $b = a^{-2}$, in the fourth case $b = 1$ and a is the adding machine, and in the third case $b = 1$ and a is the inverse of the adding machine.

The automata given by the wreath recursions

$$\begin{aligned} a &= \sigma(a, b), & b &= (a, b), \\ a &= \sigma(a, b), & b &= (b, a), \\ a &= \sigma(b, a), & b &= (a, b), \\ a &= \sigma(b, a), & b &= (b, a), \end{aligned}$$

generate the Lamplighter group $\mathbb{Z} \wr C_2 = \mathbb{Z} \ltimes (\oplus_{\mathbb{Z}} C_2)$.

The results on the next few pages concern the existence of elements of infinite order and the level transitivity of the action. They are used in some of the proofs that follow.

Lemma 1 ([BGK⁺a]). *Let G be a group generated by an automaton \mathcal{A} over a 2-letter alphabet. Assume that the set of states S of \mathcal{A} splits into two nonempty parts P and Q such that*

- (i) *one of the parts consists of the active states (those with nontrivial vertex permutation) and the other consists of the inactive states;*
- (ii) *for each state from P , both arrows go to states in the same part (either both to P or both to Q);*
- (iii) *for each state from Q , one arrow goes to a state in P and the other to a state in Q .*

Then any element of the group that can be written as a product of odd number of active generators or their inverses and odd number of inactive generators and their inverses, in any order, has infinite order. In particular, the group G is not a torsion group.

Proof. Denote by D the set of elements in G that can be represented as a product of odd number of active generators or their inverses and odd number of inactive generators and their inverses, in any order.

We note that if $g \in D$ then both sections of g^2 are in D . Indeed, for such an element, $g = \sigma(g_0, g_1)$ and $g^2 = (g_1 g_0, g_0 g_1)$. Both sections of g^2 are products (in some order) of the first level sections of the generators (and/or their inverses) used to express g as an element in D . By assumption, among these generators, there are odd number of active and odd number of inactive ones. The generators from P , by condition (ii), produce even number of active and even number of inactive sections on level 1, while the generators from Q , by condition (iii), produce odd number of active sections and odd number of inactive sections. Thus both sections of g are in D .

By way of contradiction, assume that h is an element of D of finite order 2^n , for some $n \geq 0$. If $n > 0$ the sections of h^2 are elements in D of order 2^{n-1} . Thus, continuing in this fashion, we reach an element in D that is trivial. This is contradiction since all elements in D act nontrivially on level 1. \square

There is a simple criterion that determines whether a given element of a self-similar group generated by a finite automaton over the 2-letter alphabet $X = \{0, 1\}$ acts level transitively on the tree. The criterion is based on the image of the given element in the abelianization of $\text{Aut}(X^*)$, which is isomorphic to the infinite Cartesian product $\prod_{i=0}^{\infty} C_2$. The canonical isomorphism sends $g \in G$ to $(a_i \bmod 2)_{i=0}^{\infty}$, where a_i is the number of active sections of g at level i . We also make use of the ring structure on $\prod_{i=0}^{\infty} C_2$ obtained by identifying $(b_i)_{i=0}^{\infty}$ with $\sum_{i=0}^{\infty} b_i t^i$ in the ring of formal power series $C_2[[t]]$. It is known that a binary tree automorphism g acts level transitively on X^* if and only if $\bar{g} = (1, 1, 1, \dots)$, where \bar{g} be the image of g in the abelianization $\prod_{i=0}^{\infty} C_2$ of $\text{Aut}(X^*)$.

Lemma 2 (Element transitivity, [BGK⁺a]). *Let G be a group generated by an automaton \mathcal{A} over a 2-letter alphabet. There exists an algorithm that decides if g acts level transitively on X^* .*

Proof. Let $g = \sigma^i(g_0, g_1)$, where $i \in \{0, 1\}$. Then

$$\bar{g} = i + t \cdot (\bar{g}_0 + \bar{g}_1).$$

Similar equations hold for all sections of g . Since G is generated by a finite automaton, g has only finitely many different sections, say k . Therefore we obtain a linear system of k equations over the k variables $\{g_v, v \in X^*\}$. The solution of this system expresses \bar{g} as a rational function $P(t)/Q(t)$, where P and Q are polynomials of degree not higher than k . The element g acts level transitively if and only if $\bar{g} = \frac{1}{1-t}$. \square

We often need to show that a given group of tree automorphisms is level transitive. Here is a very convenient necessary and sufficient condition for this in the case of a binary tree.

Lemma 3 (Group transitivity, [BGK⁺a]). *A self-similar group of binary tree automorphisms is level transitive if and only if it is infinite.*

Proof. Let G be a self-similar group acting on a binary tree.

If G acts level transitively then G must be infinite (since the size of the levels is not bounded).

Assume now that the group G is infinite.

We first prove that all level stabilizers $\text{Stab}_G(n)$ are different. Note that, since all level stabilizers have finite index in G and G is infinite, all level stabilizers are infinite. In particular, each contains a nontrivial element.

Let $n > 0$ and $g \in \text{Stab}_G(n-1)$ be an arbitrary nontrivial element. Let $v = x_1 \dots x_k$ be a word of shortest length such that $g(v) \neq v$. Since $g \in \text{Stab}_G(n-1)$, we must have $k \geq n$. The section $h = g_{x_1 x_2 \dots x_{k-n}}$ is an element of G by the self-similarity of G . The minimality of the word v implies that $g \in \text{Stab}_G(k-1)$, and therefore $h \in \text{Stab}_G(n-1)$. On the other hand h acts nontrivially on $x_{k-n+1} \dots x_k$ and we conclude that $h \in \text{Stab}_G(n-1) \setminus \text{Stab}_G(n)$. Thus all level stabilizers are different.

We now prove level transitivity by induction on the level.

The existence of elements in $\text{Stab}_G(0) \setminus \text{Stab}_G(1)$ shows that G acts transitively on level 1.

Assume that G acts transitively on level n . Select an arbitrary element $h \in \text{Stab}_G(n) \setminus \text{Stab}_G(n+1)$ and let $w \in X^n$ be a word of length n such that $h(w1) = w0$.

Let u be an arbitrary word of length n and let x be a letter in $X = \{0, 1\}$. We will prove that ux is mapped to $w0$ by some element of G , proving the transitivity of the action at level $n+1$. By the inductive assumption there exists $f \in G$ such that $f(u) = w$. If $f(ux) = w0$ we are done. Otherwise, $hf(ux) = h(w1) = w0$ and we are done again. \square

Consider the infinitely iterated permutational wreath product $\wr_{i \geq 1} C_d$, consisting of the automorphisms of the d -ary tree for which the activity at every vertex is a power of some fixed cycle of length d . The last proof works, mutatis mutandis, for the self-similar subgroups of $\wr_{i \geq 1} C_d$ and may be easily adapted in other situations.

The following lemma is used often when we want to prove that some automaton group is not free.

Lemma 4. *If a self-similar group contains two nontrivial elements of the form $(1, u), (v, 1)$, then the group is not free.*

Proof. Suppose $a = (1, u), b = (v, 1)$ are two nontrivial elements of a self-similar group G and G is free. Obviously $[a, b] = 1$, hence a and b are powers of some element $x \in G$: $a = x^m, b = x^n$. Then $a^n = b^m$, so $a^n = (1, u^n) = b^m = (v^m, 1)$. This implies that $u^n = v^m = 1$, which is a contradiction, since u and v are nontrivial elements of a free group. \square

In most case when the corresponding group is finite we do not offer a full proof. In all such cases the proof can be easily done by direct calculations. As an example, a detailed proof is given in the case of the automaton [748].

We now proceed to individual analysis of the properties of the automaton groups in our classification.

1. Trivial group.

730. Klein Group $C_2 \times C_2$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(a, a), b = (a, a), c = (a, a)$.

The claim follows from the relations $b = c, a^2 = b^2 = abab = 1$.

731 $\cong \mathbb{Z}$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, a), b = (a, a), c = (a, a)$.

We have $c = b$ and $b = a^{-2}$. The states a and b form a 2-state automaton generating \mathbb{Z} (see Theorem 7).

734 $\cong G_{730}$. Klein Group $C_2 \times C_2$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, b), b = (a, a), c = (a, a)$.

The claim follows from the relations $b = c, a^2 = b^2 = abab = 1$.

739 $\cong C_2 \ltimes (C_2 \wr \mathbb{Z})$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(a, a), b = (b, a), c = (a, a)$.

All generators have order 2. The elements $u = acba = (1, ba)$ and $v = bc = (ba, 1)$ generate \mathbb{Z}^2 . This is clear since $ba = \sigma(1, ba)$ is the adding machine and therefore has infinite order. Further, we have $ac = \sigma$ and $\langle u, v \rangle$ is normal in $H = \langle u, v, \sigma \rangle$, since $u^\sigma = v$ and $v^\sigma = u$. Thus $H \cong C_2 \ltimes (\mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z}) = C_2 \wr \mathbb{Z}$.

We have $G_{739} = \langle H, a \rangle$ and H is normal in G_{739} , since it has index 2. Moreover, $u^a = v^{-1}$, $v^a = u^{-1}$ and $\sigma^a = \sigma$. Thus $G_{739} = C_2 \ltimes (C_2 \wr \mathbb{Z})$, where the action of C_2 on H is specified above.

740. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, a)$, $b = (b, a)$, $c = (a, a)$.

The states a, b form a 2-state automaton generating the Lamplighter group (see Theorem 7). Thus G_{740} has exponential growth and is neither torsion nor contracting.

Since $c = (a, a)$ we obtain that G_{740} can be embedded into the wreath product $C_2 \wr (\mathbb{Z} \wr \mathbb{C}_2)$. Thus G_{740} is solvable.

741. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, a)$, $b = (b, a)$, $c = (a, a)$.

The states a and c form a 2-state automaton generating the infinite cyclic group \mathbb{Z} in which $c = a^{-2}$ (see Theorem 7).

Since $b = (b, a)$, we see that b has infinite order and that G_{741} is not contracting).

We have $c = a^{-2}$ and $b^{-1}a^{-3}b^{-1}ababa = 1$. Since a and b do not commute the group is not free.

743 $\cong G_{739} \cong C_2 \ltimes (C_2 \wr \mathbb{Z})$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, b)$, $b = (b, a)$, $c = (a, a)$.

All generators have order 2. The elements $u = acba = (1, ba)$ and $v = bc = (ba, 1)$ generate \mathbb{Z}^2 because $ba = \sigma(ab, 1)$ is conjugate to the adding machine and has infinite order. Further, we have $babc = \sigma$ and $\langle u, v \rangle$ is normal in $H = \langle u, v, \sigma \rangle$ because $u^\sigma = v$ and $v^\sigma = u$. In other words, $H \cong C_2 \ltimes (\mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z}) = C_2 \wr \mathbb{Z}$.

Furthermore, $G_{743} = \langle H, a \rangle$ and H is normal in G_{743} because $u^a = v^{-1}$, $v^a = u^{-1}$ and $\sigma^a = \sigma$. Thus $G_{743} = C_2 \ltimes (C_2 \wr \mathbb{Z})$, where the action of C_2 on H is specified above and coincides with the one in G_{739} . Therefore $G_{743} \cong G_{739}$.

744. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, b)$, $b = (b, a)$, $c = (a, a)$.

Since $(a^{-1}c)^2 = (c^{-1}ab^{-1}a, b^{-1}ac^{-1}a)$ and $c^{-1}ab^{-1}a = ((c^{-1}ab^{-1}a)^{-1}, a^{-1}c)$, the element $(a^{-1}c)^2$ fixes the vertex 01 and its section at this vertex is equal to $a^{-1}c$. Hence, $a^{-1}c$ has infinite order.

The element $c^{-1}ab^{-1}a$ also has infinite order, fixes the vertex 00 and its section at this vertex is equal to $c^{-1}ab^{-1}a$. Therefore G_{744} is not contracting.

We have $b^{-1}c^{-1}ba^{-1}ca = (1, a^{-1}c^{-1}ac)$, $ab^{-1}c^{-1}ba^{-1}c = (ca^{-1}c^{-1}a, 1)$, hence by Lemma 4 the group is not free.

747 $\cong G_{739} \cong C_2 \ltimes (C_2 \wr \mathbb{Z})$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, c)$, $b = (b, a)$, $c = (a, a)$.

All generators have order 2 and a commutes with c . Conjugating this group by the automorphism $\gamma = (\gamma, c\gamma)$ yields an isomorphic group generated by automaton $a' = \sigma$, $b' = (b', a')$ and $c' = (a', a')$. On the other hand we obtain the same automaton after conjugating G_{739} by $\mu = (\mu, a\mu)$ (here a denotes the generator of G_{739}).

748 $\cong D_4 \times C_2$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(a, a)$, $b = (c, a)$, $c = (a, a)$.

Since a is nontrivial and b and c have a as a section, none of the generators is trivial. All generators have order 2. Indeed, we have $a^2 = (a^2, a^2)$, $b^2 = (c^2, a^2)$, $c^2 = (a^2, a^2)$, showing that a^2 , b^2 and c^2 generate a self-similar group in which no element is active. Therefore $a^2 = b^2 = c^2 = 1$. Since $ac = \sigma$ we have that $(ac)^2 = 1$. Therefore a and c commute. Since $(bc)^2 = ((ca)^2, 1) = 1$, we see that b and c also commute. Further, the relations $(ab)^2 = (ac, 1) = (\sigma, 1) \neq 1$ and $(ab)^4 = 1$ show that a and b generate the dihedral group D_4 . It remains to be

shown that $c \notin \langle a, b \rangle$. Clearly c could only be equal to one of the four elements 1, b , aba , and $abab$ in D_4 that stabilize level 1. However, c is nontrivial, differs from b at 0 (the section $b|_0 = c$ is not active, while $c|_0 = a$ is active), differs from aba at 1 (the section $(aba)|_1 = aca$ is not active, while $c|_1 = a$ is active), and differs from $abab$ at 1 (the section of $abab$ at 1 is trivial). This completes the proof.

749. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, a)$, $b = (c, a)$, $c = (a, a)$.

The element $(a^{-1}c)^4$ stabilizes the vertex 000 and its section at this vertex is equal to $a^{-1}c$. Hence, $a^{-1}c$ has infinite order.

We have $ac^{-1} = \sigma(ba^{-1}, 1)$, $ba^{-1} = \sigma(1, cb^{-1})$, $cb^{-1} = (ac^{-1}, 1)$. Thus the subgroup generated by these elements is isomorphic to $IMG(1 - \frac{1}{z^2})$ (see [BN06]).

We have $c^{-1}b = (a^{-1}c, 1)$, $ac^{-1}ba^{-1} = (1, ca^{-1})$. Thus, by Lemma 4 the group is not free.

748 $\cong G_{848} \cong C_2 \wr \mathbb{Z}$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, a)$, $b = (c, a)$, $c = (a, a)$.

It is proven below that $G_{848} \cong G_{2190}$ and for G_{2190} we have $a = \sigma(c, a)$, $b = \sigma(a, a)$, $c = (a, a)$. Therefore $G_{2190} = \langle a, b, c \rangle = \langle a, c, c^{-1}b = \sigma \rangle = \langle a = (c, a)\sigma, c = (a, a), a\sigma = (c, a) \rangle = G_{750}$.

752. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, b)$, $b = (c, a)$, $c = (a, a)$.

The group G_{752} is a contracting group with nucleus consisting of 41 elements. It is a virtually abelian group, containing \mathbb{Z}^3 as a subgroup of index 4.

All generators have order 2.

Let $x = ca$, $y = babc$, and $K = \langle x, y \rangle$. Since $xy = ((cbab)^{ca}, abcb) = ((y^{-1})^x, abcb)$ and $yx = (cbab, abcb) = (y^{-1}, abcb)$ the elements x and y commute. Conjugating by $\gamma = (\gamma, bc\gamma)$ yields the self-similar copy K' of K generated by $x' = \sigma((y')^{-1}, (x')^{-1})$ and $y' = \sigma((y')^{-1}x', 1)$, where $x' = x^\gamma$ and $y' = y^\gamma$. Since $(x')^2 = ((x')^{-1}(y')^{-1}, (y')^{-1}(x')^{-1})$ and $(y')^2 = ((y')^{-1}x', (y')^{-1}x')$, the virtual endomorphism of K' is given by

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \\ -\frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}.$$

The eigenvalues $\lambda = -\frac{1}{2} \pm \frac{1}{2}i$ of this matrix are not algebraic integers, and therefore, by the results in [NS04], the group $K' \cong K$ is free abelian of rank 2.

Let $H = \langle ba, cb \rangle$. The index of $\text{Stab}_H(1)$ in G is 4, since the index of $\text{Stab}_H(1)$ in H is 2 and the index of H in G is 2 (the generators have order 2). We have $\text{Stab}_H(1) = \langle cb, cb^{ba}, (ba)^2 \rangle$. If we conjugate the generators of $\text{Stab}_H(1)$ by $g = (1, b)$, we obtain

$$\begin{aligned} g_1 &= (cb)^g &= (x^{-1}, 1), \\ g_2 &= ((cb)^{ba})^g &= (1, x), \\ g_3 &= ((ba)^2)^g &= (y^{-1}, y). \end{aligned}$$

Therefore, g_1 , g_2 , and g_3 commute. If $g_1^{n_1}g_2^{n_2}g_3^{n_3} = 1$, then we must have $x^{-n_1}y^{-n_3} = x^{n_2}y^{n_3} = 1$. Since K is free abelian, this implies $n_1 = n_2 = n_3 = 0$. Thus, $\text{Stab}_H(1)$ is a free abelian group of rank 3.

753. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, b)$, $b = (c, a)$, $c = (a, a)$.

Since $ab^{-1} = \sigma(1, ba^{-1})$, this element is conjugate to the adding machine.

For a word w in $w \in \{a^{\pm 1}, b^{\pm 1}, c^{\pm 1}\}^*$, let $|w|_a$, $|w|_b$ and $|w|_c$ denote the sum of the exponents of a , b and c in w . Let w represents the element $g \in G$. If $|w|_a$ and $|w|_b$ are odd, then g acts transitively on the first level, and $g^2|_0$ is represented by a word w_0 , which is the product (in some order) of all first level sections of all generators appearing in w . Hence, $|w_0|_a = |w|_b + 2|w|_c$ and $|w_0|_b = |w|_a$ are odd again. Therefore, similarly to Lemma 1, any such element has infinite order.

In particular c^2ba has infinite order. Since $a^4 = (caca, a^4, acac, a^4)$ and $caca = (baca, c^2ba, bac^2, caba)$, the element a^4 has infinite order (and so does a). Since a^4 fixes the vertex 01 and its section at that vertex is equal to a^4 , the group G_{753} is not contracting.

We have $cb^{-1} = (ac^{-1}, 1)$, $acb^{-1}a^{-1} = (1, bac^{-1}b^{-1})$, hence by Lemma 4 the group is not free.

756 $\cong G_{748} \cong D_4 \times C_2$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, c)$, $b = (c, a)$, $c = (a, a)$.

All generators have order 2. The generator c commutes with both a and b . Since $(ab)^2 = (ca, ca)$ the order of ca is 4 and the group is isomorphic to $D_4 \times C_2$.

766 $\cong G_{730}$. Klein Group $C_2 \times C_2$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(a, a)$, $b = (b, b)$, $c = (a, a)$.

The state b is trivial. The states a and c form a 2-state automaton generating $C_2 \times C_2$ (see Theorem 7).

767 $\cong G_{731} \cong \mathbb{Z}$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(1, a)$, $b = (b, b)$, $c = (a, a) = a^2$.

The state b is trivial. The automorphism a is the binary adding machine.

768 $\cong G_{731} \cong \mathbb{Z}$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, a)$, $b = (b, b)$, $c = (a, a)$.

The states a and c form a 2-state automaton generating \mathbb{Z} (see Theorem 7) in which $c = a^{-2}$.

770 $\cong G_{730}$. Klein Group $C_2 \times C_2$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, b)$, $b = (b, b)$, $c = (a, a)$.

The state b is trivial. The states a and c form a 2-state automaton generating $C_2 \times C_2$ (see Theorem 7).

771 $\cong \mathbb{Z}^2$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, b)$, $b = (b, b)$, $c = (a, a)$.

The group G_{771} is finitely generated, abelian, and self-replicating. Therefore, it is free [NS04]. Since $b = 1$ the rank is 1 or 2. We prove that the rank is 2, by showing that $c^n \neq a^m$, unless $n = m = 0$. By way of contradiction, let $c^n = a^m$ for some integer n and m and choose such integers with minimal $|n| + |m|$. Since c^n stabilizes level 1, m must be even and we have $(a^n, a^n) = c^n = a^m = (c^{m/2}, c^{m/2})$, implying $a^n = c^{m/2}$. By the minimality assumption, m must be 0, which then implies that n must be 0 as well.

774 $\cong G_{730}$. Klein Group $C_2 \times C_2$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, c)$, $b = (b, b)$, $c = (a, a)$.

The state b is trivial. The states a and c form a 2-state automaton generating $C_2 \times C_2$ (see Theorem 7).

775 $\cong C_2 \rtimes \text{IMG}\left(\left(\frac{z-1}{z+1}\right)^2\right)$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(a, a)$, $b = (c, b)$, $c = (a, a)$.

All generators have order 2. Further, $ac = ca = \sigma(1, 1)$ and $ba = \sigma(ba, ca)$. Hence, for the subgroup $H = \langle ba, ca \rangle \cong G_{2853} \cong IMG\left(\left(\frac{z-1}{z+1}\right)^2\right)$.

Since the generators have order 2, H is normal subgroup of index 2 in G_{775} . Moreover $(ba)^a = (ba)^{-1}$ and $(ca)^a = ca$. Therefore $G \cong C_2 \rtimes H$, where C_2 is generated by a and the action of a on H is given above.

Conjugating the generators by $g = \sigma(g, g)$ we obtain the wreath recursion

$$a' = \sigma(a', a'), \quad b' = (b', c'), \quad c' = (a', a'),$$

where $a' = a^g$, $b' = b^g$ and $c' = c^g$. This is the wreath recursion defining G_{793} . Denote G_{793} by G and its generators by a , b , and c (we continue working only with G_{793}). Thus

$$a = \sigma(a, a), \quad b = (b, c), \quad c = (a, a).$$

The generators have order 2. Moreover $ac = ca$ and $\langle a, c \rangle = C_2 \times C_2$ is the Klein group. Denote $A = \langle a, c \rangle$.

The element $x = ba$ has infinite order, since x^2 fixes 00, and has itself as a section at 00. Note that

$$x = ba = (b, c)\sigma(a, a) = \sigma(ca, ba) = \sigma(\sigma, x).$$

and, therefore, $x^2 = (x\sigma, \sigma x) = (x, \sigma, \sigma, x)$.

Proposition 1. *The subgroup $H = \langle x, y \rangle$ of G , where $x = ba$ and $y = cab$ is torsion free.*

Proof. The first level decompositions of $x^{\pm 1}$ and $y^{\pm 1}$ and the second level decompositions of x and y are given by

$$\begin{aligned} x &= \sigma(\sigma, x) \\ y &= cab = \sigma a b a \sigma = \sigma b a \sigma = x^\sigma = \sigma(x, \sigma) \\ x^{-1} &= \sigma(x^{-1}, \sigma) \\ y^{-1} &= \sigma(\sigma, x^{-1}) \\ x &= \sigma(\sigma(1, 1), \sigma(\sigma, x)) = \mu(1, 1, \sigma, x) \\ y &= x^\sigma = \mu(\sigma, x, 1, 1), \end{aligned}$$

where $\mu = \sigma(\sigma, \sigma)$ permutes the first two levels of the tree as $00 \leftrightarrow 11$, $10 \leftrightarrow 01$. We encode this as the permutation $\mu = (03)(12)$.

For a word w over $\{x^{\pm 1}, \sigma\}$, denote by $\#_x(w)$ and $\#_\sigma(w)$ the total number of appearances of x and x^{-1} and the number of appearances of σ in w , respectively.

Note that x and x^{-1} act as the permutation (03)(12) on the second level, and σ acts as the permutation (02)(13). These permutations have order 2, commute, and their product is (01)(23), which is not trivial. Thus, a tree automorphisms represented by a word w over $\{x^{\pm 1}, \sigma\}$ cannot be trivial unless both $\#_x(w)$ and $\#_\sigma(w)$ are even.

Let g be an element of H that can be written as $g = z_1 z_2 \dots z_n$, for some $z_i \in \{x^{\pm 1}, y^{\pm 1}\}$, $i = 1, \dots, n$.

If n is odd, the element g cannot have order 2. By way of contradiction assume otherwise. For z in $\{x^{\pm 1}, y^{\pm 1}\}$ denote $z' = \sigma z$. Thus, for instance $x' = (\sigma, x)$ and $y' = (x, \sigma)$. Note that

$$g^2 = (z_1 z_2 \dots z_n)^2 = (z'_1)^\sigma z'_2 (z'_3)^\sigma z'_4 \dots (z'_n)^\sigma z'_1 (z'_2)^\sigma \dots z'_n = (w_0, w_1),$$

where the words w_i over $\{x^{\pm 1}, \sigma\}$ are such that

$$\#_x(w_i) = \#_\sigma(w_i) = n, \quad (8)$$

for $i = 1, 2$. The last claim holds because exactly one of z'_i and $(z'_i)^\sigma$ contributes $x^{\pm 1}$ to w_0 and σ to w_1 , respectively, while the other contributes the same letters to w_1 and w_0 , respectively. Since n is odd, (8) shows that neither w_0 nor w_1 can be 1 and therefore g^2 cannot be 1.

Assume that H contains an element of finite order. In particular, this implies that H must contain an element of order 2. Let $g = z_1 z_2 \dots z_n$ be such an element of the shortest possible length, where $z_i \in \{x^{\pm 1}, y^{\pm 1}\}$, $i = 1, \dots, n$.

Note that n must be even. Therefore,

$$g = z_1 z_2 \dots z_n = (z'_1)^\sigma z'_2 \dots (z'_{n-1})^\sigma z'_n = (w_0, w_1),$$

where w_0 and w_1 are words over $\{x^{\pm 1}, \sigma\}$. Moreover, as elements in H , the orders of w_0 and w_1 divide 2 and the order of at least one of them is 2. We claim that

$$\#_x(w_0) \equiv \#_\sigma(w_0) \equiv \#_x(w_1) \equiv \#_\sigma(w_1) \pmod{2}. \quad (9)$$

The congruence $\#_x(w_i) \equiv \#_\sigma(w_i) \pmod{2}$ holds because $\#_x(w_i) + \#_\sigma(w_i) = n$ is even. For the other congruences, observe that whenever z'_i or $(z'_i)^\sigma$ contributes $x^{\pm 1}$ or σ to w_0 , respectively, it contributes σ or $x^{\pm 1}$ to w_1 , respectively. Therefore $\#_x(w_0) = \#_\sigma(w_1)$ and $\#_\sigma(w_0) = \#_x(w_1)$.

If the numbers in (9) are even, then w_0 and w_1 represent elements in H and can be rewritten as words over $\{x^{\pm 1}, y^{\pm 1}\}$ of lengths at most $\#_x(w_0) = n - \#_\sigma(w_0)$ and $\#_x(w_1) = n - \#_\sigma(w_1)$, respectively. If both of these lengths are shorter than n then none of them can represent an element of order 2 in H . Otherwise, one of the words w_i is a power of x and the other is trivial. Since x has infinite order this shows that g cannot have order 2.

If the numbers in (9) are odd, then, for $i = 1, 2$, w_i can be rewritten as σu_i , where u_i are words of odd length over $\{x^{\pm 1}, y^{\pm 1}\}$. Let $w_0 = \sigma t_1 \dots t_m$, where m is odd, and t_j are letters in $\{x^{\pm 1}, y^{\pm 1}\}$, $j = 1, \dots, m$. We have

$$w_0 = t'_1 (t'_2)^\sigma \dots (t'_{m-1})^\sigma t'_m = (w_{00}, w_{01}),$$

where w_{00} and w_{01} are words of odd length m over $\{x^{\pm 1}, \sigma\}$. Moreover, exactly one of the words w_{00} and w_{01} has even number of σ 's and this word can be rewritten as a word over $\{x^{\pm 1}, y^{\pm 1}\}$ of odd length. However, an element in H represented by such a word cannot have order dividing 2. This completes the proof. \square

Since

$$\begin{aligned} x^a &= abaa = ab = x^{-1}, & y^a &= acabca = cbac = y^{-1}, \\ x^b &= bbab = ab = x^{-1}, & y^b &= bcabcb = bacbacab = xy^{-1}x^{-1}, \\ x^c &= cbac = y^{-1}, & y^c &= ccabcc = ab = x^{-1}, \end{aligned}$$

we see that H is the normal closure of x in G . Further, $G = \{x, y, a, c\}$ and $G = AH$. It follows from Proposition 1 that $A \cap H = 1$ (since A is finite) and therefore $G = A \ltimes H$.

Proposition 2. *The group G is a regular, weakly branch group, branching over H'' .*

Proof. The group G is infinite self-similar group acting on a binary tree. Therefore it is level transitive by Lemma 3.

Since

$$\begin{aligned} x^2 &= (x, \sigma, \sigma, x) \\ y^{-1}x^2y &= (y, x^{-1}\sigma x, \sigma, x) \end{aligned}$$

we have that

$$H'' \times \langle \sigma, x^{-1}\sigma x \rangle'' \times \langle \sigma \rangle'' \times \langle x \rangle'' \preceq H''.$$

On the other hand, $\langle \sigma, x^{-1}\sigma x \rangle$ is metabelian (in fact dihedral, since the generators have order 2) and $\langle \sigma \rangle$ and $\langle x \rangle$ are abelian (cyclic). Therefore

$$H'' \times 1 \times 1 \times 1 \preceq H''.$$

The group H'' is normal in G , since it is characteristic in the normal subgroup H . Finally, H'' is not trivial. For instance it is easy to show that $[[x, y], [x, y^{-1}]] \neq 1$ (see [BGK⁺b]). \square

776. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, a)$, $b = (c, b)$, $c = (a, a)$.

The element $(b^{-1}a)^4$ stabilizes the vertex 00 and its section at this vertex is equal to $(b^{-1}a)^{-1}$. Hence, $b^{-1}a$ has infinite order. Furthermore, by Lemma 1 ab has infinite order, which yields that a, c and b also have infinite order, because $a^2 = (ab, ba)$. Since $b^n = (c^n, b^n)$ we obtain that b^n belong to the nucleus for all $n \geq 1$. Thus G_{776} is not contracting.

We have $a^{-1}ba^{-1}c = (1, b^{-1}c)$, $ba^{-1}ca^{-1} = (cb^{-1}, 1)$, hence by Lemma 4 the group is not free.

777. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, a)$, $b = (c, b)$, $c = (a, a)$.

The states a, c form the 2-state automaton generating \mathbb{Z} (see Theorem 7). So the group is not torsion and $G_{777} = \langle a, b \rangle$. Since c has infinite order, so has b . Therefore the relation $b^n = (c^n, b^n)$ implies that b^n belong to the nucleus for all $n \geq 1$. Thus G_{777} is not contracting.

Also we have $ab^{-1} = \sigma(1, ab^{-1})$ is the adding machine. Since $a^{-3} = \sigma(1, a^3)$ elements ab^{-1} and a^{-3} generate the Brunner-Sidki-Vierra group (see [BSV99]).

779. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, b)$, $b = (c, b)$, $c = (a, a)$.

The element $(ab^{-1})^2$ stabilizes the vertex 01 and its section at this vertex is equal to $(ab^{-1})^{-1}$. Hence, ab^{-1} has infinite order.

780. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, b)$, $b = (c, b)$, $c = (a, a)$.

The element $(c^{-1}a)^2$ stabilizes the vertex 00 and its section at this vertex is equal to $c^{-1}a$. Hence, $c^{-1}a$ has infinite order. Since $[c, a]|_{100} = (c^{-1}a)^a$ and 100 is fixed under the action of $[c, a]$ we obtain that $[c, a]$ also has infinite order. Finally, $[c, a]$ stabilizes the vertex 00 and its section at this vertex is $[c, a]$. Therefore G_{780} is not contracting.

783 $\cong G_{775} \cong C_2 \ltimes IMG\left(\left(\frac{z-1}{z+1}\right)^2\right)$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, c)$, $b = (c, b)$, $c = (a, a)$.

All generators have order 2 and $ac = ca$. If we conjugate the generators of this group by the automorphism $\gamma = (c\gamma, \gamma)$ we obtain the wreath recursion

$$a' = \sigma(1, 1), \quad b' = (c', b'), \quad c' = (a', a'),$$

where $a' = a^\gamma$, $b' = b^\gamma$, and $c' = c^\gamma$. The same wreath recursion is obtained after conjugating G_{775} by $\mu = (a\mu, \mu)$ (where a denotes the generator of G_{775}).

Since $bca = \sigma(bca, a)$, $G_{783} = \langle acb, a, c \rangle \cong G_{2205}$.

802 $\cong C_2 \times C_2 \times C_2$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(a, a)$, $b = (c, c)$, $c = (a, a)$.

Direct calculation.

803 $\cong G_{771} \cong \mathbb{Z}^2$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, a)$, $b = (c, c)$, $c = (a, a)$.

The group G_{771} is finitely generated, abelian, and self-replicating. Therefore, it is free abelian [NS04]. Let $\phi : \text{Stab}_{G_{803}}(1) \rightarrow G_{803}$ be the $\frac{1}{2}$ -endomorphism associated to the vertex 0, given by $\phi(g) = h$, provided $g = (h, *)$. The matrix of the linear map $\mathbb{C}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{C}^3$ induced by ϕ with to the basis corresponding to the triple $\{a, b, c\}$ is given by

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 1 \\ \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}.$$

The eigenvalues are $\lambda_1 = 1$, $\lambda_2 = -\frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{4}i\sqrt{7}$ and $\lambda_3 = -\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4}i\sqrt{7}$. Let v_i , $i = 1, 2, 3$, be eigenvectors corresponding to the eigenvalues λ_i , $i = 1, 2, 3$. Note that v_1 may be selected to be equal to $v_1 = (2, 1, 1)$. This shows that $a^2bc = 1$ in G_{803} and the rank of $G_{803} = \langle a, c \rangle$ is at most 2. We will prove that $a^{2m}c^n \neq 1$ (except when $m = n = 0$) by proving that iterations of the action of A eventually push the vector $v = (2m, 0, n)$ out of the set $D = \{(2i, j, k), i, j, k \in \mathbb{Z}\}$ corresponding to the first level stabilizer.

Let $v = a_1v_1 + a_2v_2 + a_3v_3$. The vector v is not a scalar multiple of v_1 . Therefore either $a_2 \neq 0$ or $a_3 \neq 0$. Since $|\lambda_2| = |\lambda_3| < 1$, we have $A^t(v) = a_1v_1 + \lambda_2^t a_2v_2 + \lambda_3^t a_3v_3 \rightarrow a_1v_1$, as $t \rightarrow \infty$. Note that, since $a_2 \neq 0$ or $a_3 \neq 0$, $A^t(v)$ is never equal to a_1v_1 . Choose a neighborhood U of a_1v_1 that does not contain vectors from D , except possibly the vector a_1v_1 . For t large enough t , the vector $A^t(v)$ is in U and is therefore outside of D .

Thus the rank of G_{803} is 2.

804 $\cong G_{731} \cong \mathbb{Z}$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, a)$, $b = (c, c)$, $c = (a, a)$.

Indeed, the states a and c form a 2-state automaton generating the cyclic group \mathbb{Z} (see Theorem 7). Since $b = a^4$ we are done.

806 $\cong G_{802} \cong C_2 \times C_2 \times C_2$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, b)$, $b = (c, c)$, $c = (a, a)$.

Direct calculation.

807 $\cong G_{771} \cong \mathbb{Z}^2$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, b)$, $b = (c, c)$, $c = (a, a)$.

The same arguments as in the case of G_{771} show that G_{807} is free abelian. It has a relation $c^2ba^2 = 1$ and, hence, it has either rank 1 or rank 2. Analogically to G_{803} we consider a $\frac{1}{2}$ -endomorphism $\phi : \text{Stab}_{G_{807}}(1) \rightarrow G_{807}$, and a linear map $A : \mathbb{C}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{C}^3$ induced by ϕ . It has the following matrix representation with respect to the basis corresponding to the triple $\{a, b, c\}$:

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{2} & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Its characteristic polynomial $\chi_A(\lambda) = -\lambda^3 + \frac{1}{2}\lambda + \frac{1}{2}$ has three distinct complex roots $\lambda_1 = 1$, $\lambda_2 = -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2}i$ and $\lambda_3 = -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}i$. Analogically for $v = (2m, 0, n)$ we get that $A^t(v)$ will be pushed out from the domain corresponding to $\text{Stab}_{G_{807}}(1)$. Thus $c^na^{2m} \neq 1$ in G_{807} and $G_{807} \cong \mathbb{Z}^2$.

810 $\cong G_{802} \cong C_2 \times C_2 \times C_2$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, c)$, $b = (c, c)$, $c = (a, a)$.

Direct calculation.

820 $\cong D_\infty$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(a, a)$, $b = (b, a)$, $c = (b, a)$.

The states a and b form a 2-state automaton generating D_∞ (see Theorem 7) and $c = b$.

821. Lamplighter group $\mathbb{Z} \wr C_2$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, a)$, $b = (b, a)$, $c = (b, a)$.

The states a and b form a 2-state automaton generating the Lamplighter group (see Theorem 7) and $c = b$.

824 $\cong G_{820} \cong D_\infty$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(a, a)$, $b = (b, a)$, $c = (b, a)$.

The states a and b form a 2-state automaton generating D_∞ (see Theorem 7) and $c = b$.

838 $\cong C_2 \rtimes \langle s, t \mid s^2 = t^2 \rangle$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(a, a)$, $b = \sigma(a, b)$, $c = (b, a)$.

All generators have order 2. Consider the subgroup $H = \langle ba = \sigma(ba, 1), ca = \sigma(1, ab) \rangle \cong G_{2860} = \langle s, t \mid s^2 = t^2 \rangle$. This subgroup is normal in G_{838} because the generators have order 2. Since $G_{838} = \langle H, a \rangle$, it has a structure of a semidirect product $\langle a \rangle \rtimes H = C_2 \rtimes \langle s, t \mid s^2 = t^2 \rangle$ with the action of a on H as $(ba)^b = (ba)^{-1}$ and $(ca)^b = (ca)^{-1}$.

839 $\cong G_{821}$. Lamplighter group $\mathbb{Z} \wr C_2$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, a)$, $b = (a, b)$, $c = (b, a)$.

The states a and b form a 2-state automaton generating the Lamplighter group (see Theorem 7). Since $b^{-1}a = \sigma = ac^{-1}$, we see that $c = a^{-1}ba$ and $G = \langle a, b \rangle$.

840. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, a)$, $b = (a, b)$, $c = (b, a)$.

The element $(b^{-1}a)^2$ stabilizes the vertex 01 and its section at this vertex is equal to $b^{-1}a$. Hence, $b^{-1}a$ has infinite order.

The element $(c^{-1}b)^2$ stabilizes the vertex 00 and its section at this vertex is equal to $(c^{-1}b)^{-1}$. Hence, $c^{-1}b$ has infinite order. Since

$(b^{-1}a^{-1}b^{-1}cba)^2|_{00000000} = c^{-1}b$ and the vertex 00000000 is fixed under the action of $(b^{-1}a^{-1}b^{-1}cba)^2$ we obtain that $b^{-1}a^{-1}b^{-1}cba$ also has infinite order. Finally, $b^{-1}a^{-1}b^{-1}cba$ stabilizes the vertex 0001 and has itself as a section at this vertex. Therefore G_{840} is not contracting.

We have $b^{-1}a^{-1}ca = (1, b^{-1}c^{-1}bc)$, $ab^{-1}a^{-1}c = (cb^{-1}c^{-1}b, 1)$, hence by Lemma 4 the group is not free.

842 $\cong G_{838} \cong C_2 \ltimes \langle s, t \mid s^2 = t^2 \rangle$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, b)$, $b = \sigma(a, b)$, $c = (b, a)$.

All generators have order 2. Consider the subgroup $H = \langle u = ba = \sigma(1, ba) = \sigma(1, u^{-1}), v = ca = \sigma(ab, 1) = \sigma(u^{-1}, 1) \rangle$. Let us prove that $H \cong W = \langle s, t \mid s^2 = t^2 \rangle$. Indeed, the relation $u^2 = v^2$ is satisfied, so H is a homomorphic image of W with respect to the homomorphism induced by $s \mapsto u$ and $t \mapsto v$. Each element of W can be written in its normal form $t^r(st)^l s^n$, $n \in \mathbb{Z}, l \geq 0, r \in \{0, 1\}$. It suffices to prove that images of these words (except for the identity word, of course) represent nonidentity elements in H .

We have $u^{2n} = (u^{-n}, u^{-n})$, $u^{2n+1} = \sigma(a^{-n}, a^{-n-1})$ for any integer n ; $(uv)^l = (u^{2l}, 1)$ for any integer l . Thus

$$(uv)^l u^{2n} = (u^{-2l-n}, u^{-n}) \neq 1$$

in G if $n \neq 0$ or $l \neq 0$ since u has infinite order, as it is conjugate to the adding machine.

Furthermore,

$$\begin{aligned} v(uv)^l u^{2n} &= \sigma(u^{-2l-n-1}, u^{-n}) \neq 1, \\ (uv)^l u^{2n+1} &= \sigma(u^{-n}, u^{-2l-n-1}) \neq 1 \end{aligned}$$

since they act nontrivially on the first level of the tree.

Finally, $v(uv)^l u^{2n+1} = (u^{-2l-n-2}, u^{-n}) = 1$ if and only if $n = 0$ and $l = -1$, which is not the case, because l must be nonnegative. Thus $H \cong W$.

The subgroup H is normal in G_{842} because generators are of order 2. Since $G_{842} = \langle H, a \rangle$, it has a structure of a semidirect product $\langle a \rangle \ltimes H = C_2 \ltimes \langle s, t \mid s^2 = t^2 \rangle$ with the action of a on H as $(ba)^b = (ba)^{-1}$ and $(ca)^b = (ca)^{-1}$. Therefore it has the same structure as G_{838} .

843. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, b)$, $b = (a, b)$, $c = (b, a)$.

The element $c^{-1}a = \sigma(a^{-1}c, 1)$ is a conjugate of the adding machine. Therefore, it acts transitively on the level of the tree and has infinite order.

Since $(c^{-1}ab^{-1}a)^2$ fixes the vertex 000 and its section at this vertex is equal to $c^{-1}a$, we obtain that $c^{-1}ab^{-1}a$ has infinite order. Since the element $c^{-1}ab^{-1}a$ fixes the vertex 10 and has itself as a section at this vertex, G_{843} is not contracting.

We have $c^{-1}a^{-1}ba = (1, a^{-1}c^{-1}ac)$, $ac^{-1}a^{-1}b = (ca^{-1}c^{-1}a, 1)$, hence by Lemma 4 the group is not free.

846 $\cong C_2 * C_2 * C_2$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, c)$, $b = (a, b)$, $c = (b, a)$.

The automaton [846] was studied during the Advanced Course on Automata Groups in Bellaterra, Spain, in the summer of 2004 and is since called the Bellaterra automaton. We present here a proof that $G_{846} = C_2 * C_2 * C_2$,

based on the concept of dual automata. A different proof, still based on dual automata, is given in [Nek05].

Let $\mathcal{A} = (Q, X, \pi, \tau)$ be a finite automaton. Its *dual* automaton, by definition, is $\mathcal{A}' = (X, Q, \pi', \tau')$, where $\pi'(x, q) = \tau(q, x)$, and $\tau'(x, q) = \pi(q, x)$. Thus the dual automaton is obtained by exchanging the roles of the states and the alphabet (and the roles of the transition and output function) in a given automaton. The notion of dual automata is not new, but there is a recent renewed interest based on the new results and applications in [MNS00, GM05, BŠ06, VV05].

If in addition to \mathcal{A} , both \mathcal{A}' and $(\mathcal{A}^{-1})'$ are invertible, the automaton \mathcal{A} is called *fully invertible* (or *bi-reversible*). Examples of such automata are the automaton 2240 generating a free group with three generators [VV05], Bellaterra automaton [846], and various automata constructed in [GM05], generating free groups of various ranks.

We now consider the automaton [846] and its dual more closely. Since the generators a , b , and c have order 2, in order to prove that $G_{846} \cong C_2 * C_2 * C_2$ we need to show that no word in $w \in R_n$, $n \geq 1$, is trivial in G_{846} , where R_n is the set of reduced words over $\{a, b, c\}$ of length n (here a word is reduced if it does not contain aa , bb , or cc). For every $n > 0$, the set of words in R_n that are nontrivial in G_{846} is nonempty, since the word $r_n = acbcbcb \cdots$ of length n acts nontrivially on level 1. If we prove that the dual automaton acts transitively on the sets R_n , $n \geq 1$, this would mean that r_n is a section of every element of G_{846} that can be represented as a reduced word of length n . Therefore, every word in R_n would represent a nontrivial element in G_{846} and our proof would be complete.

The automaton dual to 846 is the invertible automaton defined by the wreath recursion

$$\begin{aligned} A &= (acb)(B, A, A), \\ B &= (ac)(A, B, B), \end{aligned} \quad (10)$$

where the three coordinates in the recursion represent the sections at a , b , and c , respectively. Denote $D = \langle A, B \rangle$. The set $R = \bigcup_{n \geq 0} R_n$ of all reduced words over $\{a, b, c\}$ is a subtree of the ternary tree $\{a, b, c\}^*$ and this subtree R is invariant under the action of D (this is because the set $\{aa, bb, cc\}$ is invariant under the action of D). The structure of R is as follows. The root of R has three children a , b and c , each of which is a root of a binary tree. We want to understand the action of D on the subtree R . It is given by

$$\begin{aligned} A &= (acb)(B_a, A_b, A_c) \\ B &= (ac)(A_a, B_b, B_c) \end{aligned} \quad (11)$$

where $A_a, A_b, A_c, B_a, B_b, B_c$ are automorphisms of the binary trees hanging down from the vertices a , b and c . After identification of these three trees with the binary tree $\{0, 1\}^*$, the action of A_a, A_b, \dots, B_c is defined by

$$\begin{aligned} A_a &= (A_b, A_c), \\ A_b &= \sigma(B_a, A_c), \\ A_c &= \sigma(B_a, A_b), \\ B_a &= \sigma(B_b, B_c), \\ B_b &= \sigma(A_a, B_c), \\ B_c &= \sigma(A_a, B_b). \end{aligned} \quad (12)$$

Using Lemma 2 one can verify that B_b acts level transitively on the binary tree. This is sufficient to show that D acts transitively on R , since it acts transitively on the first level, B stabilizes the vertex b , and its section at b is B_b .

The fact that G_{846} is not contracting follows now from the result of Nekrashevych [Nek07a], that a contracting group can not have free subgroups. Alternatively, it is sufficient to observe that aba has infinite order, stabilizes the vertex 01 and has itself as a section at this vertex.

847 $\cong D_4$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(a, a)$, $b = (b, b)$, $c = (b, a)$.

The state b is trivial. The states a and c form a 2-state automaton generating D_4 (see Theorem 7).

848 $\cong C_2 \wr \mathbb{Z}$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, a)$, $b = (b, b)$, $c = (b, a)$.

The state b is trivial and a is the adding machine. Every element $g \in G_{848}$ has the form $g = \sigma^i(a^n, a^m)$. On the other hand, $c = (1, a)$, $c^{ac^{-1}} = (a, 1)$, so $\text{Stab}_G(1) = \{(a^n, a^m)\} \cong \mathbb{Z}^2$. Since $ac^{-1} = \sigma$ we see that $G \cong C_2 \wr \mathbb{Z}$.

849. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, a)$, $b = (b, b)$, $c = (b, a)$.

The state b is trivial. The element $a^2c = (ac, ca^2)$ is nontrivial because its section at 0 is ac , and ac acts nontrivially on level 1. The automorphism $(a^2c)^2$ fixes the vertex 00 and its section at this vertex is equal to a^2c . Therefore a^2c has infinite order. Further, the section of a^2c at 100 coincides with a^2c , implying that G_{849} is not contracting.

The group G_{849} is regular weakly branch group over its commutator G'_{849} . This is clear since the group is self-replicating and $[a^{-1}, c] \cdot [c, a] = ([a, c], 1)$.

Conjugation of the generators of G_{849} by $\mu = \sigma(\mu, c^{-1}\mu)$ yields the wreath recursion

$$x = \sigma(yx, 1), \quad y = (x, 1),$$

where $x = a^\mu$ and $y = c^\mu$. Further, we have

$$x = \sigma(yx, 1), \quad yx = \sigma(yx, x),$$

and the last wreath recursion coincides with the one defining the automaton 2852. Therefore $G_{849} \cong G_{2852}$ (see G_{2852} for more information on this group).

851 $\cong G_{847} \cong D_4$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, b)$, $b = (b, b)$, $c = (b, a)$.

Direct calculation.

852. Basilica group $\mathcal{B} = \text{IMG}(z^2 - 1)$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, b)$, $b = (b, b)$, $c = (b, a)$.

This group was studied in [GŻ02a], where it is shown that \mathcal{B} is not a sub-exponentially amenable group, it does not contain free subgroups of rank 2, and that the monoid generated by a and b is free. Some spectral considerations are provided in [GŻ02b]. Bartholdi and Virág showed in [BV05] that \mathcal{B} is amenable, distinguishing the Basilica group as the first example of an amenable group that is not sub-exponentially amenable.

855 $\cong G_{847} \cong D_4$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, c)$, $b = (b, b)$, $c = (b, a)$.

Direct calculation.

856 $\cong C_2 \rtimes G_{2850}$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(a, a)$, $b = (c, b)$, $c = (b, a)$.

All generators have order 2, hence $H = \langle ba, ca \rangle$ is normal in G_{856} . Furthermore, $ba = \sigma(ba, ca)$, $ca = \sigma(1, ba)$, and therefore $H = G_{2850}$. Thus $G_{856} = \langle a \rangle \rtimes H \cong C_2 \rtimes G_{2850}$, where $(ba)^a = (ba)^{-1}$ and $(ca)^a = (ca)^{-1}$. The group is not contracting since G_{2850} is not contracting.

857. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, a)$, $b = (c, b)$, $c = (b, a)$.

By using the approach used for G_{875} , we can show that the forward orbit of 10^∞ under the action of a is infinite, and therefore a has infinite order.

Since $c = (b, a)$ and $b = (c, b)$, both b and c have infinite order and G_{857} is not a contracting group.

858. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, a)$, $b = (c, b)$, $c = (b, a)$.

The element $ab^{-1} = \sigma(1, ab^{-1})$ is the adding machine.

By using the approach used for G_{875} , we can show that the forward orbit of 10^∞ under the action of a is infinite, and therefore a has infinite order.

Since $c = (b, a)$ and $b = (c, b)$, both b and c have infinite order and G_{857} is not a contracting group.

We have $c^{-1}b^{-1}aba^{-1}b = (1, a^{-1}b^{-1}aca^{-1}b)$, $a^{-1}c^{-1}b^{-1}aba^{-1}ba = (a^{-2}b^{-1}aca^{-1}ba, 1)$, hence by Lemma 4 the group is not free.

860. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, b)$, $b = (c, b)$, $c = (b, a)$.

The element $(ba^{-1})^2$ stabilizes the vertex 11 and its section at this vertex is equal to $(ba^{-1})^{-1}$. Hence, ba^{-1} has infinite order.

Furthermore, $bc^{-1} = (cb^{-1}, ba^{-1})$ implies that the order of bc^{-1} is infinite. Since this element stabilizes vertex 00 and its section at this vertex is equal to bc^{-1} , all its powers belong to the nucleus. Thus, G_{860} is not contracting.

861. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, b)$, $b = (a, a)$, $c = (b, a)$.

The element $a^{-1}c = \sigma(1, c^{-1}a)$ is conjugate to the adding machine and has infinite order.

864. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, c)$, $b = (c, b)$, $c = (b, a)$.

The element $(ab^{-1})^2$ stabilizes the vertex 11 and its section at this vertex is equal to ab^{-1} . Hence, ab^{-1} has infinite order.

Furthermore, $cb^{-1} = (bc^{-1}, ab^{-1})$ implies that the order of cb^{-1} is infinite. Since this element stabilizes vertex 00 and its section at this vertex is equal to cb^{-1} , G_{864} is not contracting.

865 $\cong G_{820} \cong D_\infty$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(a, a)$, $b = (a, c)$, $c = (b, a)$.

All generators have order 2. Since $abac = (acab, 1)$ and $acab = (1, abac)$, we see that $c = aba$ and $G_{865} = \langle a, b \rangle$. The section of $(ba)^2$ at the vertex 0 is $(ba)^{-1}$, so ba has infinite order and $G_{865} \cong D_\infty$.

Note that the group is conjugate to G_{932} by the automorphism $\delta = (a\delta, \delta)$.

866. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, a)$, $b = (a, c)$, $c = (b, a)$.

The element $(c^{-1}b)^2$ stabilizes the vertex 00 and its section at this vertex is equal to $c^{-1}b$, which is nontrivial. Hence, $c^{-1}b$ has infinite order.

The element $(b^{-1}a)^2$ stabilizes the vertex 00 and its section at this vertex is equal to $b^{-1}a$. Hence, $b^{-1}a$ has infinite order. Since $b^{-1}c^{-1}ba^{-1}ba|_{10} = (b^{-1}a)^b$ and vertex 10 is fixed under the action of $b^{-1}c^{-1}ba^{-1}ba$ we obtain that $b^{-1}c^{-1}ba^{-1}ba$ also has infinite order. Finally, $b^{-1}c^{-1}ba^{-1}ba$ stabilizes the vertex 00 and has itself as a section at this vertex. Therefore G_{866} is not contracting.

869. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, b)$, $b = (a, c)$, $c = (b, a)$.

All generators have order 2. By Lemma 1 ab has infinite order, which implies that $babcbab$ also has infinite order, because it fixes the vertex 000 and its section at this vertex is equal to ab . But $babcbab$ fixes 10 and has itself as a section at this vertex. Thus, G_{869} is not contracting.

870: Baumslag-Solitar group $BS(1, 3)$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, b)$, $b = (a, c)$, $c = (b, a)$.

The automaton satisfies the conditions of Lemma 1. In particular ab has infinite order. Since $bc = (ab, ca)$, $a^2 = (bc, cb)$, we obtain that bc and a have infinite order. Since $b = (a, c)$, b also has infinite order. Since b has infinite order, fixes the vertex 10 and has itself as a section at this vertex, G_{870} is not contracting.

The element $\mu = b^{-1}a = \sigma(1, a^{-1}b) = \sigma(1, \mu^{-1})$ is conjugate to the adding machine and therefore has infinite order. Since $a^{-1}c = \sigma(1, c^{-1}a)$ we see that $a^{-1}c = \mu$. Therefore $c = ab^{-1}a$ and $G_{870} = \langle a, b \rangle = \langle \mu, b \rangle$.

We claim that $b^{-1}\mu b = \mu^3$. Since $c = ab^{-1}a$, we have

$$ab^{-1}ab^{-1}ab^{-1}a^{-1}b = (ba^{-1}bc^{-1}b^{-1}a, ca^{-1}ba^{-1}) = (ba^{-1}ba^{-1}ba^{-1}b^{-1}a, 1).$$

But $ba^{-1}ba^{-1}ba^{-1}b^{-1}a$ is a conjugate of the inverse of $ab^{-1}ab^{-1}ab^{-1}a^{-1}b$, which shows that $ab^{-1}ab^{-1}ab^{-1}a^{-1}b = 1$, and the last relation is equivalent to $b^{-1}\mu b = \mu^3$.

Since b and μ have infinite order, $G_{870} \cong BS(1, 3)$.

See [BŠ06] for realizations of $BS(1, m)$ for any value of m , $m \neq \pm 1$.

874 $\cong C_2 \rtimes G_{2852}$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(a, a)$, $b = (b, c)$, $c = (b, a)$.

All the generators have order 2, hence $H = \langle ba, ca \rangle$ is normal in G_{874} . Furthermore, $ba = \sigma(ca, ba)$, $ca = \sigma(1, ba)$, therefore $H = G_{2852}$. Thus $G_{874} = \langle a \rangle \rtimes H \cong C_2 \rtimes G_{2852}$, where $(ba)^a = (ba)^{-1}$ and $(ca)^a = (ca)^{-1}$. In particular, G_{874} is not contracting and has exponential growth.

875. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, a)$, $b = (b, c)$, $c = (b, a)$.

The equalities

$$a(10^\infty) = 010^\infty, \quad b(10^\infty) = 10^\infty, \quad c(10^\infty) = 110^\infty,$$

show that all members of the forward orbit of 10^∞ under the action of a have only finitely many 1's and that the position of the rightmost 1 cannot decrease under the action of a . Since $a(10^\infty) = 010^\infty$, the forward orbit of 10^∞ under the action of a can never return to 10^∞ and a has infinite order.

Note that the above equalities also show that no nonempty words w over $\{a, b, c\}$ satisfies a relation of the form $w = 1$ in G_{875} . First note that $c = (b, a)$ and $b = (b, c)$, implying that b and c have infinite order. Thus $b^n \neq 1$, for $n > 0$. On the other hand, for any word w that contains a or c , $w(10^\infty) \neq 10^\infty$ (again, since the position of the rightmost 1 moves to the right and never decreases).

Since b has infinite order and $b = (b, c)$, G_{875} is not contracting.

876. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, a)$, $b = (b, c)$, $c = (b, a)$.

By Lemma 2 the elements ba and acb^2a^2cb act transitively on the levels of the tree and, hence, have infinite order. Since $(b^8)|_{1100001100} = acb^2a^2cb$ and

vertex 1100001100 is fixed under the action of b^8 we obtain that b also has infinite order. Finally, b stabilizes the vertex 0 and has itself as a section at this vertex. Therefore G_{876} is not contracting.

We have $c^{-1}b = (1, a^{-1}c), ac^{-1}ba^{-1} = (ca^{-1}, 1)$, hence by Lemma 4 the group is not free.

878 $\cong C_2 \rtimes IMG(1 - \frac{1}{z^2})$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, b)$, $b = (b, c)$, $c = (b, a)$.

Let $x = bc$ and $y = ca$. Since all generators have order 2, the index of the subgroup $H = \langle x, y \rangle$ in G_{878} is 2, H is normal and $G_{878} \cong C_2 \rtimes H$, where C_2 is generated by c . The action of C_2 on H is given by $x^c = x^{-1}$ and $y^c = y^{-1}$. We have $x = bc = (1, ca) = (1, y)$ and $y = ca = \sigma(ab, 1) = \sigma(y^{-1}x^{-1}, 1)$. An isomorphic copy of H is obtained by exchanging the letters 0 and 1, yielding the wreath recursion $x = (y, 1)$ and $y = \sigma(1, y^{-1}x^{-1})$. The last recursion defines $IMG(1 - \frac{1}{z^2})$ [BN06]. Thus, $G_{878} \cong C_2 \rtimes IMG(1 - \frac{1}{z^2})$.

879. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, b)$, $b = (b, c)$, $c = (b, a)$.

The element $c^{-1}a = \sigma(a^{-1}c, 1)$ is conjugate to the adding machine and has infinite order.

By Lemma 2 the element ca acts transitively on the levels of the tree and, hence, has infinite order. Since $(b^2)|_{1101} = ca$ and vertex 1101 is fixed under the action of b^2 we obtain that b also has infinite order. Finally, b stabilizes the vertex 0 and has itself as a section at this vertex. Therefore G_{879} is not contracting.

882. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, c)$, $b = (b, c)$, $c = (b, a)$.

The element $(ca^{-1}cb^{-1})^2$ stabilizes the vertex 00 and its section at this vertex is equal to $ca^{-1}cb^{-1}$. Hence, $ca^{-1}cb^{-1}$ has infinite order.

883 $\cong C_2 \rtimes G_{2841}$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(a, a)$, $b = (c, c)$, $c = (b, a)$.

All generators have order 2, hence $H = \langle ba, ca \rangle$ is normal in G_{883} . Furthermore, $ba = \sigma(ca, ca)$, $ca = \sigma(1, ba)$, therefore $H = G_{2841}$. Thus $G_{883} = \langle a \rangle \rtimes H \cong C_2 \rtimes G_{2841}$, where $(ba)^a = (ba)^{-1}$ and $(ca)^a = (ca)^{-1}$. In particular, G_{883} is not contracting and has exponential growth.

884. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, a)$, $b = (c, c)$, $c = (b, a)$.

The element $(b^{-1}ca^{-1}c)^2$ stabilizes the vertex 0 and its section at this vertex is equal to $(b^{-1}ca^{-1}c)^{-1}$. Hence, $b^{-1}ca^{-1}c$ has infinite order. Since $[b, a]^2|_{0100} = (b^{-1}ca^{-1}c)^c$ and 0100 is fixed under the action of $[b, a]^2$ we obtain that $[b, a]$ also has infinite order. Finally, $[b, a]$ stabilizes the vertex 00 and its section at this vertex is $[b, c] = [b, a]$. Therefore G_{884} is not contracting.

885. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, a)$, $b = (c, c)$, $c = (b, a)$.

The element $(c^{-1}b)^2$ stabilizes the vertex 10 and its section at this vertex is equal to $c^{-1}b$. Hence, $c^{-1}b$ has infinite order. Furthermore, $c^{-1}b$ stabilizes the vertex 00 and has itself as a section at this vertex. Therefore G_{885} is not contracting.

We have $b^{-1}aba^{-1} = (1, c^{-1}aca^{-1}), a^{-1}b^{-1}ab = (a^{-1}c^{-1}ac, 1)$, hence by Lemma 4 the group is not free.

887. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, b)$, $b = (c, c)$, $c = (b, a)$.

The element $(ac^{-1})^4$ stabilizes the vertex 001 and its section at this vertex is equal to $(ac^{-1})^2$, which is nontrivial. Hence, ac^{-1} has infinite order.

888. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, b)$, $b = (c, c)$, $c = (b, a)$.

The element $a^{-1}c = \sigma(1, c^{-1}a)$ is conjugate to the adding machine and has infinite order. Since $c^{-1}b|_1 = a^{-1}c$ and vertex 1 is fixed under the action of $c^{-1}b$ we obtain that $c^{-1}b$ also has infinite order. Finally, $c^{-1}b$ stabilizes the vertex 00 and has itself as a section at this vertex. Therefore G_{888} is not contracting.

We have $c^{-1}ab^{-1}a = (1, a^{-1}b)$, $ac^{-1}ab^{-1} = (ca^{-1}bc^{-1}, 1)$, hence by Lemma 4 the group is not free.

891 $\cong C_2 \ltimes (\mathbb{Z} \wr C_2)$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, c)$, $b = (c, c)$, $c = (b, a)$.

Let $x = ac$ and $y = cb$. Since all generators have order 2, the index of the subgroup $H = \langle x, y \rangle$ in G_{891} is 2, H is normal and $G_{891} \cong C_2 \ltimes H$, where C_2 is generated by c . The action of C_2 on H is given by $x^c = x^{-1}$ and $y^c = y^{-1}$.

In fact, to support the claim that H has index 2 in G_{891} we need to prove that $c \notin H$. We will prove a little bit more than that. Let $w = 1$ be a relation in G_{891} , where w is a word over $\{a, b, c\}$. The number of occurrences of a in w must be even (otherwise w would act nontrivially on level 1). Similarly, the number of occurrences of c in w is even. Indeed, if it were odd, then exactly one of the words w_0 and w_1 in the decomposition $w = (w_0, w_1)$ would have odd number of occurrences of the letter a , and the action of w would be nontrivial on level 2. Finally, we claim that the number of occurrences of b in w is also even. Otherwise the number of c 's in both w_0 and w_1 would be odd and the action of w would be nontrivial on level 3. Thus every word over $\{a, b, c\}$ representing 1 must have even number of occurrences of each of the three letters. Note that this implies that the abelianization of G_{891} is $C_2 \times C_2 \times C_2$.

We now prove that H is isomorphic to the Lamplighter group $\mathbb{Z} \wr C_2$. The group H is self-similar, which can be seen from

$$x = ac = \sigma(cb, ca) = \sigma(y, x^{-1}), \quad y = cb = (bc, ac) = (y^{-1}, x).$$

Consider the elements $s_n = \sigma^{y^n} = y^{-n}xy^{n+1}$, $n \in \mathbb{Z}$ (note that $xy = \sigma$). For $n > 0$, we have $s_0s_1 \cdots s_{n-1} = x^ny^n$ and $s_{-n}s_{-n+1} \cdots s_{-1} = y^nx^n$. On the other hand, $s_n = y^{-n}\sigma y^n = \sigma(x^{-n}y^{-n}, y^nx^n)$ and $s_{-n} = y^n\sigma y^{-n} = \sigma(x^ny^n, y^{-n}x^{-n})$, implying

$$s_n = \sigma(s_{-1}s_{-2} \cdots s_{-n}, s_{-n} \cdots s_{-2}s_{-1})$$

and

$$s_{-n} = \sigma(s_0s_1 \cdots s_{n-1}, s_{n-1} \cdots s_1s_0).$$

By induction on n we obtain that the depth of s_n is $2n + 1$ for $n \geq 0$ and the depth of s_{-n} is $2n$ for $n > 0$ (*depth* of a finitary element is the lowest level at which all sections of the element are trivial). This implies that all s_i , $i \in \mathbb{Z}$ are different, have order 2 (they are conjugates of σ), and commute (for each i and each level m all sections of s_i at level m are equal). Therefore y has infinite order and $H = \langle x, y \rangle = \langle y, \sigma \rangle \cong \mathbb{Z} \wr C_2$.

Since y has infinite order, stabilizes the vertex 00 and has itself as a section at this vertex, G_{891} is not contracting.

919 $\cong G_{820} \cong D_\infty$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(a, a)$, $b = (a, b)$, $c = (c, a)$.

The states a, b form a 2-state automaton generating D_∞ (see Theorem 7) and $c = aba$.

920. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, a)$, $b = (a, b)$, $c = (c, a)$.

The element $(ac^{-1})^2$ stabilizes the vertex 00 and its section at this vertex is equal to ac^{-1} . Hence, ba^{-1} has infinite order.

923. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, b)$, $b = (a, b)$, $c = (c, a)$.

The states a and b form a 2-state automaton generating D_∞ (see Theorem 7).

924 $\cong G_{870}$. Baumslag-Solitar group $BS(1, 3)$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, b)$, $b = (a, b)$, $c = (c, a)$.

This fact is proved in [BS06].

928 $\cong G_{820} \cong D_\infty$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(a, a)$, $b = (b, b)$, $c = (c, a)$.

The states a and c form a 2-state automaton generating D_∞ (see Theorem 7) and b is trivial.

929 $\cong G_{2851}$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, a)$, $b = (b, b)$, $c = (c, a)$.

See G_{2851} for an isomorphism (in fact the groups coincide as subgroups of $\text{Aut}(X^*)$).

930 $\cong G_{821}$. Lamplighter group $\mathbb{Z} \wr C_2$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, a)$, $b = (b, b)$, $c = (c, a)$.

The states a and c form a 2-state automaton generating the Lamplighter group (see Theorem 7) and b is trivial.

932 $\cong G_{820} \cong D_\infty$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, b)$, $b = (b, b)$, $c = (c, a)$.

We have $b = 1$ and $a^2 = c^2 = 1$. The element $ac = \sigma(c, a)$ is clearly nontrivial. Since $(ac)^2 = (ac, ca)$, this element has infinite order. Thus $G \cong D_\infty$.

933 $\cong G_{849}$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, b)$, $b = (b, b)$, $c = (c, a)$.

See G_{2852} for an isomorphism between G_{933} and G_{2852} and G_{849} for an isomorphism between G_{2852} and G_{849} .

936 $\cong G_{820} \cong D_\infty$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, c)$, $b = (b, b)$, $c = (c, a)$.

The states a and c form a 2-state automaton generating D_∞ (see Theorem 7) and b is trivial.

937 $\cong C_2 \rtimes G_{929}$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(a, a)$, $b = (c, b)$, $c = (c, a)$.

All generators have order 2, hence $H = \langle ca, ba \rangle = \langle ca, caba \rangle$ is normal in G_{937} . Furthermore, $ca = \sigma(1, ca)$, $caba = \sigma(caba, ca)$, therefore $H = G_{929}$. Thus $G_{937} = \langle a \rangle \rtimes H \cong C_2 \rtimes G_{929}$, where $(ba)^a = (ba)^{-1}$ and $(ca)^a = (ca)^{-1}$. In particular, G_{937} is regular weakly branch over H' , has exponential growth and is not contracting.

938. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, a)$, $b = (c, b)$, $c = (c, a)$.

The element $(b^{-1}a^{-1}ca)^2$ stabilizes the vertex 00 and its section at this vertex is equal to $((b^{-1}a^{-1}ca)^{-1})^{a^{-1}c}$. Hence, $b^{-1}a^{-1}ca$ has infinite order. Furthermore, $b^{-1}a^{-1}ca$ stabilizes the vertex 1 and has itself as a section at this vertex. Therefore G_{938} is not contracting.

We have $c^{-1}b = (1, a^{-1}b)$, $a^{-1}c^{-1}ba = (a^{-2}ba, 1)$, hence by Lemma 4 the group is not free.

939. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, a)$, $b = (c, b)$, $c = (c, a)$.

The states a and c form a 2-state automaton generating the Lamplighter group (see Theorem 7). Hence, G_{939} is neither torsion, nor contracting, and has

exponential growth.

941. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, b)$, $b = (c, b)$, $c = (c, a)$.

The second iteration of the wreath recursion is

$$a = (02)(13)(c, b, c, b), \quad b = (c, a, c, b), \quad c = (23)(c, a, b, b).$$

Conjugation by $g = (cg, g, g, bg)$ gives the wreath recursion

$$a' = (02)(13), \quad b = (c', a', c', b'), \quad c = (23)(c', a', 1, 1),$$

where $a' = a^g$, $b' = b^g$, and $c' = c^g$. The last recursion coincides with the second iteration of the recursion

$$\alpha = \sigma, \quad \beta = (\gamma, \beta), \quad \gamma = (\gamma, \alpha).$$

Conjugating the last recursion by $h = (\gamma h, h)$ yields the recursion defining G_{945} . Thus, $G_{941} \cong G_{945} \cong C_2 \ltimes \text{IMG}(z^2 - 1)$ (see G_{945}). The limit space is half of the Basilica.

942. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, b)$, $b = (c, b)$, $c = (c, a)$.

The Lamplighter group $L = \mathbb{Z} \wr C_2$ can be defined as the group generated by a' and b' given by the wreath recursion (see Theorem 7)

$$\begin{aligned} a' &= \sigma(a', b'), \\ b' &= (a', b'). \end{aligned}$$

Let $H = \langle a, b \rangle \leq G_{942}$. We will show that H and L are isomorphic. Let Y^* be the subtree of X^* consisting of all words over the alphabet $Y = \{01, 11\}$. The element b fixes the letter in Y , while a swaps them. Since $a_{01} = b_{01} = a$, $a_{11} = b_{11} = b$, the tree Y^* is invariant under the action of H . Moreover, the action of H on Y^* coincides with the action of the Lamplighter group $L = \langle a', b' \rangle$ on X^* (after the identification $01 \leftrightarrow 0$, $11 \leftrightarrow 1$). This implies that the map $\phi : H \rightarrow L$ given by $a \mapsto a'$, $b \mapsto b'$ can be extended to a homomorphism. We claim that this homomorphism is in fact an isomorphism. Let $w = w(a, b)$ be a group word representing an element of the kernel of ϕ . Since $w(a', b')$ represents the identity in the lamplighter group L , the total exponent of a in w must be even and the total exponent ε of both a and b in w must be 0. Therefore the element $g = w(a, b)$ stabilizes the top two levels of the tree X^* and can be decomposed as

$$g = (c^\varepsilon, *, c^\varepsilon, *),$$

where the $*$'s are words over a and b representing the identity in H (these words correspond precisely to the first level sections of $w(a', b')$ in L). Since $\varepsilon = 0$, we see that $g = 1$ and the kernel of ϕ is trivial.

Thus, the Lamplighter group is a subgroup of G_{942} , which shows that G_{942} is not a torsion group, it is not free, and has exponential growth. Since $b = (c, b)$ and b has infinite order, G_{942} is not a contracting group.

945 $\cong G_{941} \cong C_2 \ltimes \text{IMG}(z^2 - 1)$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, c)$, $b = (c, b)$, $c = (c, a)$.

All generators have order 2. Since $ab = \sigma(1, cb)$ and $cb = (1, ab)$ we see that $H = \langle ab, cb \rangle \cong G_{852} = \text{IMG}(z^2 - 1)$. This subgroup is normal in G_{945} because the generators have order 2. Since $G_{945} = \langle H, b \rangle$, it has a structure of a semidirect product $\langle b \rangle \ltimes H = C_2 \ltimes \text{IMG}(z^2 - 1)$ with the action of b on H given by $(ab)^b = (ab)^{-1}$ and $(cb)^b = (cb)^{-1}$. It follows that G_{945} is regular weakly branch over H' and has exponential growth. See G_{941} for an isomorphism.

955 $\cong G_{937} \cong C_2 \ltimes G_{929}$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(a, a)$, $b = (b, c)$, $c = (c, a)$.

All generators have order 2. Consider the subgroup $H = \langle ba = \sigma(ca, ba), ca = \sigma(1, ca) \rangle \cong G_{929}$. This subgroup is normal in G_{955} because all generators have order 2. Since $G_{955} = \langle H, a \rangle$, it has a structure of a semidirect product $\langle a \rangle \ltimes H = C_2 \ltimes G_{929}$ with the action of a on H given by $(ba)^a = (ba)^{-1}$ and $(ca)^a = (ca)^{-1}$. It is proved above that G_{937} has the same structure. It follows that G_{955} is regular weakly branch over H' and has exponential growth.

956. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, a)$, $b = (b, c)$, $c = (c, a)$.

The element $(c^{-1}b)^2$ stabilizes the vertex 10 and its section at this vertex is equal to $(c^{-1}b)^{-1}$. Hence, $c^{-1}b$ has infinite order. Furthermore, $c^{-1}b$ stabilizes the vertex 0 and has itself as a section at this vertex. Therefore G_{956} is not contracting.

We have $c^{-1}b^{-1}aba^{-1}b = (1, a^{-1}c^{-1}aba^{-1}c), a^{-1}c^{-1}b^{-1}aba^{-1}ba = (a^{-2}c^{-1}aba^{-1}ca, 1)$, hence by Lemma 4 the group is not free.

957. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, a)$, $b = (b, c)$, $c = (c, a)$.

The states a, c form a 2-state automaton generating the Lamplighter group (see Theorem 7). Hence, G_{957} is neither torsion, nor contracting and has exponential growth.

959. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, b)$, $b = (b, c)$, $c = (c, a)$.

The element $(a^{-1}c)^4$ stabilizes the vertex 00 and its section at this vertex is equal to $(a^{-1}c)^{-1}$. Hence, $a^{-1}c$ has infinite order.

Furthermore, since $c^{-1}b = (c^{-1}b, a^{-1}c)$, this element also has infinite order. Thus, G_{959} is not contracting.

960. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, b)$, $b = (b, c)$, $c = (c, a)$.

Define $x = ac^{-1}$, $y = ba^{-1}$ and $z = cb^{-1}$. Then $x = \sigma(1, y)$, $y = \sigma(z, z^{-1})$ and $z = (z, x)$.

The element $(zxy)^8$ stabilizes the vertex 001010 and its section at this vertex is equal to $xy^{-1}z = xyz = (zxy)^{z^{-1}}$ (since $y^2 = 1$). Hence, zxy has infinite order.

Denote $t = (b^{-1}c)^4(b^{-1}a)(c^{-1}a)^5(b^{-1}c)$. Then t^2 stabilizes the vertex 00 and $t^2|_{00} = t^{b^{-1}c}$. Hence, t has infinite order. Let $s = c^{-2}b^2$. Since $s^{32}|_{111000000100} = t^c$ and s^{32} fixes 111000000100, we obtain that s also has infinite order. Finally, s stabilizes the vertex 00 and has itself as a section at this vertex. Therefore G_{960} is not contracting.

963. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, c)$, $b = (b, c)$, $c = (c, a)$.

All generators have order 2. The element $ac = \sigma(1, ca)$ is conjugate to the adding machine and has infinite order.

Furthermore, since $cb = (cb, ac)$, this element also has infinite order. Thus, G_{963} is not contracting.

964 $\cong G_{739} \cong C_2 \ltimes (C_2 \wr \mathbb{Z})$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(a, a)$, $b = (c, c)$, $c = (c, a)$.

All generators have order 2. The elements $u = acba = (ca, 1)$ and $v = bc = (1, ca)$ generate \mathbb{Z}^2 because $ca = \sigma(1, ca)$ is the adding machine and has infinite order. We have $cacb = \sigma$ and $\langle u, v \rangle$ is normal in $H = \langle u, v, \sigma \rangle$ because $u^\sigma = v$ and $v^\sigma = u$. In other words, $H \cong C_2 \ltimes (\mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z}) = C_2 \wr \mathbb{Z}$.

Furthermore, $G_{964} = \langle H, a \rangle$ and H is normal in G_{972} because $u^a = v^{-1}$, $v^a = u^{-1}$ and $\sigma^a = \sigma$. Thus $G_{964} = C_2 \ltimes (C_2 \wr \mathbb{Z})$, where the action of C_2 on H is specified above and coincides with the one in G_{739} . Therefore $G_{964} \cong G_{739}$.

965. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, a)$, $b = (c, c)$, $c = (c, a)$.

The element $(ac^{-1})^2$ stabilizes the vertex 01 and its section at this vertex is equal to $(ac^{-1})^{-1}$. Hence, ac^{-1} has infinite order.

By Lemma 2 the element a acts transitively on the levels of the tree and, hence, has infinite order. Since $c = (c, a)$ we obtain that c also has infinite order. Therefore G_{965} is not contracting.

We have $bc^{-1} = (1, ca^{-1})$, $a^{-1}bc^{-1}a = (a^{-1}c, 1)$, hence by Lemma 4 the group is not free.

966. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, a)$, $b = (c, c)$, $c = (c, a)$.

The states a and c form a 2-state automaton generating the Lamplighter group (see Theorem 7). Hence, G_{966} is neither torsion, nor contracting, and has exponential growth.

Since $b = (c, c)$ we obtain that G_{966} can be embedded into the wreath product $C_2 \wr (\mathbb{Z} \wr \mathbb{C}_2)$. This shows that G_{966} is solvable.

968. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, b)$, $b = (c, c)$, $c = (c, a)$.

We will show that this group contains \mathbb{Z}^5 as a subgroup of index 16. It is a contracting group, with nucleus consisting of 73 elements (the self-similar closure of the nucleus consists of 77 elements).

All generators have order 2. Let $x = (ac)^2$, $y = bcba$, and $K = \langle x, y \rangle$. Conjugating x and y by $\gamma = (b\gamma, a\gamma)$ yields the self-similar copy K' of K generated by $x' = ((y')^{-1}, (y')^{-1})$ and $y = \sigma(x', y')$, where $x' = x^\gamma$ and $y' = y^\gamma$. Since $[x', y'] = ([x', y']^{(y')^{-1}}, 1)$ K' is abelian. The matrix of the corresponding virtual endomorphism is given by

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \frac{1}{2} \\ -1 & \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}.$$

The eigenvalues $\lambda = \frac{1}{4} \pm \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{7}i$ of this matrix are not algebraic integers. Therefore K' (and therefore K as well) is free abelian of rank 2, by the results in [NS04].

The subgroup $H = \langle ab, bc \rangle$ has index 2 in G_{968} (the generators of G_{968} have order 2). The second level stabilizer $\text{Stab}_H(2)$ has index 8 in H (the quotient group is isomorphic to the dihedral group D_4). The stabilizer $\text{Stab}_H(2)$, is generated by $(bc)^2$, $((bc)^2)^{ba}$, $(ab)^2$, $((ab)^2)^{bc}$, $((ab)^2)^{(bc)^{ba}}$, and $((ab)^2)^{bc(bc)^{ba}}$.

Conjugating these elements by $g = (b, c, b, 1)$ gives

$$\begin{aligned}
g_1 &= ((bc)^2)^g &= (bcbcb)^g &= (1, 1, y, y^{-1}), \\
g_2 &= ((bc)^2)^{bag} &= (acbcba)^g &= (y, y, 1, 1), \\
g_3 &= ((ab)^2)^{bcg} &= (cbabac)^g &= (1, x, x, 1), \\
g_4 &= ((ab)^2)^g &= (abab)^g &= (1, x, 1, x^{-1}), \\
g_5 &= ((ab)^2)^{(bc)^{ba}g} &= (abcbabacba)^g &= (x, 1, 1, x^{-1}), \\
g_6 &= ((ab)^2)^{bc(bc)^{ba}g} &= (abcacbabacacba)^g &= (x, 1, x, 1).
\end{aligned}$$

Therefore, $\text{Stab}_H(2)$ is abelian and $g_6 = g_5 g_3 g_4^{-1}$. If $\prod_{i=1}^5 g_i^{n_i} = 1$, then $x^{n_5} y^{n_2} = x^{n_3+n_4} y^{n_2} = x^{n_3} y^{n_1} = x^{n_4+n_5} y^{n_1} = 1$. Since K is free abelian, we obtain $n_i = 0$, $i = 1, \dots, 5$. Therefore $\text{Stab}_H(2)$ is a free abelian group of rank 5.

969. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, b)$, $b = (c, c)$, $c = (c, a)$.

The element $(cb^{-1})^4$ stabilizes the vertex 100 and its section at this vertex is equal to cb^{-1} . Hence, cb^{-1} has infinite order.

We have $bc^{-1} = (1, ca^{-1})$, $ca^{-1} = \sigma(ab^{-1}, 1)$, $ab^{-1} = \sigma(1, bc^{-1})$, hence the subgroup generated by these elements is isomorphic to $\text{IMG}(1 - \frac{1}{z^2})$ (see [BN06]).

We also have $c^{-1}b = (1, a^{-1}c)$, $a^{-1}c^{-1}ba = (b^{-1}a^{-1}cb, 1)$, hence by Lemma 4 the group is not free.

972 $\cong G_{739} \cong C_2 \ltimes (C_2 \wr \mathbb{Z})$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, c)$, $b = (c, c)$, $c = (c, a)$.

All generators have order 2. The elements $u = acba = (ca, 1)$ and $v = bc = (1, ac)$ generate \mathbb{Z}^2 because $ca = \sigma(ac, 1)$ is conjugate to the adding machine and has infinite order. Also we have $ba = \sigma$ and $\langle u, v \rangle$ is normal in $H = \langle u, v, \sigma \rangle$ because $u^\sigma = v$ and $v^\sigma = u$. In other words, $H \cong C_2 \ltimes (\mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z}) = C_2 \wr \mathbb{Z}$.

Furthermore, $G_{972} = \langle H, a \rangle$ and H is normal in G_{972} because $u^a = v^{-1}$, $v^a = u^{-1}$ and $\sigma^a = \sigma$. Thus $G_{972} = C_2 \ltimes (C_2 \wr \mathbb{Z})$, where the action of C_2 on H is specified above and coincides with the one in G_{739} . Therefore $G_{972} \cong G_{739}$.

1090 $\cong C_2$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(a, a)$, $b = (b, b)$, $c = (b, b)$.

Both b and c are trivial and $a^2 = 1$.

1091 $\cong G_{731} \cong \mathbb{Z}$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, a)$, $b = (b, b)$, $c = (b, b)$.

Both b and c are trivial and a is the adding machine.

1094 $\cong G_{1090} \cong C_2$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, b)$, $b = (b, b)$, $c = (b, b)$.

Both b and c are trivial and $a^2 = 1$.

2190 $\cong G_{848} \cong C_2 \wr \mathbb{Z}$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, a)$, $b = \sigma(a, a)$, $c = (a, a)$.

First note that $c = a^{-2}$. Therefore $G = \langle a, b \rangle$, where $a = \sigma(a^{-2}, a)$, and $b = \sigma(a, a)$. Also, a has infinite order.

Consider the subgroup $H = \langle ba, ab \rangle < G$. The generators of H commute since $ba = (a^{-1}, a^2)$ and $ab = (a^2, a^{-1})$. Furthermore, $(ba)^n (ab)^m = (a^{-n+2m}, a^{2n-m}) = 1$ if and only if $m = n = 0$. Therefore $H \cong \mathbb{Z}^2$.

Consider the element $ba^2 = bc^{-1} = \sigma$. This element does not belong to H , since H stabilizes the first level of the tree. On the other hand $a = (ba)^{-1}ba^2 = (ba)^{-1}\sigma$ and $b = a^{-1}(ab)$ so $G = \langle \sigma, H \rangle$. Finally, $(ba)^\sigma = ab$ and $(ab)^\sigma = ba$ implies that H is normal in G and $G = C_2 \wr H \cong C_2 \wr \mathbb{Z} \cong G_{848}$.

Also note that $\langle a, a^b \rangle = G_{2212} \cong \mathbb{Z} *_{2\mathbb{Z}} \mathbb{Z}$.

2193. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, b)$, $b = \sigma(a, a)$, $c = (a, a)$.

Let $x = ca^{-1}$ and $y = ab^{-1}$. Then $x = \sigma(ab^{-1}, ac^{-1}) = \sigma(y, x^{-1})$ and $y = \sigma(ba^{-1}, ca^{-1}) = \sigma(y^{-1}, x)$. It is already shown (see G_{891}), that $\langle x, y \rangle$ is not contracting and is isomorphic to the Lamplighter group. Therefore G_{2193} is not a torsion group, it is not contracting, and has exponential growth.

2196 $\cong G_{802} \cong C_2 \times C_2 \times C_2$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, c)$, $b = \sigma(a, a)$, $c = (a, a)$.

Direct calculation.

2199. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, a)$, $b = \sigma(b, a)$, $c = (a, a)$.

By Lemma 2 the element ac acts transitively on the levels of the tree and, hence, has infinite order. Since $ba = (ac, ba)$ we obtain that ba also has infinite order. Therefore G_{2199} is not contracting.

We have $b^{-2}abcba = b^{-2}aba^{-2}ba = 1$, and a and b do not commute, hence the group is not free.

2202. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, b)$, $b = \sigma(b, a)$, $c = (a, a)$.

The element $(b^{-1}a)^2$ stabilizes the vertex 00 and its section at this vertex is equal to $b^{-1}a$. Hence, $b^{-1}a$ has infinite order. Furthermore, $b^{-1}a$ stabilizes the vertex 11 and has itself as a section at this vertex. Therefore G_{2202} is not contracting.

We have $cb^{-1}c^{-1}b = (1, ab^{-1}a^{-1}b)$, $bcb^{-1}c^{-1} = (bab^{-1}a^{-1}, 1)$, hence by Lemma 4 the group is not free.

2203. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(a, c)$, $b = \sigma(b, a)$, $c = (a, a)$.

The states a and c form a 2-state automaton generating the infinite cyclic group \mathbb{Z} in which $c = a^{-2}$ (see Theorem 7).

Since $b^{-1}a|_1 = a^{-1}c$ and vertex 1 is fixed under the action of $b^{-1}a$ we obtain that $b^{-1}a$ also has infinite order. Finally, $b^{-1}a$ stabilizes the vertex 0 and has itself as a section at this vertex. Therefore G_{2203} is not contracting.

We have $c^{-2}ab = (1, a^{-2}cb)$, $bc^{-2}a = (ba^{-2}c, 1)$, hence by Lemma 4 the group is not free.

2204. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, c)$, $b = \sigma(b, a)$, $c = (a, a)$.

The element $(b^{-1}ac^{-1}a)^2$ stabilizes the vertex 00 and its section at this vertex is equal to $b^{-1}ac^{-1}a$. Hence, $b^{-1}ac^{-1}a$ has infinite order. Since $[c, a]^2|_{000} = (b^{-1}ac^{-1}a)^{a^{-1}cb}$ and 000 is fixed under the action of $[c, a]^2$ we obtain that $[c, a]$ also has infinite order. Finally, $[c, a]$ stabilizes the vertex 11 and has itself as a section at this vertex. Therefore G_{2204} is not contracting.

We have $ab^{-1} = (1, ca^{-1})$, $b^{-1}a = (a^{-1}c, 1)$, hence by Lemma 4 the group is not free.

2205 $\cong G_{775} \cong C_2 \rtimes IMG \left(\left(\frac{z-1}{z+1} \right)^2 \right)$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, c)$, $b = \sigma(b, a)$, $c = (a, a)$.

See G_{783} for an isomorphism between G_{783} and G_{2205} .

2206 $\cong G_{748} \cong D_4 \times C_2$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(a, a)$, $b = \sigma(c, a)$, $c = (a, a)$.

Direct calculation.

2207. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, a)$, $b = \sigma(c, a)$, $c = (a, a)$.

The element $(c^{-1}a)^4$ stabilizes the vertex 000 and its section at this vertex is equal to $c^{-1}a$. Hence, $c^{-1}a$ has infinite order.

Since $b^{-1}a^{-1}b^{-1}aba|_{001} = (c^{-1}a)^a$ and the vertex 001 is fixed under the action of $b^{-1}a^{-1}b^{-1}aba$ we obtain that $b^{-1}a^{-1}b^{-1}aba$ also has infinite order. Finally, $b^{-1}a^{-1}b^{-1}aba$ stabilizes the vertex 000 and has itself as a section at this vertex. Therefore G_{2207} is not contracting.

We have $a^{-2}bab^{-2}ab = 1$, and a and b do not commute, hence the group is not free.

2209. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(a, b)$, $b = \sigma(c, a)$, $c = (a, a)$.

The element $(b^{-1}a)^2$ stabilizes the vertex 00 and its section at this vertex is equal to $(b^{-1}a)^{-1}$. Hence, $b^{-1}a$ has infinite order. Furthermore, $b^{-1}a$ stabilizes the vertex 11 and has itself as a section at this vertex. Therefore G_{2209} is not contracting.

We have $aca^{-2}c^{-1}acac^{-1}a^{-2}cac^{-1} = 1$, and a and c do not commute, hence the group is not free.

2210. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, b)$, $b = \sigma(c, a)$, $c = (a, a)$.

The element $(a^{-1}c)^2$ stabilizes the vertex 000 and its section at this vertex is equal to $a^{-1}c$. Hence, $a^{-1}c$ has infinite order. Since $(b^{-1}a)^2|_{00} = a^{-1}c$ and 00 is fixed under the action of $b^{-1}a$ we obtain that $b^{-1}a$ also has infinite order. Finally, $b^{-1}a$ stabilizes the vertex 11 and has itself as a section at this vertex. Therefore G_{2210} is not contracting.

We have $c^{-1}b^{-1}cb = (1, a^{-1}c^{-1}ac)$, $bc^{-1}b^{-1}c = (ca^{-1}c^{-1}a, 1)$, hence by Lemma 4 the group is not free.

2212. Klein bottle group, $\langle a, b \mid a^2 = b^2 \rangle$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(a, c)$, $b = \sigma(c, a)$, $c = (a, a)$.

The states a and c form a 2-state automaton generating the infinite cyclic group \mathbb{Z} in which $c = a^{-2}$ (see Theorem 7).

We have $a = \sigma(a, a^{-2})$, $b = \sigma(a^{-2}, a)$, and $x = ab^{-1} = (a^{-3}, a^3)$. Finally, since $x^a = b^{-1}a = (a^3, a^{-3}) = x^{-1}$, we have $G_{2212} = \langle x, a \mid x^a = x^{-1} \rangle$ and G_{2212} is the Klein bottle group. Tietze transformations yield the presentation $G_{2212} = \langle a, b \mid a^2 = b^2 \rangle$ in terms of the generators a and b .

2213. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, c)$, $b = \sigma(c, a)$, $c = (a, a)$.

By Lemma 2 the element cb acts transitively on the levels of the tree and, hence, has infinite order. Since $(ba)|_{100} = cb$ and the vertex 100 is fixed under the action of ba we obtain that ba also has infinite order. Finally, ba stabilizes the vertex 01 and has itself as a section at this vertex. Therefore G_{2213} is not contracting.

We have $c^{-1}b^{-1}cb = (1, a^{-1}c^{-1}ac)$, $bc^{-1}b^{-1}c = (ca^{-1}c^{-1}a, 1)$, hence by Lemma 4 the group is not free.

2214 $\cong G_{748} \cong D_4 \times C_2$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, c)$, $b = \sigma(c, a)$, $c = (a, a)$.

Direct calculation.

2226 $\cong G_{820} \cong D_\infty$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, a)$, $b = \sigma(b, b)$, and $c = (a, a)$.

We have $ba = (bc, ba)$, $bc = \sigma(ba, ba)$, and $b = \sigma(b, b)$. Therefore x , y and b satisfy the wreath recursion defining the automaton \mathcal{A}_{2394} . Thus $G_{2226} = G_{2394} \cong G_{820}$.

2229. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, b)$, $b = \sigma(b, b)$, $c = (a, a)$.

Note that b is of order 2. Post-conjugating the recursion by $(1, b)$ (which is equivalent to conjugating by the tree automorphism $g = (g, bg)$ in $\text{Aut}(X^*)$) gives a copy of G_{2229} defined by

$$a = \sigma(bc, 1), \quad b = \sigma, \quad c = (a, bab)$$

The stabilizer of the first level is generated by

$$a^2 = (bc, bc), \quad c = (a, bab), \quad ba = (bc, 1), \quad bcb = (bab, a).$$

Its projection on the first level is generated by

$$bc = \sigma(a, bab), \quad a = \sigma(bc, 1), \quad bab = \sigma(1, bc).$$

Furthermore,

$$bcb = (baba, abab), \quad abab = (1, bcbc), \quad baba = (bcbc, 1),$$

which implies that bc is of order 2 and $a^{-1} = bab$. Hence, the projection of the stabilizer on the first level is generated by the recursion

$$a = \sigma(bc, 1), \quad bc = \sigma(a, a^{-1}).$$

Post-conjugating by $(1, a)$, we obtain the recursion

$$a = \sigma(a^{-1} \cdot bc, a), \quad bc = \sigma,$$

which is the group $C_4 \ltimes \mathbb{Z}^2$ of all orientation preserving automorphisms of the integer lattice (see [BN06]). Note that the nucleus of G_{2229} consists of 52 elements.

2232 $\cong G_{730}$. Klein Group $C_2 \times C_2$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, c)$, $b = \sigma(b, b)$, $c = (a, a)$.

Direct calculation.

2233. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(a, a)$, $b = \sigma(c, b)$, $c = (a, a)$.

Therefore, $\langle ba = (ba, ca), ca = \sigma \rangle = G_{932} \cong D_\infty$.

Conjugating by $g = (ag, g)$, we obtain the recursion

$$\alpha = \sigma, \quad \beta = \sigma(\gamma\beta, \alpha\beta), \quad \gamma = (\alpha, \alpha),$$

where $\alpha = a^g$, $\beta = b^g$, and $\gamma = c^g$. Therefore

$$\alpha = \sigma, \quad \alpha\beta = (\gamma\alpha, \alpha\beta), \quad \gamma\alpha = \sigma(\alpha, \alpha),$$

and the last wreath recursion defines a bounded automaton (see Section 3 for a definition). It follows from [BKN] that G_{2233} is amenable.

2234. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, a)$, $b = \sigma(c, b)$, $c = (a, a)$.

The element $(c^{-1}b)^4$ stabilizes the vertex 00 and its section at this vertex is equal to $(c^{-1}b)^{-1}$. Hence, $c^{-1}b$ has infinite order. Since $(b^{-1}a)|_0 = c^{-1}b$ and

0 is fixed under the action of $b^{-1}a$ we obtain that $b^{-1}a$ also has infinite order. Finally, $b^{-1}a$ stabilizes the vertex 1 and has itself as a section at this vertex. Therefore G_{2234} is not contracting.

We have $c^{-1}b^{-1}ac^{-1}a^2 = (1, a^{-1}c^{-1}b^2)$, $ac^{-1}b^{-1}ac^{-1}a = (ba^{-1}c^{-1}b, 1)$, hence by Lemma 4 the group is not free.

2236. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(a, b)$, $b = \sigma(c, b)$, $c = (a, a)$.

By Lemma 2 the element b acts transitively on the levels of the tree and, hence, has infinite order.

By Lemma 2 the element cb acts transitively on the levels of the tree and, hence, has infinite order. Since $ba = (ba, cb)$ we obtain that ba also has infinite order. Since ba has itself as a section at 0 the group is not contracting.

We have $a^{-2}bab^{-2}ab = 1$, and a and b do not commute, hence the group is not free.

2237. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, b)$, $b = \sigma(c, b)$, $c = (a, a)$.

By Lemma 2 the elements b and $(bc)^3$ acts transitively on the levels of the tree and, hence, have infinite order.

Since $(cba)^2|_{00000} = (bc)^3$ and 00000 is fixed under the action of $(cba)^2$ we obtain that cba also has infinite order. Finally, cba stabilizes the vertex 101 and has itself as a section at this vertex. Therefore G_{2237} is not contracting.

We have $a^{-2}bab^{-2}ab = 1$, and a and b do not commute, hence the group is not free.

2239. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(a, c)$, $b = \sigma(c, b)$, $c = (a, a)$.

The group contains elements of infinite order by Lemma 1. In particular, ca has infinite order. Since $(ba)|_{100} = ca$ and the vertex 100 is fixed under the action of ba we obtain that ba also has infinite order. Finally, ba stabilizes the vertex 1 and has itself as a section at this vertex. Therefore G_{2239} is not contracting.

We have $ca^{-2}cba^{-1} = (1, c^{-1}abc^{-1})$, $a^{-1}ca^{-2}cb = (c^{-2}ab, 1)$, hence by Lemma 4 the group is not free.

We can also simplify the wreath recursion in the following way. Since $c = a^{-2}$ we have

$$a = \sigma(a, a^{-2}), \quad b = \sigma(a^{-2}, b).$$

Therefore

$$ab = (a^{-4}, ab), \quad a = \sigma(a, a^{-2}),$$

which can be written as

$$ab = (a^{-4}, ab), \quad a = \sigma(1, a^{-1}),$$

which is a subgroup of

$$\beta = (a, \beta), \quad a = \sigma(1, a^{-1}).$$

2240. Free group of rank 3. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, c)$, $b = \sigma(c, b)$, $c = (a, a)$.

The automaton appeared for the first time in [Ale83]. The fact that G_{2240} is free group of rank 3 with basis $\{a, b, c\}$ is proved in [VV05]. This is the

smallest automaton among all automata over a 2-letter alphabet generating a free nonabelian group.

The fact that G_{2240} is not contracting follows now from the result of Nekrashevych [Nek07a], that a contracting group cannot have free subgroups. Alternatively, $b^{-1}ca$ has infinite order, stabilizes the vertex 11 and has itself as a section at this vertex. Hence, the group is not contracting.

2241 $\cong G_{739} \cong C_2 \ltimes (C_2 \wr \mathbb{Z})$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, c)$, $b = \sigma(c, b)$, $c = (a, a)$.

Consider G_{747} . Its wreath recursion is given by $a = \sigma(c, c)$, $b = (b, a)$, $c = (a, a)$. All generators have order 2 and a commutes with c . Therefore $acb = \sigma(cab, c) = \sigma(acb, c)$ and we have $G_{747} = \langle a, acb, c \rangle = G_{2241}$. Thus $G_{2241} = G_{747} \cong G_{739}$.

2260 $\cong G_{802} \cong C_2 \times C_2 \times C_2$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(a, a)$, $b = (c, c)$, $c = (a, a)$.

Direct calculation.

2261. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, a)$, $b = \sigma(c, c)$, $c = (a, a)$.

The element $(ac^{-1})^2$ stabilizes the vertex 00 and its section at this vertex is equal to $(ac^{-1})^{-1}$. Hence, ac^{-1} and $c^{-1}a$ have infinite order.

Since $b^{-1}c^{-1}ac^{-1}ba|_{001} = ((c^{-1}a)^2)^a$ and the vertex 001 is fixed under the action of $b^{-1}c^{-1}ac^{-1}ba$ we obtain that $b^{-1}c^{-1}ac^{-1}ba$ also has infinite order. Finally, $b^{-1}c^{-1}ac^{-1}ba$ stabilizes the vertex 000 and has itself as a section at this vertex. Therefore G_{2261} is not contracting.

We have $acac^{-1}a^{-2}cac^{-1}aca^{-2}c^{-1} = 1$, and a and c do not commute, hence the group is not free.

2262 $\cong G_{848} \cong C_2 \wr \mathbb{Z}$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, a)$, $b = \sigma(c, c)$, $c = (a, a)$.

The states a and c form a 2-state automaton (see Theorem 7). Moreover, $c = a^{-2}$ and a has infinite order.

Thus $a = \sigma(a^{-2}, a)$, $b = \sigma(a^{-2}, a^{-2})$ and $G_{2262} = \langle a, b \rangle$. Further, $b^{-1}a = (1, a^3)$ and $a^{-3} = \sigma(1, a^3)$, yielding $a^{-4}b = \sigma$. Therefore $G = \langle a, \sigma \rangle$. Since $\langle a, a^\sigma \rangle = \mathbb{Z}^2$, we obtain that $G_{2262} \cong C_2 \wr \mathbb{Z}^2 \cong G_{848}$.

2264 $\cong G_{730}$. Klein Group $C_2 \times C_2$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, b)$, $b = \sigma(c, c)$, $c = (a, a)$.

Direct calculation.

2265. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, b)$, $b = \sigma(c, c)$, $c = (a, a)$.

The element $(c^{-1}b)^4$ stabilizes the vertex 0000 and its section at this vertex is equal to $((c^{-1}b)^{-1})^{c^{-1}a}$. Hence, $c^{-1}b$ has infinite order. Since $[c, a]|_{10} = (c^{-1}b)^c$ and 10 is fixed under the action of $[c, a]$ we obtain that $[c, a]$ also has infinite order. Finally, $[c, a]$ stabilizes the vertex 00 and has itself as a section at this vertex. Therefore G_{2265} is not contracting.

We have $a^{-2}bab^{-2}ab = 1$, and a and b do not commute, hence the group is not free.

2271. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, a)$, $b = \sigma(a, a)$, $c = (b, a)$.

The element $(ac^{-1})^4$ stabilizes the vertex 001 and its section at this vertex is equal to ac^{-1} . Hence, ac^{-1} has infinite order.

The element $(a^{-1}b)^4$ stabilizes the vertex 000 and its section at this vertex is equal to $a^{-1}b$. Hence, $a^{-1}b$ has infinite order. Since $b^{-1}c^{-1}ac^{-1}a^2|_{001} = (a^{-1}b)^a$ and the vertex 001 is fixed under the action of $b^{-1}c^{-1}ac^{-1}a^2$ we obtain that $b^{-1}c^{-1}ac^{-1}a^2$ also has infinite order. Finally, $b^{-1}c^{-1}ac^{-1}a^2$ stabilizes the vertex 000 and has itself as a section at this vertex. Therefore G_{2271} is not contracting.

We have $a^{-2}bab^{-2}ab = 1$, and a and b do not commute, hence the group is not free.

2274. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, b)$, $b = \sigma(a, a)$, $c = (b, a)$.

The element $a^{-1}c = \sigma(1, c^{-1}a)$ is conjugate to the adding machine and has infinite order. Since $(b^{-1}a)|_0 = a^{-1}c$ and 0 is fixed under the action of $b^{-1}a$ we obtain that $b^{-1}a$ also has infinite order. Finally, $b^{-1}a$ stabilizes the vertex 11 and has itself as a section at this vertex. Therefore G_{2274} is not contracting.

We have $bc^{-2}b = (1, ab^{-2}a)$, $b^2c^{-2} = (a^2b^{-2}, 1)$, hence by Lemma 4 the group is not free.

2277 $\cong C_2 \ltimes (\mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z})$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, c)$, $b = \sigma(a, a)$, $c = (b, a)$.

All generators have order 2. Let $x = cb$, $y = ab$ and $H = \langle x, y \rangle$. We have $x = \sigma(1, y^{-1})$ and $y = (xy^{-1}, xy^{-1})$. The elements x and y commute and the matrix of the associated virtual endomorphism is given by

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1/2 & -1 \end{pmatrix}.$$

The eigenvalues $-\frac{1}{2} \pm \frac{1}{2}i$ are not algebraic integers, and therefore, according to [NS04], H is free abelian of rank 2.

The subgroup H is normal of index 2 in G_{2277} . Therefore $G_{2277} = \langle H, b \rangle = C_2 \ltimes (\mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z})$, where C_2 is generated by b , which acts on H is inversion of the generators.

2280. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, a)$, $b = \sigma(b, a)$, $c = (b, a)$.

We prove that a has infinite order by considering the forward orbit of 10^∞ under the action of a^2 . We have

$$\begin{aligned} a^2 &= (ac, ca), & ac &= \sigma(cb, a^2), & ca &= \sigma(ac, ba) \\ cb &= \sigma(ab, ba), & ba &= (ac, ba), & ab &= (ab, ca). \end{aligned}$$

The equalities

$$\begin{aligned} a^2(10^\infty) &= ab(10^\infty) = 1110^\infty, \\ ac(10^\infty) &= ca(10^\infty) = cb(10^\infty) = 0010^\infty, \text{ and} \\ ba(10^\infty) &= 10110^\infty \end{aligned}$$

show that all members of the forward orbit of 10^∞ under the action of a^2 have only finitely many 1's and that the position of the rightmost 1 cannot decrease under the action of a^2 . Since $a^2(10^\infty) = 1110^\infty$, the forward orbit of 10^∞ under the action of a^2 can never return to 10^∞ and a^2 has infinite order.

Since $a^2 = (ac, ca)$, the elements ca and $ab = (ab, ca)$ have infinite order, showing that G_{2280} is not contracting.

2283. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, b)$, $b = \sigma(b, a)$, $c = (b, a)$.

By Lemma 2 the element ac acts transitively on the levels of the tree and, hence, has infinite order. Since $ba = (ac, b^2)$ we obtain that ba also has infinite order. Finally, ba stabilizes the vertex 11 and has itself as a section at this vertex. Therefore G_{2283} is not contracting.

2284. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(a, c)$, $b = \sigma(b, a)$, $c = (b, a)$.

Define $u = b^{-1}a$, $v = a^{-1}c$ and $w = c^{-1}b$. Then $u = (u, v)$, $v = \sigma(w, 1)$ and $w = \sigma(u^{-1}, u)$. The group $\langle u, v, w \rangle$ is generated by the automaton symmetric to the one generating the subgroup $\langle x, y, z \rangle$ of G_{960} (see G_{960} for the definition). It is shown above that zxy has infinite order. Therefore wvu also has infinite order.

The element $(b^{-1}ac^{-1}a)^2$ stabilizes the vertex 00 and its section at this vertex is equal to $(b^{-1}ac^{-1}a)^{a^{-1}b}$. Hence, $b^{-1}ac^{-1}a$ has infinite order. Let $t = b^{-1}ab^{-2}a^2$. Since $t|_{110} = b^{-1}ac^{-1}a$ and the vertex 110 is fixed under the action of t we see that t also has infinite order. Finally, t stabilizes the vertex 11101000 and has itself as a section at this vertex. Therefore G_{2284} is not contracting.

2285. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, c)$, $b = \sigma(b, a)$, $c = (b, a)$.

The element $ac^{-1} = \sigma(1, ca^{-1})$ is conjugate to the adding machine and has infinite order.

By Lemma 2 the element $abcb$ acts transitively on the levels of the tree and, hence, has infinite order. Since $(ba)^2|_{000} = (ac, b^2)$ and the vertex 000 is fixed under the action of $(ba)^2$ we obtain that ba also has infinite order. Finally, ba stabilizes the vertex 01 and has itself as a section at this vertex. Therefore G_{2285} is not contracting.

2286. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, c)$, $b = \sigma(b, a)$, $c = (b, a)$.

The element $(c^{-1}a)^2$ stabilizes the vertex 00 and its section at this vertex is equal to $(c^{-1}a)^{a^{-1}b}$. Hence, $c^{-1}a$ has infinite order. Since $(c^{-2}a^2)|_{000} = (c^{-1}a)^{b^{-1}}$ and 000 is fixed under the action of $c^{-2}a^2$ we obtain that $c^{-2}a^2$ also has infinite order. Finally, $c^{-2}a^2$ stabilizes the vertex 11 and has itself as a section at this vertex. Therefore G_{2286} is not contracting.

2287. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(a, a)$, $b = \sigma(c, a)$, $c = (b, a)$.

The element $bc^{-1} = \sigma(cb^{-1}, 1)$ is conjugate to the adding machine and has infinite order.

Conjugating the generators by $g = (g, ag)$, we obtain the wreath recursion

$$a' = \sigma, \quad b' = \sigma(a'c', 1), \quad c' = (b', a'),$$

where $a' = a^g$, $b' = b^g$, and $c' = c^g$. Therefore

$$a' = \sigma, \quad b' = \sigma(a'c', 1), \quad a'c' = \sigma(b', a')$$

A direct computation shows that the iterated monodromy group of $\frac{z^2+2}{1-z^2}$ is generated by

$$\alpha = \sigma, \quad \beta = \sigma(\gamma^{-1}\beta^{-1}, \alpha), \quad \gamma = (\beta\gamma\beta^{-1}, \alpha),$$

where α , β , and γ are loops around the post-critical points 2, -1 and -2 , respectively (recall the definition of iterated monodromy group in Section 5). We see that

$$\alpha = \sigma, \quad \beta\gamma = \sigma(\beta^{-1}, 1), \quad \beta = \sigma(\gamma^{-1}\beta^{-1}, \alpha)$$

satisfy the same recursions as a , b and ac , only composed with taking inverses. If we take second iteration of the wreath recursions, we obtain isomorphic self-similar groups.

It follows that the group G_{2287} is isomorphic to $IMG\left(\frac{z^2+2}{1-z^2}\right)$ and the limit space is homeomorphic to the Julia set of this rational function.

2293. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(a, c)$, $b = \sigma(c, a)$, $c = (b, a)$.

The element $(b^{-1}c)^2$ stabilizes the vertex 0 and its section at this vertex is equal to $(b^{-1}c)^{-1}$. Hence, $b^{-1}c$ has infinite order. Since $(c^{-1}bc^{-1}a)^2|_{000} = b^{-1}c$ and 000 is fixed under the action of $(c^{-1}bc^{-1}a)^2$ we obtain that $c^{-1}bc^{-1}a$ also has infinite order. Finally, $c^{-1}bc^{-1}a$ stabilizes the vertex 11 and has itself as a section at this vertex. Therefore G_{2293} is not contracting.

We have $b^{-1}c^2a^{-1} = (1, c^{-1}b^2c^{-1})$, $c^2a^{-1}b^{-1} = (b^2c^{-2}, 1)$, hence by Lemma 4 the group is not free.

2294. Baumslag-Solitar group $BS(1, -3)$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, c)$, $b = \sigma(c, a)$, $c = (b, a)$.

The automaton satisfies the conditions of Lemma 1. Therefore cb has infinite order. Since $a^2 = (cb, bc)$, $c = (b, a)$ and $ba = (ab, c^2)$, the elements a , c and ba have infinite order. Finally, ba fixes the vertex 01 and has itself as a section at this vertex, showing that G_{2294} is not contracting.

Let $\mu = ca^{-1}$. We have $\mu = ca^{-1} = \sigma(ac^{-1}, 1) = \sigma(\mu^{-1}, 1)$, and therefore μ is conjugate of the adding machine and has infinite order. Further, we have $bc^{-1} = \sigma(cb^{-1}, 1) = \sigma((bc^{-1})^{-1}, 1)$, showing that $bc^{-1} = \mu = ca^{-1}$. Therefore $G_{2294} = \langle \mu, a \rangle$.

It can be shown that $a\mu a^{-1} = \mu^{-3}$ in G_{2294} (compare to G_{870} . Since both a and μ have infinite order $G_{2294} \cong BS(1, -3)$.

2295. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, c)$, $b = \sigma(c, a)$, $c = (b, a)$.

The element $cb^{-1} = \sigma(1, bc^{-1})$ is conjugate to the adding machine and has infinite order. Hence, its conjugate $a^{-1}cb^{-1}a$ also has infinite order. Since $c^{-1}ac^{-1}b = (c^{-1}ac^{-1}b, a^{-1}cb^{-1}a)$, the element $c^{-1}ac^{-1}b$ has infinite order and G_{2295} is not contracting.

We have $a^{-2}bab^{-2}ab = 1$, and a and b do not commute, hence the group is not free.

2307. Contains G_{933} . Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, a)$, $b = \sigma(b, b)$, $c = (b, a)$.

We have $ba = (bc, ba)$, and $bc = \sigma(1, ba)$. Therefore G_{933} is a subgroup of G_{2307} (the wreath recursion for ba and bc defines an automaton that is symmetric to the one defining the automaton [993]).

The element $(a^{-1}b)^2$ stabilizes the vertex 00 and its section at this vertex is equal to $a^{-1}b$. Hence, $a^{-1}b$ has infinite order. Furthermore, $a^{-1}b$ stabilizes the vertex 1 and has itself as a section at this vertex. Therefore G_{2307} is not contracting.

2313 $\cong G_{2277} \cong C_2 \ltimes (\mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z})$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, c)$, $b = \sigma(b, b)$, $c = (b, a)$.

Since all generators have order 2 the subgroup $H = \langle ba, bc \rangle$ is normal in G_{2313} . Furthermore, $ba = \sigma(bc, bc)$ and $bc = \sigma(1, ba)$. Hence, $H = G_{771} \cong \mathbb{Z}^2$.

Finally, $G_{2313} = \langle H, b \rangle = \langle b \rangle \ltimes H = C_2 \ltimes (\mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z})$, where b inverts the generators of H . This action coincides with the one for G_{2277} , which proves that these groups are isomorphic.

2320 $\cong G_{2294}$. Baumslag-Solitar group $BS(1, -3)$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(a, c)$, $b = \sigma(c, b)$, $c = (b, a)$.

It is proved in [BS06] that the automaton [2320] generates $BS(1, -3)$.

2322. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, c)$, $b = \sigma(c, b)$, $c = (b, a)$.

The element $(a^{-1}c)^2$ stabilizes the vertex 00 and its section at this vertex is equal to $(a^{-1}c)^{b^{-1}}$. Hence, $a^{-1}c$ has infinite order. Since $(c^{-2}a^2)^2|_{000} = a^{-1}c$ and 000 is fixed under the action of $c^{-2}a^2$ we obtain that $c^{-2}a^2$ also has infinite order. Finally, $c^{-2}a^2$ stabilizes the vertex 11 and has itself as a section at this vertex. Therefore G_{2322} is not contracting.

We have $a^{-2}bab^{-2}ab = 1$, and a and b do not commute, hence the group is not free.

2352 $\cong G_{740}$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, a)$, $b = \sigma(a, a)$, $c = (c, a)$.

We have $ac^{-1}b = (a, a)$. Therefore $G_{2352} = \langle a, ac^{-1}b, c \rangle = G_{740}$.

2355. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, b)$, $b = \sigma(a, a)$, $c = (c, a)$.

The element $(b^{-1}a)^2$ stabilizes the vertex 00 and its section at this vertex is equal to $(b^{-1}a)^{a^{-1}c}$. Hence, $b^{-1}a$ has infinite order. Furthermore, $b^{-1}a$ stabilizes the vertex 11 and has itself as a section at this vertex. Therefore G_{2355} is not contracting.

We have $a^{-1}cb^{-1}c = (b^{-1}c, 1)$, $cb^{-1}ca^{-1} = (1, cb^{-1})$, hence by Lemma 4 the group is not free.

2358 $\cong G_{820} \cong D_\infty$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, c)$, $b = \sigma(a, a)$, $c = (c, a)$.

The states a and c form a 2-state automaton generating D_∞ (see Theorem 7) and $b = aca$.

2361. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, a)$, $b = \sigma(b, a)$, $c = (c, a)$.

The element $bc^{-1} = \sigma(bc^{-1}, 1)$ is conjugate to the adding machine and has infinite order.

2364. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, b)$, $b = \sigma(b, a)$, $c = (c, a)$.

The element $cb^{-1} = \sigma(1, cb^{-1})$ is the adding machine and has infinite order. Therefore its conjugate $b^{-1}c$ also has infinite order. Since $(b^{-1}a)|_0 = b^{-1}c$ and 0 is fixed under the action of $b^{-1}a$ we obtain that $b^{-1}a$ also has infinite order. Finally, $b^{-1}a$ stabilizes the vertex 11 and has itself as a section at this vertex. Therefore G_{2364} is not contracting.

We have $c^{-1}ac^{-1}b = (1, a^{-1}bc^{-1}b)$, $bc^{-1}ac^{-1} = (ba^{-1}bc^{-1}, 1)$, hence by Lemma 4 the group is not free.

2365. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(a, c)$, $b = \sigma(b, a)$, $c = (c, a)$.

By Lemma 2 the element cb acts transitively on the levels of the tree and, hence, has infinite order.

2366. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, c)$, $b = \sigma(b, a)$, $c = (c, a)$.

By Lemma 2 the element a acts transitively on the levels of the tree and, hence, has infinite order. Since $c = (c, a)$ we obtain that c also has infinite order and G_{2366} is not contracting.

We have $a^{-2}bab^{-2}ab = 1$, and a and b do not commute, hence the group is not free.

2367. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, c)$, $b = \sigma(b, a)$, $c = (c, a)$.

The states a and c form a 2-state automaton generating D_∞ (see Theorem 7).

Also we have $bc = \sigma(bc, 1)$ and $ca = \sigma(ac, 1)$. Therefore the elements bc and ca generate the Brunner-Sidki-Vierra group (see [BSV99]).

2368 $\cong G_{739} \cong C_2 \ltimes (C_2 \wr \mathbb{Z})$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(a, a)$, $b = \sigma(c, a)$, $c = (c, a)$.

We have $bc^{-1}a = (a, a)$. Therefore $G_{2368} = \langle a, c, bc^{-1}a \rangle = G_{739}$.

2369. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, a)$, $b = \sigma(c, a)$, $c = (c, a)$.

By using the approach already used for G_{875} , we can show that the forward orbit of 10^∞ under the action of a is infinite, and therefore a has infinite order.

Since $a^2 = (ab, ba)$, the element ab also has infinite order. Furthermore, ab fixes 00 and has itself as a section at this vertex. Therefore G_{2369} is not contracting.

2371. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(a, b)$, $b = \sigma(c, a)$, $c = (c, a)$.

The element $(c^{-1}ab^{-1}a)^2$ stabilizes the vertex 01 and its section at this vertex is equal to $c^{-1}ab^{-1}a$, which is nontrivial. Hence, $c^{-1}ab^{-1}a$ has infinite order.

Let $t = b^{-1}c^{-1}a^2c^{-1}ba^{-1}ca^{-1}ca^{-2}cbc^{-1}ab^{-1}a$. Then t^2 stabilizes the vertex 00 and $t^2|_{00} = t^{a^{-1}ba^{-1}c}$. Hence, t has infinite order. Let $s = b^{-1}c^{-2}a^3$. Since $s^8|_{00100001} = t$ and s fixes the vertex 00100001 we see that s also has infinite order. Finally, s stabilizes the vertex 11 and has itself as a section at this vertex. Therefore G_{2371} is not contracting.

2372. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, b)$, $b = \sigma(c, a)$, $c = (c, a)$.

By Lemma 2 the elements b and ac act transitively on the levels of the tree and, hence, have infinite order. Since $(c^2)|_{100} = ac$ and the vertex 100 is fixed under the action of c^2 we obtain that c also has infinite order. Finally, c stabilizes the vertex 0 and has itself as a section at this vertex. Therefore G_{2372} is not contracting.

2374 $\cong G_{821}$. Lamplighter group $\mathbb{Z} \wr C_2$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(a, c)$, $b = \sigma(c, a)$, $c = (c, a)$.

The states a and c form a 2-state automaton that generates the Lamplighter group (see Theorem 7). Since $bc^{-1} = \sigma = c^{-1}a$, we have $b = a^c$ and $G = \langle a, c \rangle$.

2375. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, c)$, $b = \sigma(c, a)$, $c = (c, a)$.

The element $(a^{-1}c)^2$ stabilizes the vertex 01 and its section at this vertex is equal to $a^{-1}c$. Hence, $a^{-1}c$ and $c^{-1}a$ have infinite order. Since $c^{-1}b^{-1}ac^{-1}a^2|_{00} = c^{-1}a$ and the vertex 00 is fixed under the action of $c^{-1}b^{-1}ac^{-1}a^2$ we obtain that $c^{-1}b^{-1}ac^{-1}a^2$ also has infinite order. Finally, $c^{-1}b^{-1}ac^{-1}a^2$ stabilizes the vertex 11 and has itself as a section at this vertex. Therefore G_{2375} is not contracting.

2376 $\cong G_{739} \cong C_2 \ltimes (C_2 \wr \mathbb{Z})$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, c)$, $b = \sigma(c, a)$, $c = (c, a)$.

Since $\sigma = bc^{-1}$, we have $G_{2376} = \langle a, c, \sigma \rangle$. We already proved that $G_{972} = \langle a, c, \sigma \rangle$. Therefore $G_{2376} = G_{972} \cong G_{739}$.

2388 $\cong G_{821}$. Lamplighter group $\mathbb{Z} \wr C_2$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, a)$, $b = \sigma(b, b)$, $c = (c, a)$.

The states a and c form a 2-state automaton generating the Lamplighter group (see Theorem 7) and $b = \sigma = ac^{-1}$.

2391. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, b)$, $b = \sigma(b, b)$, $c = (c, a)$.

The element $(c^{-1}ba^{-1}b)^2$ stabilizes the vertex 00 and its section at this vertex is equal to $c^{-1}ba^{-1}b$. Hence, $c^{-1}ba^{-1}b$ has infinite order. Since $(bc^{-2}b)^2|_{000} = c^{-1}ba^{-1}b$ and 000 is fixed under the action of $bc^{-2}b$ we obtain that $bc^{-2}b$ also has infinite order. Finally, $bc^{-2}b$ stabilizes the vertex 1 and has itself as a section at this vertex. Therefore G_{2391} is not contracting.

2394 $\cong G_{820} \cong D_\infty$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, c)$, $b = \sigma(b, b)$, $c = (c, a)$.

All generators have order 2, hence $H = \langle ba, bc \rangle$ is normal in G_{2394} . Furthermore, $ba = (bc, bc)$, $bc = \sigma(bc, ba)$, and therefore $H = G_{731} \cong \mathbb{Z}$. Thus $G_{2394} = \langle b \rangle \ltimes H \cong C_2 \ltimes \mathbb{Z} \cong D_\infty$ since $(bc)^b = (bc)^{-1}$.

2395. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(a, a)$, $b = \sigma(c, b)$, $c = (c, a)$.

By Lemma 2 the element ca acts transitively on the levels of the tree.

The element $(c^{-1}a)^2$ stabilizes the vertex 0 and its section at this vertex is equal to $c^{-1}a$. Hence, $c^{-1}a$ has infinite order. Since $(b^{-1}a)|_0 = c^{-1}a$ and 0 is fixed under the action of $b^{-1}a$ we obtain that $b^{-1}a$ also has infinite order. Finally, $b^{-1}a$ stabilizes the vertex 1 and has itself as a section at this vertex. Therefore G_{2395} is not contracting.

Note that $ab = (ac, ab)$, $ac = \sigma(ac, 1)$ and $ba = (ba, ca)$, $ca = \sigma(1, ca)$, i.e., G_{2395} contains copies of G_{929} .

2396. Boltenkov group. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, a)$, $b = \sigma(c, b)$, $c = (c, a)$.

This group was studied by A. Boltenkov (under direction of R. Grigorchuk), who showed that the monoid generated by $\{a, b, c\}$ is free, and the group G_{2396} is torsion free.

Proposition 2. *The monoid generated by a , b , and c is free.*

Proof. By way of contradiction, assume that there are some relations and let $w = u$ be a relation for which $\max(|w|, |u|)$ minimal.

We first consider the case when neither w nor u is empty. Because of cancelation laws, the words w and u must end in different letters. We have $w = \sigma_w(w_0, w_1) = \sigma_u(u_0, u_1) = u$, where σ_w , and σ_u are permutations in $\{1, \sigma\}$. Clearly, $w_0 = u_0$ and $w_1 = u_1$ must also be relations.

Assume that w ends in b and u ends in c . Then w_0 and u_0 both end in c . Therefore, by minimality, $w_0 = u_0$ as words and $|u| = |w|$. Since $b \neq c$ in G_{2396} the length of w and u is at least 2. We can recover the second to last letter in w and u . Indeed, the second to last letter in u_0 can be only b or c (these are the possible sections at 0 of the three generators), while the second to last letter of w_0 can be only a or b (these are the possible sections at 1 of the three

generators). Therefore $w_0 = u_0 = \dots bc$, $w = \dots bb$, and $u = \dots ac$. Since $bb \neq ac$ in G_{2396} (look at the action at level 1), the length of w and u must be at least 3. Continuing in the same fashion we obtain that $w_0 = u_0 = b \dots bbc$, $w = \dots ababb$, and $u = \dots babac$. Since the lengths of w and u are equal, they have different action on level 1, which is a contradiction.

Assume that w ends in a and u ends in b or c . Then u_0 and w_0 end in b and c , respectively, and we may proceed as before.

It remains to show that, say, u cannot be empty word. If this is the case then $w_0 = 1 = w_1$, implying that $w_0 = w_1$ is also a minimal relation. But this is impossible since both w_0 and w_1 are nonempty. \square

For a group word w over $\{a, b, c\}$, define the exponent $\exp_a(w)$ of a in w as the sum of the exponents in all occurrences of a and a^{-1} in w . Define $\exp_b(w)$ and $\exp_c(w)$ in analogous way and let $\exp(w) = \exp_a(w) + \exp_b(w) + \exp_c(w)$.

Lemma 5. *If $w = 1$ in G_{2396} then $\exp(w) = 0$.*

Proof. By way of contradiction, assume otherwise and choose a freely reduced group word w over $\{a, b, c\}$ such that $w = 1$ in G_{2396} , $\exp(w) \neq 0$, and w has minimal length among such words. If $w = (w_0, w_1)$, w_0 and w_1 also represent 1 in G_{2396} and $\exp(w_0) = \exp(w_1) = \exp(w) \neq 0$. Since the exponents is nonzero, the words w_0 and w_1 are nonempty and, by minimality, their length must be equal to $|w|$. Note that $ac^{-1} = \sigma(bc^{-1}, 1)$ and $bc^{-1} = \sigma(1, ba^{-1})$. This implies that w cannot ac^{-1} , bc^{-1} , ca^{-1} , or cb^{-1} as a subword (otherwise the length of w_0 or w_1 would be shorter than the length of w). By the same reason, w_0 and w_1 cannot have the above 4 words as subwords, which implies that w does not have $ab^{-1} = (ab^{-1}, bc^{-1})$ or its inverse ba^{-1} as a subword. Therefore w has the form $w = W_1(a^{-1}, b^{-1}, c^{-1})W_2(a, b, c)$, and since $w = 1$ in G_{2396} , we obtain a relation between positive words over $\{a, b, c\}$, which contradicts Proposition 2. \square

Lemma 6. *If $w = 1$ in G_{2396} then $\exp_a(w)$, $\exp_b(w)$ and $\exp_c(w)$ are even.*

Proof. Indeed, $\exp_a(w) + \exp_b(w)$ must be even (since both a and b are active at the root). By Lemma 5, $\exp_c(w)$ must be even. If $w = (w_0, w_1)$, then $\exp_a(w_0) + \exp_b(w_0)$ and $\exp_a(w_1) + \exp_b(w_1)$ must be even. Since $\exp_a(w) + \exp_b(w) = \exp_a(w_0) + \exp_b(w_0) + \exp_a(w_1) + \exp_b(w_1)$, $\exp_a(w) + \exp_c(w) = \exp_a(w_0) + \exp_a(w_1)$ we obtain that $2\exp_a(w) + \exp_b(w) + \exp_c(w)$ is even, which then implies that $\exp_b(w)$ is even. Finally, since both $\exp_b(w)$ and $\exp_c(w)$ are even, $\exp_a(w)$ must be even as well (by Lemma 5). \square

Proposition 3. *The group G_{2396} is torsion free.*

Proof. By way of contradiction, assume otherwise. Let w be an element of order 2. We may assume that w does not belong to the stabilizer of the first level (otherwise we may pass to a section of w). Let $w = \sigma(w_0, w_1)$. Since $w^2 = (w_1 w_0, w_0 w_1) = 1$, we have the modulo 2 equalities $\exp_b(w_0 w_1) = \exp_b(w_0) + \exp_b(w_1) = \exp_a(w) + \exp_b(w)$. Since $\exp_b(w_0 w_1)$ is even, $\exp_a(w) + \exp_b(w)$ must be even, implying that w stabilizes level 1, a contradiction. \square

Since $b^{-1}a = (c^{-1}b, b^{-1}a)$, the group G_{2396} is not contracting (our considerations above show that $b^{-1}a$ is not trivial and therefore has infinite order).

We have $c^{-1}bc^{-1}a = (1, a^{-1}bc^{-1}b)$, $ac^{-1}bc^{-1} = (ba^{-1}bc^{-1}, 1)$, hence by Lemma 4 the group is not free.

2398. Dahmani group. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(a, b)$, $b = \sigma(c, b)$, $c = (c, a)$.

This group is self-replicating, not contracting, weakly regular branch group over its commutator subgroup. It was studied by Dahmani in [Dah05].

2399. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, b)$, $b = \sigma(c, b)$, $c = (c, a)$.

By Lemma 2 the elements ca and $c^4bc^2bc^2b^2cb^2cb^3acba^2$ act transitively on the levels of the tree and, hence, have infinite order. Since $(cba)^8|_{000010001} = c^4bc^2bc^2b^2cb^2cb^3acba^2$ and vertex 000010001 is fixed under the action of $(cba)^8$ we obtain that cba also has infinite order. Finally, cba stabilizes the vertex 01001 and has itself as a section at this vertex. Therefore G_{2399} is not contracting.

We have $a^{-2}bab^{-2}ab = 1$, and a and b do not commute, hence the group is not free.

2401. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(a, c)$, $b = \sigma(c, b)$ and $c = (c, a)$.

The states a and c form a 2-state automaton generating the Lamplighter group (see Theorem 7). Hence, G_{2401} is neither torsion, nor contracting and has exponential growth.

2402. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, c)$, $b = \sigma(c, b)$, $c = (c, a)$.

The element $(bc^{-1})^2$ stabilizes the vertex 00 and its section at this vertex is equal to bc^{-1} . Hence, bc^{-1} has infinite order.

We have $c^{-2}ba = (1, a^{-2}b^2)$, $ac^{-2}b = (ba^{-2}b, 1)$, hence by Lemma 4 the group is not free.

2403 $\cong G_{2287}$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, c)$, $b = \sigma(c, b)$, $c = (c, a)$.

The states a and c form a 2-state automaton generating D_∞ (see Theorem 7).

Also we have $bc = \sigma(1, ba)$ and $ba = (bc, 1)$. Therefore the elements bc and ba generate the Basilica group G_{852} .

By conjugating by $g = (cg, g)$, we obtain

$$a' = \sigma, \quad b' = \sigma(1, c'b'), \quad c' = (c', a'),$$

where $a' = a^g$, $b' = b^g$, and $c' = c^g$. Therefore

$$a' = \sigma, \quad b' = \sigma(1, c'b'), \quad c'b' = \sigma(a', b'),$$

and G_{2402} is isomorphic to G_{2287} , i.e., to $IMG(\frac{z^2+2}{1-z^2})$.

2422 $\cong G_{820} \cong D_\infty$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(a, a)$, $b = \sigma(c, c)$, $c = (c, a)$.

The states a and c form a 2-state automaton generating D_∞ (see Theorem 7) and $b = aca$.

2423. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, a)$, $b = \sigma(c, c)$, $c = (c, a)$.

Contains elements of infinite order by Lemma 1. In particular, ac has infinite order. Since $c^2|_{100} = ac$ and the vertex 100 is fixed under the action of c^2 we obtain that c also has infinite order. Since $c = (c, a)$ the group is not contracting.

We have $c^{-1}bc^{-1}a = (1, a^{-1}b)$, $ac^{-1}bc^{-1} = (ba^{-1}, 1)$, hence by Lemma 4 the group is not free.

2424 $\cong G_{966}$. Wreath recursion $a = \sigma(c, a)$, $b = \sigma(c, c)$, $c = (c, a)$.

We have $ac^{-1}b = (c, c)$. Therefore $G_{2424} = \langle a, ac^{-1}b, c \rangle = G_{966}$.

2426 $\cong G_{2277} \cong C_2 \ltimes (\mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z})$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, b)$, $b = \sigma(c, c)$, $c = (c, a)$.

Since all generators have order 2 the subgroup $H = \langle ab, cb \rangle$ is normal in G_{2426} . Furthermore, $ab = (bc, bc)$, $cb = \sigma(ac, 1) = \sigma(ab(cb)^{-1}, 1)$, so H is self-similar. Since $acb = bca$ in G_{2426} we obtain $ab \cdot cb = abcaab = aacbcb = cb \cdot ab$, hence, H is an abelian self-similar 2-generated group.

Consider the $\frac{1}{2}$ -endomorphism $\phi : \text{Stab}_H(1) \rightarrow H$, given by $\phi(g) = h$, provided $g = (h, *)$ and consider the linear map $A : \mathbb{C}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{C}^2$ induced by ϕ . It has the following matrix representation with respect to the basis corresponding to the generating set $\{ab, cb\}$:

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \frac{1}{2} \\ -1 & -\frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}.$$

Its eigenvalues are not algebraic integers and, therefore, by [NS04], H is a free abelian group of rank 2.

Finally, $G_{2426} = \langle H, b \rangle = \langle b \rangle \ltimes H = C_2 \ltimes (\mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z})$, where b inverts the generators of H . This action coincides with the one for G_{2277} , which proves that these groups are isomorphic.

2427. The element $(bc^{-1})^4$ stabilizes the vertex 000 and its section at this vertex is equal to bc^{-1} . Hence, bc^{-1} has infinite order.

We have $a^{-2}bab^{-2}ab = 1$, and a and b do not commute, hence the group is not free.

2838 $\cong G_{848} \cong C_2 \wr \mathbb{Z}$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, a)$, $b = \sigma(a, a)$, $c = (c, c)$.

Since c is trivial, we have $G = \langle a, ba^{-1} \rangle$, where $a = \sigma(1, a)$ is the adding machine and $ba^{-1} = (1, a)$. Therefore $G_{2838} = G_{848}$.

2841. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, b)$, $b = \sigma(a, a)$, $c = (c, c)$.

The element c is trivial. Since $a^2 = (b, b)$, $b^2 = (a^2, a^2)$ and a^2 is nontrivial, the elements a and b have infinite order. Also we have $ba = (a, ab)$ and $ab = (ba, a)$, hence ba has infinite order and G_{2841} is not contracting.

We claim that the monoid generated by a and b is free. Hence, G_{2841} has exponential growth.

Proof. We can first prove (analogous to G_{2851}) that $w \neq 1$ for any nonempty word $w \in \{a, b\}^*$.

By way of contradiction, let w and v be two nonempty words in $\{a, b\}^*$ with minimal $|w| + |v|$ such that $w = v$ in G_{2841} . Assume that w ends with a and v ends with b . Consider the following cases.

1. If $w = a$ then $v|_0 = 1$ in G_{2841} and $v|_0$ is nontrivial word.
2. If w ends with a^2 then $w|_1 = v|_1$ in G_{2841} , $|w|_1| + |v|_1| < |w| + |v|$ and $w|_1$ ends with b , $v|_1$ with a .
3. If w ends with ba and v ends with ab , then $w|_1 = v|_1$ in G_{2841} , $|w|_1| + |v|_1| < |w| + |v|$ (because $|v|_1| < |v|$) and $w|_1$ ends with b , $v|_1$ with a .

4. If w ends with ba and v ends with b , then $w|_1 = v|_1$ in G_{2841} , $|w|_1| + |v|_1| \leq |w| + |v|$ and $w|_1$ ends with ab , $|v|_1$ with a . Therefore, words $v|_1$ and $w|_1$ satisfy one of the first three cases.

In all cases we obtain either a shorter relation, which contradicts to our assumption, or a relation of the form $v = 1$, which is also impossible. \square

There are non-trivial group relations, e.g. $a^{-1}b^{-1}a^{-2}ba^{-1}b^{-1}aba^2b^{-1}ab = 1$, while a and b do not commute, hence the group is not free.

2284 $\cong G_{730}$. Klein Group $C_2 \times C_2$.

Direct calculation.

2847 $\cong G_{929}$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, a)$, $b = \sigma(b, a)$, $c = (c, c)$.

Since c is trivial, the generator $a = \sigma(1, a)$ is the adding machine and $b = \sigma(b, a)$. We have $ab = (ab, a)$. Therefore $G_{2847} = \langle a, ab \rangle = G_{929}$.

2850. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, b)$, $b = \sigma(b, a)$, $c = (c, c)$.

Since c is trivial, we have $a^2 = (b, b)$, $b^2 = (ab, ba)$, $ab = (b^2, a)$ and $ba = (a, b^2)$. Therefore the elements a , b , ab and ba have infinite order. Since ba fixes the vertex 11 and has itself as a section at that vertex, G_{2850} is not contracting.

The group is regular weakly branch over G'_{2850} , since it is self-replicating and $[b, a^2] = (1, [a, b])$.

Semigroup $\langle a, b \rangle$ is free. Hence, G_{2850} has exponential growth.

Proof. We can first prove (analogous G_{2851}) that $w \neq 1$ for any nonempty word $w \in \{a, b\}^*$.

By way of contradiction, let w and v be two nonempty words in $\{a, b\}^*$ with minimal $|w| + |v|$ such that $w = v$ in G_{2850} . Assume that w ends with a and v ends with b . Consider the following cases.

1. If $w = a$ then $v|_0 = 1$ in G and $v|_0$ is nontrivial word.
2. If w ends with a^2 then $w|_1 = v|_1$ in G , $|w|_1| + |v|_1| < |w| + |v|$ and $w|_1$ ends with b , $v|_1$ with a .
3. If w ends with ba then $w|_0 = v|_0$ in G , $|w|_0| + |v|_0| < |w| + |v|$ and $w|_0$ ends with a , $v|_0$ with b .

In all cases we obtain either a shorter relation, which contradicts to our assumption, or a relation of the form $v = 1$, which is also impossible. \square

Since $a^{-4}bab^{-1}a^2b^{-1}ab = 1$ and a and b do not commute, the group is not free.

2851 $\cong G_{929}$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(a, c)$, $b = \sigma(b, a)$, $c = (c, c)$.

The automorphism c is trivial. Therefore $a = \sigma(a, 1)$ is the inverse of the adding machine. Since $ba^{-1} = (a, ba^{-1})$, the order of ba^{-1} is infinite and G_{2851} is not contracting.

Since G_{2851} is self-replicating and $[a^2, b] = ([a, b], 1)$, the group is a regular weakly branch group over its commutator.

The monoid $\langle a, b \rangle$ is free.

Proof. By way of contradiction, assume that w be a nonempty word over $\{a, b\}$ such that $w = 1$ in G_{2851} and w has the smallest length among all such words. The word w must contain both a and b (since they have infinite order). Therefore, one of the projections of w is shorter than w , nonempty, and represents the identity in G_{2851} , a contradiction.

Assume now that w and v are two nonempty words over $\{a, b\}$ such that $w = v$ in G_{2851} and they are chosen so that the sum $|w| + |v|$ is minimal. Assume that w ends in a and v ends in b . Then

- if w ends in a^2 , then w_0 is a nonempty word that is shorter than w ending in a , while v_0 is a nonempty word of length no greater than $|v|$ ending in b . Since $w_0 = v_0$ in G_{2851} , this contradicts the minimality assumption.
- if w ends in ba , then w_1 is a word that is shorter than w ending in b , while v_1 is a nonempty word of length no greater than $|v|$ ending in a . Since $w_1 = v_1$ in G_{2851} , this contradicts the minimality assumption.
- if $w = a$ then $v_1 = 1$ in G and v_1 is a nonempty word. Thus we obtain a relation $v_1 = 1$ in G_{2851} , a contradiction.

□

This shows that G has exponential growth, while the orbital Schreier graph $\Gamma(G, 000\dots)$ has intermediate growth (see [BH05, BCSN]).

The groups G_{2851} and G_{929} coincide as subgroups of $\text{Aut}(X^*)$. Indeed, $a^{-1} = \sigma(1, a^{-1})$ is the adding machine and $b^{-1}a = (b^{-1}a, a^{-1})$, showing that $G_{929} = \langle a^{-1}, b^{-1}a \rangle = G_{2851}$.

2852 $\cong G_{849}$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, c)$, $b = \sigma(b, a)$, $c = (c, c)$.

The automorphism c is trivial. Therefore $a = \sigma(b, 1)$, $a^2 = (b, b)$ and $ab = (b, ba)$, which implies that G_{2852} is self-replicating and level transitive.

The group G_{2852} is a regular weakly branch group over its commutator. This follows from $[a^{-1}, b] \cdot [b, a] = ([a, b], 1)$, together with the self-replicating property and the level transitivity. Moreover, the commutator is not trivial, since G_{2852} is not abelian (note that $[b, a] = (b^{-1}ab, a^{-1}) \neq 1$).

We have $b^2 = (ab, ba)$, $ba = (ab, b)$, and $ab = (b, ba)$. Therefore b^2 fixes the vertex 00 and has b as a section at this vertex. Therefore b has infinite order (since it is nontrivial), and so do ab and a (since $a^2 = (b, b)$). Since ab fixes the vertex 10 and has itself as a section at that vertex, G_{2852} is not contracting.

The monoid generated by a and b is free (and therefore the group has exponential growth).

Proof. By way of contradiction assume that w is a word of minimal length over all nonempty words over $\{a, b\}$ such that $w = 1$ in G_{2851} . Then w must have occurrences of both a and b (since both have infinite order). This implies that one of the sections of w is shorter than w (since $a|_1$ is trivial), nonempty (since both $b|_0$ and $b|_1$ are nontrivial), and represents the identity in G_{2851} , a contradiction.

Assume now that there are two nonempty words $w, v \in \{a, b\}^*$ such that $w = u$ in G_{2852} and choose such words with minimal sum $|w| + |v|$. Let $w = \sigma_w(w_0, w_1)$ and $u = \sigma_u(u_0, u_1)$, where $\sigma_w, \sigma_u \in \{1, \sigma\}$. Assume that w ends in a and v ends in b (they must end in different letters because of the cancelation property and the minimality of the choice). Then $w_1 = v_1$ in G_{2851} , the word v_1 is nonempty, $|v_1| \leq |v|$, and $|w_1| < |w|$. Thus we either obtain a contradiction with the minimality of the choice of w and v or we obtain a relation of the type $v_1 = 1$, also a contradiction. \square

See G_{849} for an isomorphism between G_{2852} and G_{849} .

If we conjugate the generators of G_{2852} by the automorphism $\mu = \sigma(b\mu, \mu)$, we obtain the wrath recursion

$$x = \sigma(y, 1), \quad y = \sigma(xy, 1),$$

where $x = a^\mu$ and $y = b^\mu$. Further,

$$y = \sigma(xy, 1), \quad xy = (xy, y),$$

and the last recursion defines the automaton 933. Therefore $G_{2852} \cong G_{933}$.

2853 $\cong \text{IMG}\left(\left(\frac{z-1}{z+1}\right)^2\right)$. Wreath recursion $a = \sigma(c, c)$, $b = \sigma(b, a)$ and $c = (c, c)$.

The automorphism c is trivial and $a = \sigma$.

It is shown in [BN06] that $\text{IMG}\left(\left(\frac{z-1}{z+1}\right)^2\right)$ is generated by $\alpha = \sigma(1, \beta)$ and $\beta = (\alpha^{-1}\beta^{-1}, \alpha)$.

We have then $\beta\alpha = \sigma(\alpha, \alpha^{-1})$. If we conjugate by $\gamma = (\gamma, \alpha\gamma)$, we obtain the wreath recursion

$$A = \sigma, \quad B = \sigma(B^{-1}, A)$$

where $A = (\beta\alpha)^\gamma$ and $B = \alpha^\gamma$. The group $\langle A, B \rangle$ is conjugate to G_{2853} by the element $\delta = (\delta_1, \delta_1)$, where $\delta_1 = \sigma(\delta, \delta)$ (this is the automorphism of the tree changing the letters on even positions).

Therefore $G_{2852} \cong \text{IMG}\left(\left(\frac{z-1}{z+1}\right)^2\right)$ and the limit space of G_{2852} is the Julia set of the rational map $z \mapsto \left(\frac{z-1}{z+1}\right)^2$.

Note that G_{2853} is contained in G_{775} as a subgroup of index 2. Therefore it is virtually torsion free (it contains the torsion free subgroup H mentioned in the discussion of G_{775} as a subgroup of index 2) and is a weakly branch group over H'' .

The diameters of the Schreier graphs on the levels grow as $\sqrt{2}^n$ and have polynomial growth of degree 2 (see [BN, Bon07]).

2854 $\cong G_{847} \cong D_4$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(a, a)$, $b = \sigma(c, a)$, $c = (c, c)$.

Direct calculation.

2860 $\cong G_{2212}$. Klein bottle group $\langle s, t \mid s^2 = t^2 \rangle$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(a, c)$, $b = \sigma(c, a)$, $c = (c, c)$.

Note that c is trivial and therefore $a = \sigma(a, 1)$ and $b = \sigma(1, a)$. The element a has infinite order since a is inverse of the adding machine.

Let us prove that $G_{2860} \cong H = \langle s, t \mid s^2 = t^2 \rangle$. Indeed, the relation $a^2 = b^2$ is satisfied, so G_{2860} is a homomorphic image of H with respect to the homomorphism induced by $s \mapsto a$ and $t \mapsto b$. Each element of H can be written in the form $t^r(st)^l s^n$, $n \in \mathbb{Z}, l \geq 0, r \in \{0, 1\}$. It suffices to prove that images of these words (except for the identity word, of course) represent nonidentity elements in G_{2860} .

We have $a^{2n} = (a^n, a^n)$, $a^{2n+1} = \sigma(a^{n+1}, a^n)$, $(ab)^l = (1, a^{2l})$. We only need to check words of even length (those of odd length act nontrivially on level 1). We have $(ab)^\ell a^{2n} = (a^n, a^{n+2\ell}) \neq 1$ in G if $n \neq 0$ or $\ell \neq 0$, since a has infinite order. On the other hand, $b(ab)^l a^{2n+1} = (a^{n+1+2l+1}, a^n) = 1$ if and only if $n = 0$ and $l = -1$, which is not the case, because l must be nonnegative. This finishes the proof.

2861 $\cong G_{731} \cong \mathbb{Z}$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(b, c)$, $b = \sigma(c, a)$, $c = (c, c)$.

Since c is trivial, $ba = (ab, 1)$, $ab = (1, ba)$, which yields $a = b^{-1}$. Also $a^{2n} = (b^n, b^n)$, $b^{2n} = (a^n, a^n)$ and $a^{2n+1} \neq 1$, $b^{2n+1} \neq 1$. Thus a has infinite order and $G_{2861} \cong \mathbb{Z}$.

2862 $\cong G_{847} \cong D_4$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, c)$, $b = \sigma(c, a)$, $c = (c, c)$.

Direct calculation.

2874 $\cong G_{820} \cong D_\infty$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(a, c)$, $b = \sigma(b, b)$, $c = (c, c)$.

Since c is trivial, $G_{2874} = \langle b, ba \rangle$. Since $ba = (ba, b)$, the elements b and ba form a 2-state automaton generating D_∞ (see Theorem 7).

2880 $\cong G_{730}$. Klein Group $C_2 \times C_2$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, c)$, $b = \sigma(b, b)$, $c = (c, c)$.

Direct calculation.

2887 $\cong G_{731} \cong \mathbb{Z}$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(a, c)$, $b = \sigma(c, b)$, $c = (c, c)$.

Note that c is trivial, b is the adding machine and $a = b^{-1}$.

2889 $\cong G_{848} \cong C_2 \wr \mathbb{Z}$. Wreath recursion: $a = \sigma(c, c)$, $b = \sigma(c, b)$, $c = (c, c)$.

Note that c is trivial. Since b is the adding machine and $ab = (1, b)$, we have $G_{2889} = \langle b, ab \rangle = G_{848}$.

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